

Corporate Governance Report

Last Update: June 26, 2026

NANKAI Co., Ltd.

Okajima Nobuyuki

President and Representative Director

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Securities Code: 9044

<https://www.nankai.co.jp/>

The corporate governance of Nankai Electric Railway Co., Ltd. (the “Company”) is described below.

I. Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information

1. Basic Views

We recognize that the strengthening of corporate governance functions is an important management issue. For this reason, we strive to implement strict adherence to laws and regulations first of all, while seeking to practice very transparent management and fair and rational decision-making, as well as strengthen the supervisory functions that oversee these processes. At our company, we respect all of the principles in “Japan’s Corporate Governance Code,” which was established by the Tokyo Stock Exchange. We will continuously make efforts to examine and enhance our corporate governance functions with the aim of achieving sustainable growth and the enhancement of corporate value over the medium and long term.

[Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] **Updated**

[Principle 1-3]

We have been making efforts to ensure financial soundness while promoting investment that contributes to the improvement of profitability in the future, aiming at significant growth in corporate value. With respect to returning gains to shareholders, the Company’s basic policy is to maintain stable dividends while aiming to gradually increase the consolidated dividend payout ratio to approximately 30% in FY2027 and acquire treasury shares flexibly based on the circumstances. The Company has disclosed quantitative targets (consolidated operating income, the ratio of consolidated net interest-bearing debt to EBITDA) in NANKAI Group Medium-term Management Plan 2025-2027.

[Principle 1-4]

If the Company determines that a business relationship with any party contributes to the improvement of the Group’s corporate value in the medium to long term, the Company holds strategic shareholdings with a view to maintaining and strengthening such business relation.

Shares currently held as strategic shareholdings are reviewed every year at the Board of Directors’ meeting where they are examined quantitatively using the Company’s cost of capital as the standard. If the rationality of strategic shareholding is deemed to be weak for certain stocks, the Company shall reduce the number of shares held as swiftly as possible.

With respect to the exercise of voting rights, in cases such as the following where there will be a significant impact on the issuing company's corporate value or on its transactions with the Company, the Company shall determine whether it is for or against proposals based on dialogues, etc. with the issuing company as necessary.

- When a significant worsening of business performance has persisted for a period of time
- When there is a major scandal
- When a proposal is submitted regarding a capital policy that brings about a change in the Company's control or large-scale dilution
- When a proposal that will have a significant impact on the issuing company's transactions with the Company is submitted

[Principle 1-7]

With regard to conflict-of-interest transactions by Directors, the Company requires an approval of the Board of Directors in compliance with the laws and regulations. The outline of the results shall be reported promptly at the Board of Directors' meeting following the execution of such transaction. However, the outline of the results concerning conflict-of-interest transactions on a recurring basis shall be reported on a quarterly basis. In addition, with regard to transactions with major shareholders (those holding voting rights equivalent to 10% or more of the total voting rights), the Company takes the same measures as those required for conflict-of-interest transactions by Directors at the Board of Directors' meeting. The Board of Directors shall deliberate on the relevant matters impartially with a view to ensuring the common interests of the Company and its shareholders.

[Supplementary Principle 2-4-1]

The Group regards human resources as "capital" and is engaging in human capital management under the recognition that the source of corporate value creation is "human resources." We have, therefore, established the "NANKAI Group Human Resources Strategy" based on the idea that "the happiness, fulfillment, and growth of people working for the Group" is essential for engaging in human capital management.

For more details, please refer to the Company's Securities Report.

109th Securities Report: <https://www.nankai.co.jp/lib/company/ir/library/securities/pdf/109th.pdf>
(Japanese only)

With respect to ensuring diversity, we believe that it is essential to respect and proactively utilize the characters, skills, and values of various human resources within our organization. Accordingly, we will secure and promote active participation of diverse human resources from various perspectives by, for example, hiring more women, mid-career recruits, and foreign nationals.

We have also set specific and measurable targets, as follows, based on our human resources strategy, while taking into consideration the business characteristics of the Group.

- To improve percentage of women in managerial positions to around 10% by FY2030 [consolidated]
- To raise the percentage of women to the total number of recruits [consolidated] to around 30% by FY2030
- To raise the percentage of women to the total number of new graduate hires [non-consolidated] on the Management Course* to around 50% for recruits in administration positions and 10% for recruits in engineering positions by FY2030

*Career fast-track course that aims to allow hires to play a more active role as a manager or as management personnel.

- To maintain the standard as of FY2021 (7.4%) or more for the percentage of mid-career recruits in managerial positions [non-consolidated]

Regarding foreigners in managerial positions, we will consider promoting foreign workers depending on their training situation and business plans.

As for the progress of our initiatives for securing and promoting active participation of diverse human resources, the Company promotes diversification of recruitment methods and securing human resources with a variety of values, experiences, and abilities, to secure diverse human resources as a measure based on the Policy for Securing and Developing Human Resources.

The Company will also secure both human resources with managerial perspectives and skills (management personnel) and human resources with a high level of expertise who are familiar with their respective businesses (expert human resources) and will create an environment in which they can proactively work on

skills development based on their career plans, thus developing human resources with diverse abilities and ways of thinking.

Furthermore, as a measure based on our Policy for Developing an Internal Environment, we place emphasis on DE&I and have been working on creating an environment where human resources from diverse backgrounds and life stages can fully demonstrate their capabilities. We will introduce various working systems and other measures to further improve our work environment and corporate culture, enabling our employees to work in flexible manners without being tied to place or time and creating an environment in which a diverse range of human resources can thrive.

[Principle 2-6]

For the management of the Company's corporate pension fund, an Asset Management Committee has been established. The said Committee receives reports on the management of the pension fund, and conducts monitoring efforts as appropriate. The said Committee is comprised of members with knowledge on the Stewardship Code and the management of funds, such as Chief Manager of Accounting & Finance Department and Chief Manager of Personnel Department.

[Principle 3-1]

(1) The NANKAI Group discloses its social mission and management policies, NANKAI Group's Corporate Image in 2050, Nankai Group Management Vision 2027 and NANKAI Group Medium-term Management Plan 2025-2027 on the Company's website, etc.

- Corporate philosophy
Group management policies
<https://www.nankai.co.jp/en/company/company.html>
- NANKAI Group Corporate Image in 2050
<https://www.nankai.co.jp/en/ir/management/corporate-image>
- Nankai Group Management Vision 2027
<https://www.nankai.co.jp/en/ir/management/vision2027>
- NANKAI Group Medium-term Management Plan 2025-2027
https://www.nankai.co.jp/en/ir/management/medium-term_management_plan

(2) Basic views on corporate governance and basic policies are as provided above in "1. Basic Views."

(3) Policies and procedures for the Board of Directors of the Company to determine the compensation for Directors are as provided below in "Disclosure of Policy on Determining Remuneration Amounts and Calculation Methods" shown in [Director Remuneration] included in "1. Organizational Composition and Operation" listed in "II Business Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems regarding Decision-making, Execution of Business, and Oversight in Management."

(4) The Company selects persons in managerial positions who are well versed in the Group's business operations as candidates for Director (excluding Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members) from within the Company, in light of the Company's role in leading the operations of the Group as a whole, which conducts businesses of significant public importance. In addition, as candidates for Outside Director (excluding Director serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Member), the Company selects persons who have knowledge and experience as business managers, and can be responsible for management supervisory function from their independent standpoints without any mutual relationship which may impose significant control over the management of the Company.

With respect to candidates for Director serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Member, the Company selects persons well versed in the Group's operations as candidates for full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Members from within the Company. The Company also select persons as candidates for Outside Director who has knowledge related to legal affairs, finance and accounting, and can be responsible for the function to ensure the effectiveness of audits from their independent standpoints without any mutual relationship which may impose significant control over the management of the Company.

The matters related to the determination of candidates for Directors, the selection of Representative Directors and the appointment of Corporate Officers are subject to deliberation by the Nomination Committee, prior to the determination at the Board of Directors' meeting.

For a Director or Corporate Officer for which any of the following applies, after deliberation via Nomination Committee, the Board of Directors shall determine if the said Director or Corporate Officer shall be dismissed from his or her position or responsibilities, and if necessary, submit a proposal to the general meeting of shareholders regarding the Director's dismissal.

- When there is a violation of obligations in duties, or negligence of duties
- When there is misconduct not befitting of a Director or Corporate Officer
- When there is a mental or physical disability that prevents the execution of duties, or makes the execution intolerable

(5) In the event of personnel changes in Representative Director(s), the explanation regarding the nomination of new Representative Director(s) is provided in a timely disclosure material at the time of selection. As for candidate(s) for Director(s) and Auditor(s), the explanation regarding the nomination of the respective candidate(s) is provided in the Reference Documents for the General Meeting of Shareholders.

On the other hand, when the Board of Directors decides to dismiss a Director or Corporate Officer from his or her position or responsibilities, or submits a proposal to the general meeting of shareholders regarding a Director's dismissal, the explanation regarding the dismissal is provided in a timely disclosure material at the time the dismissal is determined.

[Supplementary Principle 3-1-3]

< Company Sustainability Initiatives, Including our Response to Climate Change >

In order to convey the Group's approach aimed at balancing the sustainable improvement of corporate value with the realization of a sustainable society even more clearly to internal and external stakeholders, the NANKAI Group has established the "NANKAI Group Sustainability Policy" and, under this policy, established 7 Sustainable Key Themes (Material Issues)* incorporating the perspective of the SDGs, as priority long-term measures.

Recognizing response to climate change as a key issue in these themes as well, in September 2021, the Company announced its support for the recommendations of the TCFD (Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures), and since then we have expanded information disclosure based on these recommendations.

Information disclosure based on TCFD recommendations:

<https://www.nankai.co.jp/en/sustainability/materiality/06environment/tcfd>

< Investment in Human Capital and Intellectual Property >

In order to enhance our ability to realize business strategies, we will strengthen human resources and organizations in alignment with the Nankai Group Human Resources Strategy, which is founded on the policy of "investing in people" as stated in NANKAI Group Medium-term Management Plan 2025-2027, which sets forth the proactive implementation of investing in people. At the same time, we will create an environment in which each and every employee can feel happiness, fulfillment, and growth, and promote the practice of innovation in the Nankai style (to recognize and achieve what society and our customers really want) in all our businesses. Based on these basic concepts of the Nankai Group Human Resources Strategy, we have defined the following three major initiatives: (i) Talent acquisition and development for the entire Group; (ii) Implementing work style reform and creating an organizational culture; and (iii) Redesigning the personnel system to align with the spin-off.

With respect to the above initiatives, the Company plans to invest up to 7.2 billion yen for environmental improvements. In addition, with a view to enhancing the effectiveness of investments in human capital, the Company has established KPIs related to employee engagement, its policy on human resource acquisition and development, and its policy on improving the internal work environment to visualize the results of its "investing in people", and discloses these KPIs in its Securities Report.

For more details, please refer to the Company's Securities Report.

109th Securities Report: <https://www.nankai.co.jp/lib/company/ir/library/securities/pdf/109th.pdf>

(Japanese only)

The Board of Directors regularly monitors and evaluates these KPIs and enhances the effectiveness of investments in human capital and strengthens their alignment with the Company's management strategy by reviewing related initiatives as necessary. Going forward, the Company will continue to enhance its disclosure regarding its human capital initiatives and their effectiveness by providing easy-to-understand information in light of their relationship with the Company's management strategy.

[Supplementary Principle 4-1-1]

The Board of Directors resolves on basic management policies, medium- and long-term business plans, and fiscal year plans, etc., as well as matters stipulated by laws, regulations and the Company's Articles of Incorporation, based on the Board of Directors Regulations. Meanwhile, in order to establish an agile system of business execution, the Board of Directors aims to delegate to Representative Director(s) decisions on all matters for which the delegation of decisions on business execution is permitted under the Companies Act, and transition to a Monitoring Board through the clear division of business execution and supervisory functions.

[Principle 4-9]

The standards for determining the independence of Outside Directors are as provided below in "Matters relating to Independent Directors" shown in [Independent Directors] included in "1. Organizational Composition and Operation" listed in "II Business Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems regarding Decision-making, Execution of Business, and Oversight in Management."

[Supplementary Principle 4-10-1]

The Company has established a Nomination Committee to deliberate matters concerning the nomination of Directors and Corporate Officers, as well as a Compensation Committee to deliberate matters concerning the compensation for Directors (excluding Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members) and Corporate Officers with Special Titles. In addition to selecting Independent Outside Directors for each Chairperson, we will ensure their independence by having Independent Outside Directors be the majority of the members in each committee.

Moreover, information on the specific authorities and roles of each committee is as provided in "Supplementary Explanation" shown in [Voluntary Establishment of Nomination/Remuneration Committee] included in "1. Organizational Composition and Operation" listed in "II Business Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems regarding Decision-making, Execution of Business, and Oversight in Management."

[Supplementary Principle 4-11-1]

Regarding the Board of Directors, in light of the Company's role in leading the operations of the Group as a whole, which conducts businesses of significant public importance, the Company believes that it is necessary for us to appoint an appropriate number of Directors from within the Company who are well versed in the Group's operations. In addition, the Company shall appoint several Outside Directors so that they account for the majority of the Company's Board of Directors in order to ensure the objectivity and transparency of managerial decision-making processes.

The Company selects persons in managerial positions who are well versed in a diverse range of business operations including the railway business as candidates for Directors from within the Company. The Company also selects the candidates for Outside Directors in accordance with "Independence Standards for Outside Officers" provided in [Principle 4-9].

The matters related to the determination of candidates for Directors, the selection of Representative Directors and the appointment of Corporate Officers are subject to deliberation by the Nomination Committee, prior to the determination at the Board of Directors' meeting.

Moreover, a skill matrix that summarizes the knowledge, experience, skills of each Director is disclosed in the Integrated Report and the matters subject to electronic provision measures regarding the general meeting of shareholders.

We will disclose the information accordingly.

[Supplementary Principle 4-11-2]

Upon selecting the candidates for Outside Directors, the Company takes their status of concurrent positions into account. The status of significant concurrent positions of Outside Directors is disclosed on an annual basis in the matters subject to electronic provision measures regarding the general meeting of shareholders.

[Supplementary Principle 4-11-3]

The Company shall conduct annual analysis and assessment at the Board of Directors' meeting on the effectiveness the Board of Directors as a whole based on the results of self-assessment in a survey for all Directors.

< Outline and results of assessments in fiscal 2025 >

■ Assessment items

- (1) Regarding the operation of the Board of Directors for fiscal 2025
- (2) Self-assessment of Directors (based on the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry's "Five Principles for Board of Directors to Enhance 'Growth Power'")
- (3) Progress review of the medium-term management plan (ensuring an effective progress review regarding the first fiscal year of NANKAI Group Medium-term Management Plan 2025-2027)
- (4) Issues that should be particularly discussed by the Board of Directors
- (5) Operation for proactive discussions and deliberations (lunch meetings and facility tours)

■ Summary of analysis and assessment results

With respect to the operation of the Board of Directors, it was evaluated that the duration and presentation materials of the Board meetings were appropriate. On the other hand, some opinions were expressed calling for more concise materials and more focused deliberations according to the importance of each agenda item. It was also suggested that the efficiency of discussions should be improved by including an executive summary at the beginning of materials to highlight key points. In addition, although the conduct of Board meetings was evaluated as appropriate, some suggestions were made that Inside Directors should be encouraged to more actively participate in discussions, that more interactive discussions between Inside and Outside Directors should be promoted, and that the Company's top management should provide a broad strategic perspective.

In the self-evaluation of Directors, it was confirmed that all Directors contributed to discussions based on their own professional knowledge and experience, complementing perspectives that were lacking, and it was evaluated that the Board of Directors was fulfilling its expected functions. On the other hand, it was recognized that, in order to further enhance the Board's monitoring function, it is necessary for the executive side to provide more specific descriptions of the issues the Board has identified and the measures proposed to address them, as well as to engage in more in-depth discussions regarding business portfolio optimization, including the selection and concentration of businesses and the allocation of management resources.

With respect to the progress review of the Medium-term Management Plan ("NANKAI Group Medium-term Management Plan 2025-2027"), it was evaluated as appropriate. However, opinions were expressed that progress reports should be focused and emphasize initiatives and businesses facing challenges and that they should provide more explanations of the causes of variances in KPIs, the issues identified, and the measures to address them. It was also pointed out that the materials should contain an appropriate amount of information and clarify the key issues.

Regarding key issues, such as the business portfolio management, human capital management, and management that takes into account capital costs and stock prices, it was recognized that a certain degree of progress had been made. However, it was considered necessary to continue deepening discussions regarding the priorities for capital allocation, the optimal allocation of businesses, the clarification of the Company's human resource strategy and its alignment with business strategy, and measures to address low-profitability businesses. In addition, a view was shared that, in light of the planned spin-off of the railway business, it is important to clarify the respective roles and responsibilities and to strengthen monitoring from the perspective of optimizing the Group as a whole.

Initiatives such as lunch meetings and facility tours were positively evaluated as contributing to a deeper understanding of the Group's businesses and promoting mutual understanding among Directors. Additional suggestions were offered to further enhance opportunities for informal dialogue.

< Initiatives for fiscal 2026 >

Based on the assessments for fiscal 2025, we will work on the following three issues in fiscal 2026.

■ To ensure an effective progress review of (second year of) NANKAI Group Medium-term Management Plan 2025-2027

In the progress review of NANKAI Group Medium-term Management Plan 2025-2027, from the perspective of further strengthening the Board of Directors' monitoring function, the Board will move beyond the conventional practice of providing comprehensive reports and instead engage in focused deliberation on the fundamental issues related to the progress of individual initiatives, including decisions on whether to continue or discontinue delayed growth strategies and measures to address them. In addition, from the perspective of the PDCA cycle, the Board will clarify progress made since the previous report and the factors contributing to any variances from the plan, while presenting specific measures, including such options as continuing, strengthening, revising, or discontinuing initiatives, in order to facilitate focused deliberations with clearly defined issues.

- To strengthen the monitoring function as a business holding company and expand deliberations on themes that should be particularly discussed by the Board of Directors (ongoing issue)

The Board of Directors continues to position the three issues of business portfolio, human capital management, and management that takes into account capital costs and stock prices as key issues, and will deepen discussions on capital allocation and the optimization of the business portfolio from the perspective of the Group as a whole in its capacity as a business holding company. With respect to human capital management, the Board will enhance its deliberations by moving beyond mere progress reports on various initiatives and instead clarifying such issues as alignment with the Company's business strategy, the human resource portfolio, the recruitment and development of leadership talent, and initiatives to improve employee engagement. Furthermore, the respective roles and responsibilities of the Company and the railway business company, as well as the status of their operations, will be positioned as a key theme. Together with discussions on the business portfolio, the Board will continue to monitor these matters from the perspective of optimizing the Group as a whole.

- To strengthen the functions of the Secretariat of the Board of Directors (new issue)

To enable the Board of Directors to conduct effective and substantive deliberations on important issues, we will strengthen the functions of the Board's Secretariat by maintaining close communication with the Chairperson of the Board, management, and Outside Directors, while ensuring the timely and appropriate selection of agenda items and the provision of information with clearly defined issues. In addition, we will continue to take such initiatives as holding lunch meetings and facility tours to deepen Directors' understanding of the businesses that the Group is conducting and promote mutual understanding. We will also continue efforts to promote more active discussions by further enhancing opportunities for informal dialogue.

[Supplementary Principle 4-14-2]

Necessary training is provided to Directors so that they can fulfill their roles and responsibilities. The details of the training are as follows.

- New Directors from within the Company and new Corporate Officers with Special Titles (Corporate Officers at the level of Senior Corporate Officer or above; the same applies hereinafter) will receive training from legal professionals, experts in corporate governance, etc.
- New Outside Directors will receive explanations regarding the Company's business description, financial condition, management strategy, etc.
- Directors will be encouraged to attend external lectures and related expenses will be provided by the Company as appropriate.
- Tours of the Group's facilities etc. will be held for Outside Directors.

[Principle 5-1]

< Policy on constructive dialogue with shareholders >

The Company designates the Sustainability Promotion Department as the department in charge of investor relations. Financial results briefings for institutional investors and securities analysts are to be held every six months in addition to holding small meetings, conducting individual visits, etc., as appropriate. The Company also proactively responds to various types of inquiries such as visits, phone interviews, etc.

< Situation concerning dialogue with shareholders, etc. >

The Company engages in dialogue primarily with shareholders in Japan and overseas on main themes such as the business and financial strategies set forth in the medium-term management plan. The opinions received through dialogue with shareholders are sent to corporate officer in the form of feedback once every month and to the Board of Directors once every year. For details on the situation concerning dialogue with shareholders, please refer to the Company's website.

(https://www.nankai.co.jp/en/ir/governance/ir_communication)

[Measures to realize management that takes into account capital costs and stock prices]

Contents <u>Updated</u>	Disclosure of initiatives (updated)
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Availability of English disclosure	Available
Update Date Updated	April 30, 2026.

Explanation of relevant items **Updated**

Under NANKAI Group Medium-term Management Plan 2025-2027, which begins in fiscal 2025, the Company aims to improve ROE by pursuing the creation of excess profits, improvement of asset efficiency, and the optimization of capital structure. We have set and announced ROE targets of over 7% for fiscal 2027 (revised on April 30, 2026) and over 8% as our long-term goal.

We also aim to improve PBR and corporate value by making efforts to improve PER through growth strategy implementation, ESG management, and IR activities.

For more details, please refer to the URL below.

https://www.nankai.co.jp/en/ir/management/medium-term_management_plan

2. Capital Structure

Foreign Shareholding Ratio	10% or greater and less than 20%
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[Status of Major Shareholders] **Updated**

Name / Company Name	Number of Shares Owned	Percentage (%)
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (trust account)	10,357,100	9.56
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (trust account)	3,968,900	3.66
HSBC HONG KONG-TREASURY SERVICES A/C ASIAN EQUITIES DERIVATIVES	2,465,454	2.27
Nippon Life Insurance Company	1,739,289	1.60
JP MORGAN CHASE BANK 385781	1,579,812	1.46
STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY 505001	1,443,538	1.33
STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY 505223	1,303,514	1.20
The Senshu Ikeda Bank, Ltd.	1,289,087	1.19
Takashimaya Company, Limited	1,007,002	0.93
The Kiyo Bank, Ltd.	1,001,105	0.92

Controlling Shareholder (except for Parent Company)	-----
Parent Company	None

Supplementary Explanation **Updated**

- (1) The description provided above is based on the shareholders' register as of March 31, 2026.
- (2) Percentages are calculated after subtracting treasury shares (87,069 shares). Treasury shares do not include 179,000 shares of the Company's shares held by the share delivery trust as stock compensation for Directors and Corporate Officers.
- (3) In the change report made available for public inspection on September 19, 2025, it was stated that Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited and its joint holders held the following Company's shares as of September 15, 2025; however, as of March 31, 2026, the Company is unable to confirm the actual numbers of shares held. Therefore, the description provided above under "Status of Major Shareholders" is based on the shareholders' register as of March 31, 2026.
- The content of the aforementioned change report is as follows:

Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	Shares held:	758,000	Percentage of shares held to total number of shares issued:	0.67%
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Asset Management Co., Ltd.	Shares held:	2,616,900	Percentage of shares held to total number of shares issued:	2.31%
Amova Asset Management Co., Ltd.	Shares held:	1,371,300	Percentage of shares held to total number of shares issued:	1.21%

3. Corporate Attributes

Listed Stock Market and Market Section	Tokyo Stock Exchange Prime Market
Fiscal Year-End	March
Type of Business	Land Transportation
Number of Employees (consolidated) as of the End of the Previous Fiscal Year	More than 1000
Sales (consolidated) as of the End of the Previous Fiscal Year	From ¥100 billion to less than ¥1 trillion
Number of Consolidated Subsidiaries as of the End of the Previous Fiscal Year	From 50 to less than 100

4. Policy on Measures to Protect Minority Shareholders in Conducting Transactions with Controlling Shareholder

5. Other Special Circumstances which may have Material Impact on Corporate Governance

[About the Company's listed subsidiary]

The Company has a listed subsidiary, Nankai Tatsumura Construction Co., Ltd.

Main businesses of the said subsidiary include general construction business, design business, and real estate management and trading business. The said subsidiary serves as a function sharing company in charge of execution of civil engineering and construction works of the Group.

We judge whether to choose a listed subsidiary structure or some other group company ownership structure based on factors such as business characteristics, business scale, and business area size. The said subsidiary has a considerable business scale in terms of its sales, profits, total assets, etc., and operates not only in the Kinki region but also throughout the country, including the Tokyo metropolitan area. Therefore, we believe that listing the subsidiary on the stock exchange is one of the most effective means for improving its social trustworthiness, profile and access to human resources. We also believe that it will not only improve the subsidiary's management autonomy and transparency but also contribute to sustainable growth of the Group and enhancement of its medium- to long-term corporate value.

In addition, under NANKAI Group Medium-term Management Plan 2025-2027, which begins in fiscal 2025, the Company will evaluate businesses using ROIC. At the same time, we will make efforts to revise the business portfolio in order to realize significant growth through optimal resource distribution.

In order to take appropriate control as a group company, the Company dispatches Directors to the said subsidiary. However, the Company respects the judgment of the management of the said subsidiary, in principle, in order to ensure its independence and autonomy as a listed company. Furthermore, the Company strives not to unjustly undermine the interests of the said subsidiary, its shareholders, and its other stakeholders. To that end, the Company properly exercises appointment and dismissal authorities

and take other measures so that an effective governance structure that effectively utilizes Independent Outside Directors will be established.

II. Business Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems regarding Decision-making, Execution of Business, and Oversight in Management

1. Organizational Composition and Operation

Organization Form	Company with Audit & Supervisory Committee
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[Directors]

Maximum Number of Directors Stipulated in Articles of Incorporation	15
Term of Office Stipulated in Articles of Incorporation	1 year
Chairperson of the Board	Chairman (unless concurrently serving as President)
Number of Directors Updated	13
Appointment of Outside Directors	Appointed
Number of Outside Directors	8
Number of Independent Directors	8

Outside Directors' Relationship with the Company (1) **Updated**

Name	Attribute	Relationship with the Company*										
		a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k
Tsunekage Hitoshi	From another company								△			
Koezuka Miharu	From another company											
Mochizuki Aiko	From another company											
Hori Naoki	From another company								△			
Kunibe Takeshi	From another company								△			
Miki Shohei	From another company								△			
Tanaka Takahiro	Lawyer											
Hayashi Rie	Others											

* Categories for "Relationship with the Company"

* "○" when the director presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;

"△" when the director fell under the category in the past

* "●" when a close relative of the director presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;

"▲" when a close relative of the director fell under the category in the past

a. Executive of the Company or its subsidiaries

b. Non-executive director or executive of a parent company of the Company

c. Executive of a fellow subsidiary company of the Company

d. A party whose major client or supplier is the Company or an executive thereof

e. Major client or supplier of the listed company or an executive thereof

f. Consultant, accountant or legal professional who receives a large amount of monetary consideration or other property from the Company besides compensation as a director/auditor.

g. Major shareholder of the Company (or an executive of the said major shareholder if the shareholder is a legal entity)

h. Executive of a client or supplier company of the Company (which does not correspond to any of d, e, or f) (the director himself/herself only)

- i. Executive of a company, between which and the Company outside directors/auditors are mutually appointed (the director himself/herself only)
- j. Executive of a company or organization that receives a donation from the Company (the director himself/herself only)
- k. Others

Outside Directors' Relationship with the Company (2) **Updated**

Name	Membership of Supervisory Committee	Designation as Independent Director	Supplementary Explanation of the Relationship	Reasons of Appointment
Tsunekage Hitoshi		○	Mr. Tsunekage Hitoshi is concurrently serving as Special Advisor of Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited, but he is currently not an executive of the bank. The Company conducts transactions such as borrowing of funds, etc. with the said bank.	The Company has no material interest with Mr. Tsunekage Hitoshi nor relationship potentially in conflict with general shareholders, as stipulated by the Tokyo Stock Exchange. He is expected to provide us with appropriate advice and supervision for the Group's overall management based on his great insight cultivated through his career as a trust bank manager from his independent standpoint without any mutual relationship which may impose significant control over the management of the Company. For this reason, the Company appointed (designated) him as an Outside Director (Independent Director).
Koezuka Miharu		○	_____	Ms. Koezuka Miharu served at Takashimaya Company, Limited, but she is currently not an executive of the said company, and more than 10 years have passed since she retired (in May 2016) as executive of the said company. The Company has no material interest with Ms. Koezuka Miharu nor relationship potentially in conflict with general shareholders, as stipulated by the Tokyo Stock Exchange. She is expected to provide us with appropriate advice and supervision for the Group's overall management based on her great insight cultivated through her career as a department store manager from her independent standpoint without any mutual relationship which may impose significant control over the

				management of the Company. For this reason, the Company appointed (designated) her as an Outside Director (Independent Director).
Mochizuki Aiko		○	—	The Company has no material interest with Ms. Mochizuki Aiko nor relationship potentially in conflict with general shareholders, as stipulated by the Tokyo Stock Exchange. She is expected to provide us with appropriate advice and supervision for the Group's overall management based on her expert knowledge as a certified public accountant and her broad insight cultivated as a consultant from her independent standpoint without any mutual relationship which may impose significant control over the management of the Company. For this reason, the Company appointed (designated) her as an Outside Director (Independent Director).
Hori Naoki		○	Mr. Hori Naoki is concurrently serving as Senior Advisor of MUFG Bank, Ltd. but he is currently not an executive of the said bank. The Company conducts transactions such as borrowing of funds, etc. with the said bank.	The Company has no material interest with Mr. Hori Naoki nor relationship potentially in conflict with general shareholders, as stipulated by the Tokyo Stock Exchange. He is expected to provide us with appropriate advice and supervision for the Group's overall management based on his great insight cultivated through his career as a bank manager from his independent standpoint without any mutual relationship which may impose significant control over the management of the Company. For this reason, the Company appointed (designated) him as an Outside Director (Independent Director).
Kunibe Takeshi	○	○	Mr. Kunibe Takeshi has served at Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation, but he is currently not an executive of the said bank. The Company conducts transactions such as borrowing of	The Company has no material interest with Mr. Kunibe Takeshi nor relationship potentially in conflict with general shareholders, as stipulated by the Tokyo Stock Exchange. He is expected to enhance the effectiveness of the Group's audits based on his great insight cultivated through his career as a bank manager from his

			funds, etc. with the said bank.	independent standpoint without any mutual relationship which may impose significant control over the management of the Company. For this reason, the Company appointed (designated) him as an Outside Director serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Member (Independent Director). He also has knowledge of finance and accounting gained through his business experience in a bank.
Miki Shohei	○	○	Mr. Miki Shohei has served at Nippon Life Insurance Company, but he is currently not an executive of the said company. The Company conducts transactions such as borrowing of funds, etc. with the said company.	The Company has no material interest with Mr. Miki Shohei nor relationship potentially in conflict with general shareholders, as stipulated by the Tokyo Stock Exchange. He is expected to enhance the effectiveness of the Group's audits based on his great insight cultivated through his career as a life insurance company manager from his independent standpoint without any mutual relationship which may impose significant control over the management of the Company. For this reason, the Company appointed (designated) him as an Outside Director serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Member (Independent Director). He also has knowledge of finance and accounting gained through his business experience in a life insurance company.
Tanaka Takahiro	○	○	—	The Company has no interest with Mr. Tanaka Takahiro nor relationship potentially in conflict with general shareholders, as stipulated by the Tokyo Stock Exchange. He is expected to enhance the effectiveness of the Group's audits and supervisory functions based on his expert knowledge cultivated through his career as a lawyer and extensive experience through his years of engagement in corporate legal affairs from his independent standpoint without any mutual relationship which may impose significant control over the management of the Company. For this reason, the Company appointed (designated) him as an

				Outside Director serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Member (Independent Director). He also has knowledge of finance and accounting and is well versed in corporate legal affairs.
Hayashi Rie	○	○	_____	The Company has no interest with Ms. Hayashi Rie nor relationship potentially in conflict with general shareholders, as stipulated by the Tokyo Stock Exchange. She is expected to improve the effectiveness of auditing and supervision within the Group from an independent standpoint, free from any relationship that would allow for significant mutual control with our management team, based on her broad insight cultivated through her experience at Japan Broadcasting Corporation (NHK) and her involvement in its management. For this reason, the Company appointed (designated) her as an Outside Director serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Member (Independent Director).

[Audit & Supervisory Committee]

Committee's Composition and Attributes of Chairperson **Updated**

	All Committee Members	Full-time Members	Inside Directors	Outside Directors	Chairperson
Audit & Supervisory Committee	5	1	1	4	Outside Director

Appointment of Directors and/or Staff to Support the Audit & Supervisory Committee	Appointed
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Matters Related to the Independence of Such Directors and/or Staff from Executive Directors

The Company allocates dedicated staff to support the duties of the Audit & Supervisory Committee, and consults with full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Members prior to applying any personnel changes, evaluations, etc. to these dedicated staff members, in order to ensure their independence.

Cooperation among Audit & Supervisory Committee, Accounting Auditors and Internal Audit Departments

As provided below “iv Cooperation among internal audit, audit by the Audit & Supervisory Committee, and accounting audit” shown in “(1) Audit” included in “(2) Audit and supervision” listed in “2. Matters on Functions of Business Execution, Auditing, Oversight, Nomination and Remuneration Decisions (Overview of Current Corporate Governance System)”.

[Voluntary Establishment of Nomination/Remuneration Committee]

Voluntary Establishment of Committee(s) Corresponding to Nomination Committee or Remuneration Committee	Established
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Committee’s Name, Composition, and Attributes of Chairperson **Updated**

	Committee Corresponding to Nomination Committee	Committee Corresponding to Remuneration Committee
Committee’s Name	Nomination Committee	Compensation Committee
All Committee Members	4	5
Full-time Members	0	0
Inside Directors	0	1
Outside Directors	4	4
Outside Experts	0	0
Other	0	0
Chairperson	Outside Director	Outside Director

Supplementary Explanation **Updated**

(1) Nomination Committee

The Company has established a Nomination Committee (Chairperson: Outside Director serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Member Mr. Kunibe Takeshi; members: Outside Directors Mr. Tsunekage Hitoshi, Ms. Koezuka Miharu and Mr. Hori Naoki), thereby securing the fairness, objectivity and transparency of the nomination process.

The Nomination Committee shall deliberate and approve the following matters as an advisory body to the Board of Directors.

- Nomination of the candidates for Directors to be proposed at the general meeting of shareholders
- Proposals pertaining to the selection of Representative Directors and appointment of Corporate Officers with Special Titles to be proposed at meetings of the Board of Directors
- Dismissal of Directors or Corporate Officers with Special Titles, and dismissal of or decision to not reelect a Representative Director
- Matters pertaining to the succession plan for President and nomination of new President
- Any other matters deemed necessary by the Board of Directors pertaining to each of the above items

In the current fiscal year, the Nomination Committee met two times (December 2025; February 2026). Attendance by individual Nomination Committee Members at these meetings is as follows.

Position	Name	Number of the Nomination Committee met	Attendance
Chairperson (Outside Director)	Kunibe Takeshi	2	2
Committee Member (Outside Director)	Tsunekage Hitoshi	2	2

Committee Member	Koezuka Mihar	2	2
(Outside Director)			
Committee Member	Hori Naoki	2	2
(Outside Director)			
Committee Member	Achikita Teruhiko	2	2
(Representative Director)			

(Note): Representative Director Mr. Achikita Teruhiko retired from the position of Nomination Committee Member as of June 16, 2026.

In the current fiscal year, the Nomination Committee held deliberations concerning the CEO succession plan (“management personnel development program” and “CEO nomination process”) as well as the officer system for fiscal 2026, including that of the railway business company to be established following the spin-off of the railway business, especially the nominations of candidates for Directors (excluding Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members) to be proposed at the 109th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders and the nomination of Corporate Officers with Special Titles for fiscal 2026 along with their allocation of work, ahead of the final determinations to be made by the Board of Directors.

(2) Compensation Committee

The Company has established a Compensation Committee (Chairperson: Outside Director Mr. Tsunekage Hitoshi; members: Outside Directors Ms. Mochizuki Aiko, Mr. Hori Naoki and Outside Director serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Member Mr. Miki Shohei, President and Representative Director Mr. Okajima Nobuyuki), thereby securing the fairness, objectivity and transparency of the process to determine compensations.

Decisions on compensation for individual Directors (excluding Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members) and Corporate Officers with Special Titles are delegated to the Representative Director, Chairman and CEO by a resolution of the Board of Directors, but the following matters shall be deliberated and approved by the Compensation Committee as an advisory body to the Board of Directors.

- Contents of proposals pertaining to compensation for Directors to be proposed at the general meeting of shareholders
- Draft policies regarding decisions on the details of compensation for individual Directors (excluding Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members; the same applies hereinafter) and Corporate Officers with Special Titles to be proposed at meetings of the Board of Directors
- Details of compensation for individual Directors and Corporate Officers with Special Titles to be determined by the President
- Any other matters deemed necessary by the Board of Directors pertaining to each of the above items

In the current fiscal year, the Compensation Committee met once (April 2025). Attendance by individual Compensation Committee Members at these meetings is as follows.

Position	Name	Number of the Compensation Committee met	Attendance
Chairperson (Outside Director)	Tsunekage Hitoshi	1	1
Committee Member (Outside Director)	Mochizuki Aiko	1	1
Committee Member (Outside Director)	Hori Naoki	1	1
Committee Member (Outside Director)	Miki Shohei	1	1
Committee Member (Representative Director)	Achikita Teruhiko	1	1

Committee Member Okajima Nobuyuki (Representative Director)	1	1
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(Note): Representative Director Mr. Achikita Teruhiko retired from the position of Compensation Committee Member as of June 16, 2026.

In the current fiscal year, the Compensation Committee held deliberations concerning the payment of bonuses for the previous fiscal year, ahead of the final determinations to be made by the Representative Director, Chairman and CEO.

In addition, following the resolution made at the Board of Directors' meeting held on June 16, 2026, to appoint Representative Director Mr. Okajima Nobuyuki as CEO, succeeding Representative Director Mr. Achikita Teruhiko, the Board also resolved at the same meeting to delegate the determination of the remuneration of each Director (excluding Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members) and the remuneration of Corporate Officers with Special Titles to the President and Representative Director & CEO Mr. Okajima Nobuyuki.

[Independent Directors]

Number of Independent Directors	8
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Matters relating to Independent Directors

The Company designates as Independent Directors all Outside Directors who are qualified to serve as Independent Directors.

The Company stipulates the standards for determining the independence of Outside Directors as follows.

[Independence Standards]

The Company appoints Outside Directors (including Outside Director serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Member) on the precondition that the candidates do not have any material interest with the Company and do not fall under the conditions as lacking independence in the Independence Standards stipulated by the Tokyo Stock Exchange for the purpose of submitting notifications following the appointment of independent Directors. The Company also requires candidates that have insight and experience necessary for supervising and auditing business execution not only in the railway business whose social responsibility is to ensure safe transportation but in a diverse range of the Group's business operations, as well as positive motivation and qualification to properly fulfill his/her assignment that is expected to be carried out from an independent standpoint. The Company believes that these requirements are essential to respond to our shareholders' mandate.

[Incentives]

Incentive Policies for Directors	Performance-linked Remuneration
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Supplementary Explanation

As provided below in "Disclosure of Policy on Determining Remuneration Amounts and Calculation Methods" shown in [Director Remuneration].

Recipients of Stock Options	----
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Supplementary Explanation

[Director Remuneration]

Disclosure of Individual Directors' Remuneration	No individual disclosure
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Supplementary Explanation **Updated**

The Company discloses the number of eligible officers, type and total amount of compensation, as well as total amount of compensation by category for Directors (excluding Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members and Outside Directors), Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members (excluding Outside Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members), Outside Directors (excluding Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members), Outside Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members, respectively.

The total amount of compensation, etc. for the most recent fiscal year ended March 31, 2026 is as follows.

Category	Number of officers	Amount of compensation (basic remuneration)
Directors (excluding Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members and Outside Directors)	5 persons	316 million yen
Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members (excluding Outside Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members)	2 persons	48 million yen
Outside Directors (excluding Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members)	4 persons	43 million yen
Outside Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members	5 persons	38 million yen

Apart from the above, the total amount of compensation, etc. for 7 Corporate Officers with Special Titles who are not concurrently serving as Director is 214 million yen.

Policy on Determining Remuneration Amounts and Calculation Methods Updated	Established
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Disclosure of Policy on Determining Remuneration Amounts and Calculation Methods

[Details of the Policy and Decision Method for Determining the Amount or Calculation Method of Officers' Compensation]

The Company has established the following policy on determining the amount of individual officers' compensation or the method used to calculate this amount (hereinafter referred to as the "Determination Policy"), based on resolutions made at the Board of Directors' meeting held on March 31, 2023 and May 12, 2022, the 108th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 18, 2025, and the 104th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 25, 2021.

Compensations for Directors (excluding Director serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Member) and Corporate Officers with Special Titles (Corporate Officers at the level of Senior Corporate Officer or above) are composed of the supervision payment and the execution payment.

(1) Supervision Payment

Directors are paid a fixed amount monthly in cash, determined according to responsibilities.

(2) Execution Payment

The Chairman (limited to Executive Directors; the same applies hereinafter) and Corporate Officers with Special Titles (hereinafter, the Chairman and Corporate Officers with Special Titles shall be collectively referred to as “Executive Corporate Officers with Special Titles”) are paid an amount comprising basic compensation, bonuses and stock compensation.

The proportions of basic compensation, bonuses and stock compensation are set at 60:25:15 respectively, with the purposes of increasing incentives for enhanced performance and promoting the penetration of management awareness of shareholder value and stock price.

1) Basic Compensation

A fixed amount is paid in cash, according to individual duties and responsibilities.

2) Bonuses

Lump-sum payments will be made in cash after the conclusion of each fiscal year, of an amount calculated based on the Company’s performance and individual performance during the respective fiscal year.

The proportions based on the Company’s performance and individual performance are 70:30 respectively.

However, the Chairman and President’s bonus is calculated based on the Company’s performance alone.

i. Company’s performance portion

The Company’s performance portion will be calculated and paid according to the achievement of the target index, provided the predetermined conditional index is cleared. However, the details and levels, etc. of the conditional index and target index may be treated differently if the Compensation Committee recognizes significant changes in the business environment, or in the case of any other significant requirements.

(i) Conditional index

The achievement of a fixed level of profit for each fiscal year and the ability to maintain stable dividend payments to shareholders will be considered conditions for the payment of the Company’s performance portion. Profit attributable to owners of the parent will be the conditional index. The Company’s performance portion of bonuses will not be paid if the profit attributable to owners of the parent for the respective fiscal year is less than 70% of the average for the previous five years, excluding the years with the highest and lowest profit.

(ii) Target index

In order to increase the incentive for achieving the goals of Nankai Group Management Vision 2027, the target index will be the Company’s consolidated operating income, which is a quantitative target for the vision above. The amount of the Company’s performance portion of bonuses will be directly proportional to the achievement of the budget established at the beginning of each fiscal period, within the range from 80% to 120%. The actual amount to be paid varies within a range from 50% to 150% of the standard amount of the Company’s performance portion of bonuses. No bonus for the Company’s performance portion is paid if the achievement rate of the target index is below 80%.

ii. Individual performance portion

The President will evaluate the overall level of achievement of the targets set out by individual officers each fiscal year, on a scale of 1 to 4, based on which the amount of bonus to be paid for the individual performance portion will be determined. The actual amount of the individual performance portion of bonuses to be paid varies within a range from 70% to 130% of the standard amount of the individual portion of bonuses, or otherwise no amount is to be paid, depending on the President’s evaluation.

3) Stock Compensation

The Company will introduce a stock compensation plan for Executive Corporate Officers with Special Titles with the aim of further clarifying the linkage of compensation for Executive Corporate Officers with Special Titles to the Company’s performance and share value, having the officers share with shareholders both the benefits and risks of fluctuation in share prices, and thus raising the officers’ motivation to contribute to enhancing the Company’s performance and corporate value over the medium-to long-term.

The stock compensation plan delivers the Company’s shares to the Executive Corporate Officers with Special Titles in office during the period from the conclusion of the 102nd General Meeting of Shareholders until the conclusion of an Annual General Meeting of Shareholders pertaining to the last fiscal year ending within 3 years from this General Meeting of Shareholders (hereinafter, the “Applicable Period”). The Applicable Period may be extended according to determination by the Board of Directors,

by setting each time a period not exceeding five years. In addition, the Board of Directors may decide to extend the Applicable Period within a period of five years.

Under the plan, the Company's shares are acquired through a trust using cash contributed by the Company, through disposal of treasury stock or through the stock market (including off-auction trading). During the Applicable Period, a number of the Company's shares are delivered through the Trust to Executive Corporate Officers with Special Titles corresponding to the number of points they have been awarded, based on their position and the degree to which pre-defined performance targets set by the Board of Directors are achieved.

During the term of NANKAI Group Medium-term Management Plan 2025-2027 (hereinafter referred to as the "Medium-term Management Plan"), covering fiscal years 2025 through 2027, the following performance-linked indicators will be adopted in order to strengthen incentives toward achieving the performance targets set forth in the Medium-term Management Plan.

(a) ROE (Return On Equity) (equivalent to 20% of the standard amount of stock-based compensation)

The payout ratio will be adjusted linearly (proportionally) based on actual performance against the target figures set forth in the Medium-term Management Plan. Assuming 100% corresponds to the standard amount (when targets are achieved), the payout amount will vary between 50% and 150%.

(b) Relative TSR (Total Shareholder Return) (compared to other companies in the same industry; equivalent to 20% of the standard stock-based compensation)

During the term of the Medium-term Management Plan, the TSR of the Company's stock will be ranked relative to other companies in the same industry, and the corresponding payout ratio will be set in stages between 0% and 150% based on that ranking.

(c) Amount of CO2 emission reduction (equivalent to 5% of the standard amount of stock-based compensation)

To promote initiatives for preservation of the global environment, a payout ratio ranging from 0% to 150% will be set based on the level of achievement of the target figures set forth in the Medium-term Management Plan.

The evaluation period for the above performance-linked indicators is the three-year term of the Medium-term Management Plan, and the number of performance-linked points will be finalized after the end of the plan. However, the content of the performance indicators, the method of calculating the payout ratio, etc. may be treated differently if the Compensation Committee recognizes significant changes in the business environment, or in the case of any other significant requirements.

In principle, Executive Corporate Officers with Special Titles will receive delivery of the Company's shares upon their retirement from office.

[Targets and results for indicators associated with performance-linked remuneration in fiscal 2025]

Profit attributable to owners of parent, which is the conditional index for performance-linked remuneration, was 25,135 million yen for fiscal 2025. In addition, compared to the initial budget of 32,600 million yen for consolidated operating income, which is the target index, the result for fiscal 2025 was 39,945 million yen, and the achievement rate was 122.53%.

[Supporting System for Outside Directors] Updated

In order to improve the effectiveness of supervising and auditing by Outside Directors and Outside Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members, General Manager of Legal Department, as the secretariat of the Board of Directors, shall provide them with materials for the Board of Directors' meeting in advance whenever possible and as necessary, make an arrangement for them to receive explanation from each officer in charge, etc. about the agenda and the contents ahead of meetings. Through the aforementioned initiatives, the Company strives to ensure the propriety of decision-making procedures at the Board of Directors' meetings. In addition, absent Outside Directors will receive materials on the contents of deliberation and items reported, as well as the notice of the deliberation.

The Secretariat of Audit & Supervisory Committee conveys information such as the date and time of Audit & Supervisory Committee meetings as well as the agenda in advance, while providing assistance on field audits

to each business location as necessary. Information beneficial for the execution of audits is collected from the contents submitted to the Top Management Committee and other approval documents, and provided to full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Members, who report and explain them to Outside Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members as necessary.

[Retired Presidents/CEOs Holding Advisory Positions]

Information on retired presidents/CEOs holding advisory positions

Name	Job title/ position	Responsibilities	Employment terms (Full/part time, with/without compensation, etc.)	Date when former role as president/ CEO ended	Term
Yoshida Jiro	Honorary Adviser	Advice in response to requests from the current management (as necessary)	Part time Position without compensation	June 29, 2005	Lifetime
Yamanaka Makoto	Honorary Adviser	Advice in response to requests from the current management (as necessary)	Part time Position without compensation	June 23, 2015	Lifetime
Watari Shinji	Honorary Adviser	Advice in response to requests from the current management (as necessary)	Part time Position without compensation	June 23, 2015	Lifetime

**Number of retired presidents/CEOs holding
advisory positions**

3

Others

The Company's system of Senior Advisers was abolished by a resolution of the Board of Directors held on June 21, 2019, and at the same time, the Company's system of Advisers was reviewed. Former Chairmen and Presidents of the Company will be designated Special Advisers for four years after retirement as Director (until age 80), after which they will remain Honorary Advisers for life.

**2. Matters on Functions of Business Execution, Auditing, Oversight, Nomination and Remuneration
Decisions (Overview of Current Corporate Governance System) Updated**

The Company has adopted the system of a Company with an Audit & Supervisory Committee and increased the number and ratio of Outside Directors who have voting rights at Board of Directors meetings, strengthening the supervisory functions of the Board of Directors and improving management transparency. By delegating part of the decision-making authority over business execution held by the Board of Directors to Directors and improving the flexibility of business execution, it aims to transition to a Monitoring Board. Moreover, the Company separates its executive and supervisory functions clearly by making Corporate Officers responsible for the execution of business.

Regarding the Board of Directors, in light of the Company's role in leading the operations of the Group as a whole, which conducts businesses of significant public importance, the Company believes that it is necessary for us to appoint an appropriate number of Directors from within the Company who are well versed in the Group's business operations, while ensuring that Outside Directors account for the majority of the Board. In addition, the Company has voluntarily established the Nomination Committee and the Compensation

Committee, each chaired by an Outside Director, to ensure the fairness, objectivity, and transparency of decision-making processes for important management issues such as nominations and compensation. Furthermore, the operational status of the internal control system is reported regularly to the Board of Directors and the Audit & Supervisory Committee, including reports on internal audit plans and results, in an effort to enhance their management supervisory function.

(1) Business execution

1) Board of Directors

The Board of Directors (chair: Chairman and Representative Director, secretariat: Legal Department) consists of 13 Directors including 8 Outside Directors (5 Directors serve as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members), and meets on a monthly basis in principle to make decisions on basic management policy, business execution, and to supervise the execution of duties by Directors. The Company aims to improve the flexibility of business execution by delegating decisions on important matters of business execution to Directors, based on the provisions of the Articles of Incorporation and resolutions of the Board of Directors.

2) The Top Management Committee

Based on the fundamental management policies established by the Board of Directors, the Top Management Committee, which is comprised of the Chairman, President, and the heads of the business execution departments (chair: President, secretariat: Legal Department), meets once a week to deliberate on key issues of business execution to be decided by the President. They seek to comprehensively control business execution and optimize decision-making on management.

3) Nomination Committee

As described in “(1) Nomination Committee” shown in “Supplementary Explanation” included in “Committee’s Name, Composition, and Attributes of Chairperson” listed in [Directors] of “Organizational Composition and Operation” above.

4) Compensation Committee

As described in “(2) Compensation Committee” shown in “Supplementary Explanation” included in “Committee’s Name, Composition, and Attributes of Chairperson” listed in [Directors] of “Organizational Composition and Operation” above.

(2) Audit and supervision

1) Audit

i. Audit by the Audit & Supervisory Committee

The Audit & Supervisory Committee (Chairperson: Miki Shohei, Outside Director serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Member; secretariat: Secretariat of Audit & Supervisory Committee) is composed of 5 members, including 4 Outside Directors and includes members who have considerable knowledge of finance and accounting. It meets once a month in principle, where Audit & Supervisory Committee Members selected by the Audit & Supervisory Committee investigate the status of business and assets of the Company and its subsidiaries, and the Audit & Supervisory Committee deliberates and passes resolutions, etc. In this manner, the Audit & Supervisory Committee audits the execution of duties by Directors. Systems are in place to assist the duties of the Audit & Supervisory Committee, including the appointment of dedicated support staff. The full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Members are consulted prior to applying any personnel changes, evaluations, etc. to these dedicated staff members, in order to ensure their independence.

In the current fiscal year, the Audit & Supervisory Committee met 16 times. Attendance by individual Audit & Supervisory Committee Members at these meetings is as follows.

Position	Name	Number of the Audit & Supervisory Committee met	Attendance
Audit & Supervisory Committee Chairperson	Miki Shohei	16	16

Full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Member	Urai Keiji	16	16
Full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Member	Yasuda Takayoshi	16	16
Outside Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Member	Kunibe Takeshi	16	16
Outside Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Member	Igoshi Tomoko	3	3
Outside Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Member	Tanaka Takahiro	16	16
Outside Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Member	Hayashi Rie	13	13

(Notes):

1. Attendance by Outside Director serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Member Ms. Igoshi Tomoko only covers the Audit & Supervisory Committee meetings held during her term (up until the conclusion of the 108th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 18, 2025).

2. Attendance by Outside Director serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Member Ms. Hayashi Rie only covers the Audit & Supervisory Committee meetings held since her term commenced on June 18, 2025.

3. Audit & Supervisory Committee Member Mr. Urai Keiji retired upon the conclusion of the 109th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 16, 2026.

Specific details considered at the Audit & Supervisory Committee included: audit reports, basic matters on audit, the progress of the business plan, the agenda of and matters to be reported at the Top Management Committee, the status of audit by the Accounting Auditor, evaluation of the Accounting Auditor, status of internal audit, etc. and the plan for the following fiscal year.

Regarding the status of activities of the Audit & Supervisory Committee, the Committee regularly exchanged opinions with Representative Directors and officers in charge of each department, and exchanged opinions with Directors, Corporate Officers and other employees as necessary with respect to individual management issues. In addition, full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Members attended the Top Management Committee and other important meetings and heard reports about issues that are important to the management of the Company and the Group, including the status of business execution, operating results and financial conditions. These Committee Members also received important information, etc., including draft plans after approval and internal auditing reports for review, and conducted on-site examinations at facilities, places of operations, etc. of the Group. Full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Members reported to Outside Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members at the Audit & Supervisory Committee's meetings about information gathered through these efforts and add appropriate explanations about such information from the perspectives of those well-versed in the business of the Company. In turn, Outside Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members provided guidance and state opinions based on their expertise and experiences outside the Company. By following these different roles and mutually complementing each other's functions, they increased the effectiveness of audits by Audit & Supervisory Committee Members.

ii. Internal audit

The Company's Internal Audits Department has adopted the mission of contributing to the realization of the Corporate Image in 2050 that the NANKAI Group should aim for by balancing the sustainable improvement of corporate value with the realization of a sustainable society through internal audit activities, and it has set the following four items as key audit themes among our Sustainable Key Themes (Material Issues).

- Further seeking safety, security, and satisfaction
- Creating an environment in which each and every employee can feel happiness, fulfillment, and growth
- Contributing to preserving the global environment
- Bolstering a corporate foundation that is sincere and fair

(i) Organization, members, processes of internal audits

The Internal Audits Department operates independently from business execution divisions, with the President and Representative Director as the Corporate officer, Special Head. Under the leadership of the Corporate Officer in charge of the Internal Audits Department, a team of 13 staff members conducts internal audits as well as assessments of internal control over financial reporting.

In addition, 7 Audit & Supervisory Committee Members of group companies belonging to the Internal Audits Department conduct audits of auditors based on audit plans set for their respective appointed companies, identifying priority monitoring items to ensure timely understanding of conditions and to supervise and oversee management. These audits are used as supplementary measures for internal audits.

As various risks continue to grow and the scope of audit subjects expands, the Internal Audits Division formulated the Medium-term Audit Plan, covering the four years from fiscal 2024 to fiscal 2027, based on four key audit themes selected with reference to risk maps prepared and updated by the Risk Management Committee, in order to facilitate the implementation of effective internal audits with more depth. Based on this Medium-term Audit Plan, audit themes and target departments are prioritized in the annual audit plan and internal audits are conducted accordingly.

Furthermore, as needed, flexible audits are conducted when specific issues arise or when high risks are anticipated outside of the annual audit themes.

(ii) Initiatives to ensure the effectiveness of internal audits

The Corporate Officer in Charge of the Internal Audits Department reports as appropriate to the President and Representative Director on internal audit plans, implementation status, and results. Furthermore, direct reports are made to full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Members every month, and to both the Board of Directors and the Audit & Supervisory Committee every six months.

In addition, the Company has established the Human Resources Development Program for the Internal Audits Department, with the aim of improving internal audit quality. This program identifies the current capabilities of the Internal Audits Department as a whole and supports the enhancement of individual skills through the human resource training strategy, including by assisting staff members in obtaining the Certified Internal Auditor (CIA) qualification.

iii. Accounting audit

(i) Name of the Accounting Auditor

KPMG AZSA LLC.

(ii) Period of continuous service: 57 years

The period of continuous service shown above corresponds to the period since Asahi & Co., which later became (part of) KPMG AZSA LLC, was established as an audit firm, due to extreme difficulties to ascertain the situation prior to that time.

(iii) Certified public accountants who execute the audit

The Company has entered into an audit contract with KPMG AZSA LLC., for the purpose of audit on Non-Consolidated and Consolidated Financial Statements. In the most recent fiscal year ended March 31, 2026, the following two certified public accountants were designated as engagement partners in charge of audit and attestation services.

Classification	Name	Years of continuous service
Designated limited liability partner	Obata Takuya	2 years
Designated limited liability partner	Yamano Kimiko	1 year

In the fiscal year ending March 31, 2027, the Company continues its audit contract with KPMG AZSA LLC., and the following two certified public accountants are designated as engagement partners in charge of audit and attestation services.

Classification	Name
Designated limited liability partner	Obata Takuya
Designated limited liability partner	Yamano Kimiko

(iv) Assistants of audit services

Assistants of audit services were selected in accordance with the selection standards of the Accounting Auditor, namely, 26 certified public accountants, 11 persons who have passed the CPA examinations and 39 other members.

(v) Policy for selecting the Accounting Auditor

The Audit & Supervisory Committee selects the Accounting Auditor based on consideration of their independence and quality control systems including systems to ensure the fair execution of duties, as well as factors such as whether the audit plans actually reflect risks to the Company's business, and whether the projected audit fees are appropriate. The Audit & Supervisory Committee also requires the Accounting Auditor to provide explanations regarding the status of its independence and quality control, and the appropriateness of its system for executing audit duties, and confirms the status of their maintenance and operation.

The Company's policy on the dismissal of or decision to not reappoint the Accounting Auditor is as follows.
[Policy on the dismissal of or decision to not reappoint the Accounting Auditor]

If The Audit & Supervisory Committee judges that the situation of the Accounting Auditor corresponds to the items listed in Article 340, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act, the Company will dismiss the Accounting Auditor based on the unanimous agreement of all Audit & Supervisory Committee Members.

If the Accounting Auditor is otherwise no longer considered capable of performing its duties appropriately, or if it is judged reasonable to change Accounting Auditors in order to increase the fairness and propriety of the audit, The Audit & Supervisory Committee will determine the contents of a proposal on the dismissal or non-reappointment to be submitted to the General Meeting of Shareholders.

iv. Cooperation among internal audit, audit by the Audit & Supervisory Committee, and accounting audit

(i) Cooperation between internal audit and audit by the Audit & Supervisory Committee (including audit by Audit & Supervisory Committee Members)

The Audit & Supervisory Committee conducts interviews with the Internal Audit Department on the audit plan they developed, and receives reports based on the plan, and asks for an explanation as necessary. The Audit & Supervisory Committee will also make efforts to strengthen autonomous monitoring function by attending field audits and exchanging opinions, which will lead to the further enhancement of audits through closer cooperation between internal audit and audit by the Audit & Supervisory Committee and result in the strengthening of its independent supervisory functions.

(ii) Cooperation between audit by the Audit & Supervisory Committee (including audit by Audit & Supervisory Committee Members) and accounting audit

The Audit & Supervisory Committee conducts interviews with the Accounting Auditor on the audit plan, receives reports on the status of audit implementation in light of the plan on a quarterly basis, informs the Accounting Auditor of the audit plans of the Audit & Supervisory Committee, and holds question and answer sessions. The Audit & Supervisory Committee will also make efforts to improve the quality of both audits by the Audit & Supervisory Committee and accounting audits through closer cooperation with the Accounting Auditor, such as by attending field audits conducted by the Accounting Auditor, as well as holding meetings with the Accounting Auditor where they can exchange information obtained through audits conducted by the Audit & Supervisory Committee Members and accounting audits conducted by the Accounting Auditor, respectively, as necessary.

(iii) Cooperation between internal audit and accounting audit

The Internal Audit Department gains an understanding from the Accounting Auditor regarding the audit plan annually in July. Together with Audit & Supervisory Committee Members and related departments, the Internal Audit Department will receive reports about the implementation status of audits from the Accounting Auditor. The Internal Audit Department also strives to enhance the cooperation with the Accounting Auditor by attending field audits conducted by the Accounting Auditor as necessary.

v. Relationship among internal audit, audit by the Audit & Supervisory Committee, accounting audit, and the Internal Control Department

(i) Relationship between internal audit and the Internal Control Department

The Internal Audit Department is required to conduct audits to examine whether systems of each department responsible for the development and operation of the internal control system are properly developed and effectively operated. Chief Managers, Managers and related employees of departments subject to audit are required to cooperate so that the relevant audits are carried out smoothly and swiftly. The results of the relevant audits are promptly reported by The Corporate Officer in Charge of the Internal Audits Department to the President and Representative Director, and also shared with the relevant Internal Control Department.

(ii) Relationship between audit by the Audit & Supervisory Committee and the Internal Control Department
Full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Members will establish a system in which they can carry out interviews individually with Officers and Chief Managers in charge of each department that develops and operates each system related to the internal control system as well as with the presidents of group companies, whereby full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Members can confirm the effectiveness of the relevant systems.

(iii) Relationship between accounting audit and the Internal Control Department

Officers, Chief Managers, Managers, and related employees of the Accounting & Finance Department have established, in collaboration with the Internal Audit Department, a system in which they can cooperate with the Accounting Auditor in order that accounting audits are carried out by the Accounting Auditor smoothly and effectively.

The Accounting & Finance Department and Internal Audit Department both attend the presentation of the audit report to the Audit & Supervisory Committee by the Accounting Auditor.

2) Outside Officers

i. Functions and roles to be fulfilled in corporate governance

Outside Directors are expected to utilize their knowledge, experience and expertise as business managers, certified public accountants or consultants for the management of the Company. They are responsible for the function which contributes to the improvement of efficiency and transparency in management from their independent standpoints without any mutual relationship which may impose significant control over the management of the Company.

Outside Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members are expected to utilize their knowledge, experience and expertise as managers, lawyers for the auditing of the Company. They are responsible for the function which contributes to the securing of transparency in management and the qualitative improvement of audits from their independent standpoints without any mutual relationship which may impose significant control over the management of the Company.

ii. Cooperation among supervision/audit, internal audit, audit by the Audit & Supervisory Committee, and accounting audit

(i) Cooperation between supervision/audit and internal audit

The Board of Directors and the Audit & Supervisory Committee obtain audit plans from the Internal Audit Department and receive reports on audits based on the plans. The Audit & Supervisory Committee also requests explanations from the Internal Audit Department and the Compliance Management Promotion Department as necessary.

(ii) Cooperation between supervision and audit by the Audit & Supervisory Committee (including audit by Audit & Supervisory Committee Members)

The Company holds meetings for Representative Directors, Outside Directors not serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members and the Audit & Supervisory Committee to exchange opinions, in order to ensure the effectiveness of audits by the Audit & Supervisory Committee.

(iii) Cooperation between supervision/audit and accounting audit

The Audit & Supervisory Committee obtains audit plans from the Accounting Auditor with the attendance of Outside Directors not serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members. In addition to an exchange of opinions on audit plans, question and answer sessions are held with the Accounting Auditor as necessary.

iii. Relationship between supervision/audit and the Internal Control Department

As provided above in [Supporting System for Outside Directors] shown in “1. Organizational Composition and Operation.”

iv. Agreement for limitation of liability

The Company has concluded an agreement with Directors; Mr. Tsunekage Hitoshi, Ms. Koezuka Miharu, Ms. Mochizuki Aiko, and Mr. Hori Naoki, and with Directors serving as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members; Mr. Kunibe Takeshi, Mr. Miki Shohei, Mr. Tanaka Takahiro and Ms. Hayashi Rie to limit their liability for damages stipulated in Article 423, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act, pursuant to the provisions of Article 427, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act and Article 26 of the Articles of Incorporation. The maximum amount of liability for damages based on the agreement shall be the amount stipulated by laws and regulations.

3. Reasons for Adoption of Current Corporate Governance System

As described above in “2. Matters on Functions of Business Execution, Auditing, Oversight, Nomination and Remuneration Decisions (Overview of Current Corporate Governance System),” the Company has adopted the present corporate governance system, including the adoption of an Audit & Supervisory Committee structure, because it considers that the system is appropriate in view of its aim to introduce a Monitoring Board structure, clearly separating its executive and supervisory functions.

III. Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Stakeholders

1. Measures to Vitalize the General Shareholder Meetings and Smooth Exercise of Voting Rights

Updated

	Supplementary Explanations
Early Notification of General Shareholder Meeting	Materials for the general meeting of shareholders are posted on the respective websites of the Company and the Tokyo Stock Exchange as soon as possible from the electronic provision measures commencement date (the day three weeks prior to the day of the general meeting of shareholders or the day on which the notice of convocation is sent; whichever is earlier) stipulated in the Companies Act, and the notice of convocation of the general meeting of shareholders is sent in principle from around 3 to 6 business days prior to the statutory deadline (at least 2 weeks prior to the general meeting of shareholders). [109th Meeting] • Posting on the websites of the Company and Tokyo Stock Exchange Six business days prior to the date of sending • Sending Three business days prior to the statutory deadline
Scheduling AGMs Avoiding the Peak Day	The Company sets the schedule for the general meeting of shareholders in principle to avoid the foremost peak day. The 109th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, which is for the most recent fiscal year, was held on June 16, 2026, avoiding the foremost peak day.
Allowing Electronic Exercise of Voting Rights	The Company provides exercise of voting rights via the Internet, etc. for the general meeting of shareholders.
Utilization of Electronic Voting Platform and Other Methods to Improve the Environment for Institutional Investors' Voting	The Company participates in the Electronic Voting Platform operated by ICJ, Inc.
Providing Convocation Notice in English	The Company prepares an English version of the convocation notice including its reference documents.

Other	Materials for the general meeting of shareholders are posted on the Company's website. (https://www.nankai.co.jp/ir/stock/meeting) (available in Japanese only)
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2. IR Activities **Updated**

	Supplementary Explanations	Presentation by Representatives
Formulation and Announcement of Disclosure Policy	The Disclosure Policy has been formulated and posted on the Company's website. (https://www.nankai.co.jp/en/ir/management/disclosure_policy)	
Regular Investor Briefings for Individual Investors	The Company holds briefings on the Company's business overview, business performance, and management plan in person and online.	Not available
Regular Investor Briefings for Analysts and Institutional Investors	The Company holds in-person and online briefings twice a year, in May and November. Following items are to be explained at each briefing session; the outline of financial results and financial results forecasts respectively for the first six months and the full-year, the progress of the medium-term management plan, and other related items.	Available
Posting of IR Materials on Website	IR materials are posted on the Company's website. (https://www.nankai.co.jp/en/ir)	
Establishment of Department and/or Manager in Charge of IR	IR activities are handled by Sustainability Promotion Department. The officer in charge of IR activities is Sakamoto Satoko, Senior Corporate Officer (CFO). Please refer to the Company's website regarding enquiries about IR information. (https://www.nankai.co.jp/en/ir/support/inquiry)	

3. Measures to Ensure Due Respect for Stakeholders **Updated**

	Supplementary Explanations
Stipulation of Internal Rules for Respecting the Position of Stakeholders	The Company established the "NANKAI Group's Social Mission," which sets out the identity (ideal form) of the NANKAI Group together with its approach to contributing to society through its diverse businesses, including public transportation, real estate, distribution, leisure and services, and construction. The Company also set "Ensuring compliance meticulously" as one of the Group management policies and established its Code of Business Ethics for the sound growth of the Company and group companies as well as for the establishment of business ethics. Through these initiatives, we are committed to the promotion of compliance-based management. In our efforts to enhance customer satisfaction (CS), we have established "Public Transport Group CS Activity Guidelines," for the Group company engaged in the public transportation business, and we are engaged in various measures from the viewpoints of our customers. The Group also takes all possible precautions to prevent accidents by continuing investment and employee training with a view to "assuring safety," which is the Group's most important responsibility. Preparing for the occurrence of disasters, in order to secure the safety of customers, the highest priority, and aiming for early recovery of our business activities, we have established the Disaster

	Countermeasure Regulations, in a commitment to fulfilling our corporate social responsibilities. In addition, in the case of an emergency such as a major earthquake, in order to prevent the interruption of important business activities, or to enable the recovery of such activities as quickly as possible in the event of interruption, we have formulated the Business Continuity Plan (BCP), which stipulates countermeasures to be taken beforehand and action plans.
Implementation of Environmental Activities, CSR Activities, etc.	To more clearly communicate the Group's commitment to sustainably improving corporate value and realizing a sustainable society to both internal and external stakeholders, the Group has formulated the NANKAI Group Sustainability Policy, which is published on the Company's website [https://www.nankai.co.jp/en/sustainability/sustainability_policy]. Under this policy, we have set 7 "Sustainable Key Themes (Material Issues)" incorporating the perspective of the SDGs, as priority long-term measures. One of these themes, "Contributing to preserving the global environment," is positioned as an environmental material issue. To this end, we have established the "NANKAI Group Environmental Basic Policy," which serves as the foundation of our environmental initiatives. Based on this, we promote a variety of initiatives in each business. Details of our initiatives for preserving the environment are compiled in the "Integrated Report," available on the Company's website [https://www.nankai.co.jp/en/ir/library/integrated_report]. Additionally, as a part of social contribution activities, the Company has established a scholarship fund to provide support for high school students orphaned in traffic accidents mainly in Osaka Prefecture with the aim of contributing to the development of promising human resources.
Development of Policies on Information Provision to Stakeholders	For the purpose of timely disclosure of corporate information, the Company has internally appointed an officer in charge of handling information. We have also strived to properly comprehend material corporate information as well as to strictly control such information. In disclosing information, the Company prepares disclosure documents following the deliberation with related departments while receiving advice and instructions from the Accounting Auditor, etc. as necessary. Such documents are promptly disclosed following the resolution or reporting at the Board of Directors' meeting, etc. Additionally, we have been making group-wide efforts toward the realization of the principle of the precise announcement of financial results within the month following closing date.
Other	The Company intends to appoint competent persons as officers or managerial staff regardless of gender. The Company also intends to enhance its corporate value and fulfill its social mission by putting into practice innovation in the Nankai style while enabling each of the employees to be feel happiness, fulfillment, and growth. Particularly, in order to further promote female advancement, the Company will make efforts to increase the number of women employed in various fields and as various posts including managerial and leadership positions. We intend to steadily raise the percentage of women to the total number of recruits (increase the percentage of women to the total number of new hires [consolidated] to around 30% by fiscal 2030 and the percentage of women to the total number of new graduate hires on the Management Course* to around 50% for recruits in administration positions and 10% for recruits in engineering positions [non-consolidated]). Accordingly, the Company will continue to enhance its initiatives to provide more opportunities for women to play a greater role, such as the provision of expanded career development support, the improvement of the working

	environment, reforms of the workplace culture and employee's awareness, etc. *Career track course that aims to allow hires to play a more active role as a manager or as management personnel.
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IV. Matters Related to the Internal Control System

1. Basic Views on Internal Control System and the Progress of System Development **Updated**

(1) Basic views

We recognize that the strengthening of corporate governance functions is an important management issue. For this reason, we have strived to implement strict adherence to laws and regulations. Additionally, we have been making efforts to achieve transparent management, fair and rational decision-making, and reinforcement of functions to oversee these operations.

(2) Progress of development

1) System to ensure that the execution of duties by Directors, etc. of the Company and its subsidiaries conforms to laws, regulations, and the Articles of Incorporation

For the sound growth of the Company and group companies and for the establishment of business ethics, in addition to creating Code of Business Ethics, we have created dedicated respective organizations responsible for the promotion of internal auditing and compliance-based management.

As a guideline to deepen the spirit of our Code of Business Ethics, the Company created a Compliance Handbook which specifies the particular business operations and conducts required for each officer and employee of the Company and group companies. By conforming ourselves to the Compliance Manual and providing training sessions, we are committed to achieving the instilment of the philosophy of compliance-based management as well as the elimination of relationships with anti-social forces. We have also established a Corporate Ethics Hotline System where officers and employees can send reports or receive consultations, with the aim of early detection or correction of legal and ethical issues.

In addition, the Risk Management Committee deliberates various measures for the promotion of compliance-based management, and in the event of a serious compliance violation, will make proposals for corrections and recurrence prevention measures.

Moreover, in addition to properly establishing and operating systems which are necessary for ensuring the reliability of financial reporting, we will be committed to maintaining and improving such systems through evaluations of their effectiveness by the Internal Audit Department.

2) Systems related to storing and managing information concerning the execution of duties by Directors

Documents related to the execution of duties by Directors and Corporate Officers, including circulated draft plans and the minutes of the Board of Directors' meetings and other important meetings, are prepared appropriately, stored and managed in accordance with our Document Regulations and other in-house company rules. In addition, we have established a Security Policy and, under the "Information Security Committee," we will arrange systems where we can appropriately safeguard the Company's and Group companies' information resources and secure their "confidentiality," "completeness," and "availability." At the same time, we will build an effective IT governance system for the Company and Group companies.

3) Regulations and other systems related to the management of loss risk for the Company and its subsidiaries

The Company has established the Risk Management Committee with the aim of avoiding or reducing risks that may have a significant impact on the Group's management, including compliance violation, by conducting comprehensive and centralized risk management within the Group, and has established a system to report the status of risk management to the Board of Directors.

The Company has established the Crisis Management Guidelines as comprehensive standards to prevent the occurrence of crises (excluding serious accidents and disasters) as well as to minimize damage to the Company, its officers and employees, and customers should they occur. In addition, we have established the Disaster Countermeasure Regulations with the aim of fulfilling our corporate social responsibilities particularly by taking measures to minimize damage such as regulating a countermeasure organization and emergency handling procedures for occurrence or potential occurrence of major accidents and disasters, efforts for early recovery of the Company's operations, as well as commitment to secure the safety of customers, and our officers and employees.

Moreover, in the Group Governance Regulations, it is stipulated that we shall work to grasp crisis information across group companies and conduct crisis management for group companies in accordance with our Crisis Management Guidelines.

In the railway business, for the purpose of securing transportation safety in Nankai Electric Railway Co., Ltd., the Company has established the Safety Management Regulations and the Safety Promotion Committee. The Board of Directors has established a framework under which it receives reports, as appropriate, on safety initiatives for the railway business. Going forward, we will be committed to the further promotion of safety management.

We have established an incident response team (CSIRT) under the Information Security Committee to swiftly and appropriately deal with IT incidents that occur in the Company or a Group company. We are also working to raise security awareness through ongoing training during normal times.

With respect to risk management accompanying the respective business operations of each of the Company's departments and group companies, the relevant departments and companies have been taking measures such as the provision of training sessions, the development of manuals and regulations, etc., as necessary.

4) System to ensure the efficient execution of duties by Directors and others in the Company and its subsidiaries

In order to realize the systematic and efficient conduct of our business activities, in our in-house company rules, we have clearly stipulated the business organizations and the assignment of duties as well as the responsibilities, authorities, duties and other roles of the employees assigned to the respective positions.

Moreover, we have adopted the structure of a Company with an Audit & Supervisory Committee, delegating decisions regarding important business execution to Representative Directors, and a system of Corporate Officers, giving Corporate Officers responsibility for business execution, and enhancing the agility of business execution by clearly separating the Company's executive and supervisory functions. Based on the fundamental management policies established by the Board of Directors, the Top Management Committee, which is comprised of the President, and Head of the Executive Division, meets once a week to discuss matters on important business execution. Through this and other efforts, we seek to comprehensively control business execution and optimize decision-making on management.

For the execution of duties by Directors of Nankai group companies, we have established a framework based on our Group Governance Regulations under which we exercise oversight and provide support, as necessary, to ensure the sound management of the Group as a whole, while respecting each Group company's agility and autonomy in management. Moreover, with the aim of ensuring the reliability of financial reporting and achieving the higher efficiency in business operations, we have adopted shared services for accounting operations.

In addition, for the purpose of enhancing management effectiveness, particularly in order to accurately understand the state of business operations and promote their improvement, we have established a system where the Internal Audit Department can systematically implement internal audits including audits for group companies, and report the results to the Board of Directors and the Audit & Supervisory Committee.

5) Systems related to reporting to the Company about items concerning the execution of duties by subsidiary company Directors and other staff

Based on the Group Governance Regulations, we maintain close contact for mutual understanding between the Company and our group companies. We also require group companies to obtain advance approval from the Company for items of a certain importance on management such as important facility investments, and ask for reporting as appropriate.

6) Systems to ensure the propriety of business conducted by other group members

While we strive for unified management and effective control as a corporate group by dispatching our officers and employees to serve as officers and management personnel in our group companies, we seek to strengthen the functions of Auditors of our group companies and enhance their information sharing through the placement of Associate Auditors and discussions at the Group Company Auditor Counsel.

Furthermore, we have formulated the "Nankai Group Information Security Management Standards" to ensure appropriate information security practices at Group companies. Furthermore, strict screening procedures by the Company's Examination Committee have been established for loans to Group companies, thereby ensuring the propriety of business across the whole Group.

7) System to ensure that the auditing by the Audit & Supervisory Committee is conducted effectively

We have established the Secretariat of Audit & Supervisory Committee as an organization dedicated to work related to the Audit & Supervisory Committee. In accordance with the Company Regulations, the Secretariat of Audit & Supervisory Committee is clearly separated from the command structure of the President and other Corporate Officers, and its staff members follow the directions and orders of Audit & Supervisory Committee Members. In addition, the consent of full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Members shall be obtained regarding personnel changes and evaluations of members of the Secretariat of Audit & Supervisory Committee.

The Company's President, other Corporate Officers and employees request that full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Members attend the Top Management Committee and other important meetings where they report about issues that are important to the management of the Company and the Group, including the status of business execution, operating results, and financial conditions. We have also arranged a system for full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Members where they can receive important information, etc., including draft plans after approval and internal auditing reports, for review. Moreover, in response to requests from the Audit & Supervisory Committee or full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Members, we conduct exchanges of opinions related to individual management issues.

For the operation of the Corporate Ethics Hotline System, the Corporate Ethics Hotline System Rules declare that officers and employees shall not treat informants disadvantageously or unfairly, nor shall they conduct acts of retribution or discrimination. Moreover, we have established a system whereby reports about the status of the operation are made regularly to full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Members and the Board of Directors.

While setting a budget for ordinary auditing expenses based on the audit plans of the Audit & Supervisory Committee, when expenses are claimed outside of the budget for special circumstances such as for when Audit & Supervisory Committee Members consult lawyers, certified public accountants, and other experts outside the Company for their opinions for the purpose of executing their duties, the Company shall not unreasonably withhold payment except for cases where the claimed expenses are deemed unnecessary for the execution of the duties of the Audit & Supervisory Committee.

2. Basic Views on Eliminating Anti-Social Forces

(1) Basic views

For the sound growth of the Company and group companies and for the establishment of corporate ethics, the Company has formulated the Code of Business Ethics. The Code of Business Ethics specifies our intention to reject all contact with organizations involved in activities in violation of the law or accepted standards of responsible social behavior, and represents our efforts to break off any relationships with anti-social forces.

(2) Progress of development

The Company has distributed the Compliance Handbook to all officers and employees as a guide for them to make decisions and act in such a way that ensures compliance in accordance with the Code of Business Ethics. In order to eliminate anti-social forces, the Company has set up the Compliance Management Promotion Department, which is manned full-time by a former member of the police.

In addition to the aforementioned matters, the specific progress of internal system development and measures are as follows.

- 1) The President expresses the spirit of the Code of Business Ethics and gives statements in every possible occasion inside and outside the Company in order to deepen the spirit of the Group as a whole and each officer and employee.
- 2) If unreasonable demands are posed by anti-social forces, immediate reporting and consultation shall be made to the Compliance Management Promotion Department. In response, the Compliance Management Promotion Department shall not succumb to demands from anti-social forces, but support the initiatives to break off relationships by giving advice and instructions. Additionally, the Company has built close collaborations with external specialized organizations (the police, lawyers, the Osaka Center for Removal of Criminal Organizations, etc.), which enables us to consult them and receive advice as necessary.
- 3) Counterparties shall always be monitored whether they fall under anti-social forces by utilizing the Company's own database, information from external specialized organizations, etc. In addition, in the event of occurrence of any relationship with anti-social forces without prior knowledge, the Company shall promptly terminate the relationship after discovery or concerns to that effect.

- 4) In order to prevent damage in cases where anti-social forces become our business partners and pose unreasonable demands, the Company has taken measures to include “clauses for the exclusion of organized crime groups” in contracts, trade agreements, and similar documents.
- 5) The Company participates in community activities and meetings hosted by the Osaka Prefectural Center for Removal of Criminal Organizations, the Osaka Corporate Defense Countermeasures Federation, etc. to eliminate anti-social forces including crime syndicates.
- 6) In the event that any damage is caused due to unreasonable demands, the Company shall clearly declare inside and outside the Company that it will not succumb to unreasonable demands, and diligently file a damage report to the police without hesitation to prevent the further spread of damage.

V. Other

1. Adoption of Anti-Takeover Measures

Adoption of Anti-Takeover Measures	Not Adopted
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Supplementary Explanation **Updated**

(1) Basic Policy

The Company believes that the decision in response to a takeover proposal involving a transfer of the Company’s control shall be ultimately made based on the intent of our shareholders as a whole. Furthermore, the Company will not deny all large-scale purchases of the Company’s shares if such purchases contribute to corporate value and thus the common interests of shareholders.

However, some large-scale purchases do not actually contribute to the corporate value of their target companies or the common interests of shareholders. These include acquisitions with aims that obviously do harm to corporate value and the common interests of shareholders, those that effectively force existing shareholders to sell their holdings, and those that do not provide sufficient time or information for the Board of Directors and shareholders of the target company to consider the details of the large-scale purchase, or for the Board of Directors to present an alternative proposal.

In particular, in order to secure and enhance corporate value, it is necessary for the Company to maintain and strengthen its positive relationship of trust with its customers, centered around those who live close to its lines, and the local community. Furthermore, it is imperative that we ensure safe transportation, our greatest responsibility as a Group engaged in the public transportation business. While it is of course necessary for any large-scale buyer of the company’s shares to understand details of the Group’s finance and business, it is also vital for such a buyer to understand the source of the Company’s corporate value, secure and enhance it over the medium and long term. If this is not the case, then the Company’s corporate value and the common interests of shareholders will be damaged.

The Company believes that if a large-scale buyer does not contribute to the Company’s corporate value and the common interests of shareholders, it is not appropriate for that buyer to control the Company’s finance and business policy. In response to large-scale purchases of this nature, we believe it is necessary to engage appropriate measures, in accordance with the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, the Companies Act and other relevant laws and regulations, to secure the Company’s corporate value and the common interests of shareholders.

(2) Summary of the Details of Efforts to Realize the Fundamental Policy

1) Special efforts contributing to the realization of the fundamental policy

In order to help realize Nankai’s Corporate Image in 2050 and achieve the Nankai Group Management Vision 2027, the Group is steadily taking various measures based on NANKAI Group Medium-term Management Plan 2025-2027.

In this medium-term management plan, as described on the Company’s website

[https://www.nankai.co.jp/en/ir/management/medium-term_management_plan], we will boldly focus our investments on our two core businesses, namely the real estate and public transport businesses, aiming at sustainable growth and the improvement of corporate value over the medium and long term.

2) Efforts to prevent decisions on the Company’s financial and business policy being controlled by those who are inappropriate in light of the fundamental policy

In an effort to prevent decisions on the Company's financial and business policy being controlled by those who are inappropriate in light of the fundamental policy, the Company will request any party intending to undertake a large-scale purchase of the Company's shares to provide information necessary for shareholders and the Board of Directors to consider the details of the purchase. Based on this information, the Board of Directors will discuss and negotiate with the buyer as necessary, and present the opinion of the Board of Directors to shareholders. In addition, the Company will engage appropriate measures, in accordance with the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, the Companies Act and other relevant laws and regulations, including working to ensure that shareholders have sufficient time to make an appropriate decision on the purchase.

(3) The decision of the Board of Directors and its reasons concerning each effort described above
The initiatives mentioned in 1) of (2) above, have both been established as concrete measures to continuously and sustainably enhance corporate value of the Company and the common interests of shareholders, and clearly contribute to the realization of the fundamental policy.

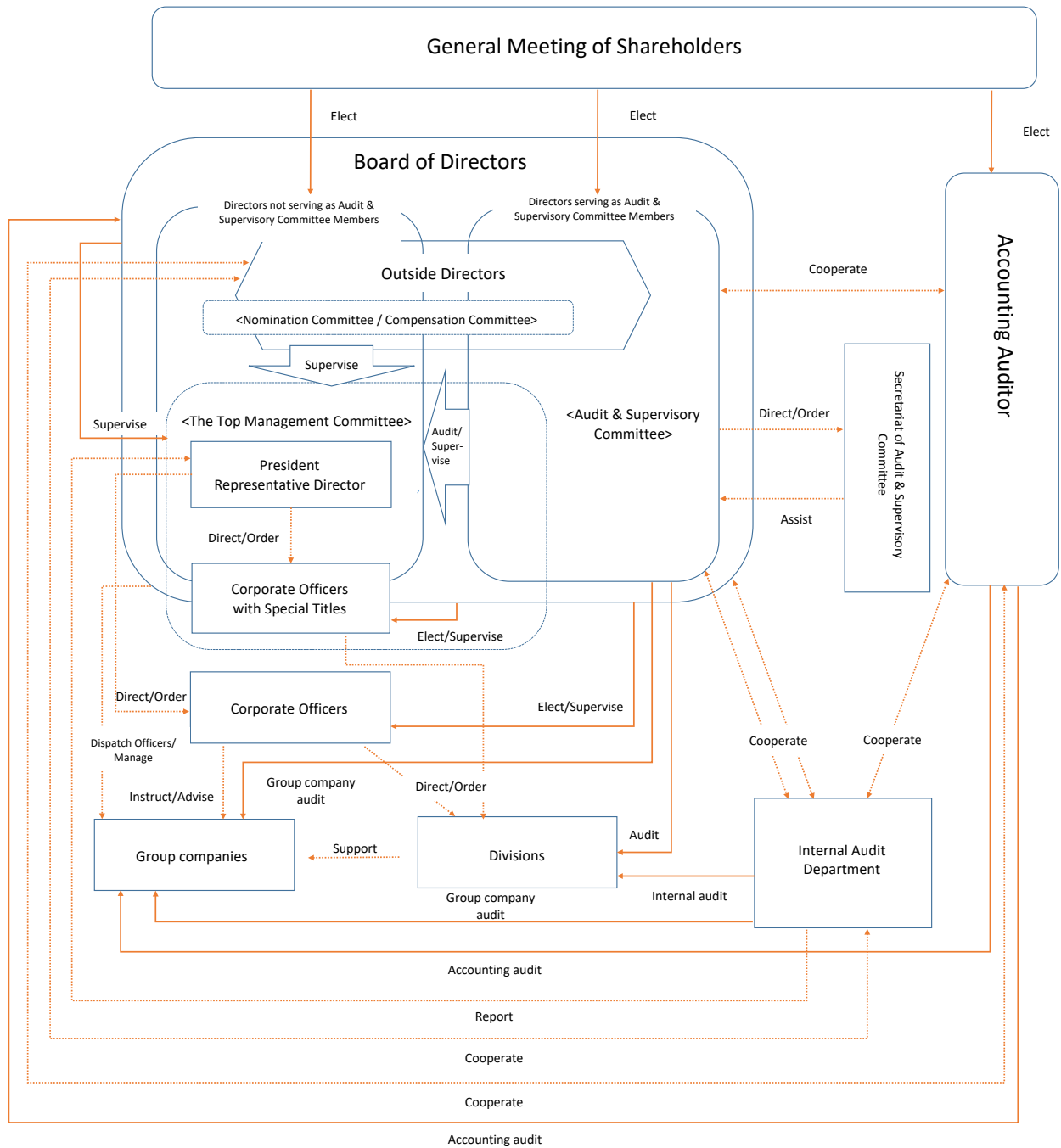
Likewise, the efforts described in 2) of (2) above are aimed at warding-off acquisitions that are detrimental to corporate value and the common interests of shareholders, thus securing and enhancing corporate value and the common interests of shareholders, by ensuring sufficient time and information for all shareholders to make an appropriate decision, as well as securing an opportunity for negotiation with the potential buyer, if a large-scale acquisition of the company's stock is attempted.

Therefore, these efforts and measures conform to the fundamental policy and the common interests of shareholders of the Company, and are not aimed at maintaining the status of the Company's officers.

2. Other Matters Concerning Corporate Governance System Updated

The Timely Disclosure System of the Company has been stipulated in the Disclosure Policy and posted on the Company's website. (https://www.nankai.co.jp/en/ir/management/disclosure_policy)

【Corporate Governance System】



[Timely Disclosure System]

