



Consolidated Financial Summary for Second Quarter of the Fiscal Year Ending May 2026

Axelspace Holdings Corporation

Tokyo Stock Exchange Growth Market (Securities Code: 402A)

January 14, 2026

This document has been translated from the Japanese original for reference purposes only.
In the event of any discrepancy between this translated document and the Japanese original, the original shall prevail.

Vision and Mission

Space within Your Reach

We are pioneers of microsatellite technology advancing the frontiers of space business, reimagining traditional ways of using space, and creating a society where everyone on our planet can make space part of their lives.

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Business Overview and Business Progress

Note:

Unless otherwise specified in this material, the following applies.

“the Company”: Refers to Axelspace Holdings Corporation.

"Second Quarter" "Q2": Refers to the period from June 1 to November 30 of each year.

“Full Year”: Refers to the 12-month period from June 1 of each year to May 31 of the following year.

Exchange rate assumptions for business plan and Consolidated Financial Forecast: 1 USD = 150 yen, 1EUR = 160 yen.

Since the rate of change is calculated in yen, there may be differences when calculated based on the displayed amounts (in units of million yen).

Highlights: Q2 of FY Ending May 2026

Financial Results

- Order backlog increased 27.9% year-on-year
- Revenue was 564 million yen, a decrease year-on-year due to the impact of the manufacturing plan for government projects.
- Subsidies of 487 million yen were recorded. Total income was 1,051 million yen.

R&D / Manufacturing

- Manufacturing and development of “GRUS-3” scheduled for launch in FY Ending May 2027 is progressing as expected.
- Development of high-resolution satellites scheduled for launch in FY Ending May 2028 is progressing.

Business ^{*1}

- Selected as a Successful Bidder by Japan’s Ministry of Defense(JMOD) for “Satellite Constellation Project”
- Signing a Service contract for the provision of in-orbit demonstration services with Pale Blue Inc.

Finance & Accounting

- Cash and cash equivalents balance is 10,922 million yen.
- Third-party allotment capital increase of 806 million yen for the over-allotment portion associated with the listing.
- In line with the manufacturing progress of "GRUS-3," Construction in progress of 1,049 million yen was recorded by the end of Q2

Key Indicators

Total Income

1,051 million yen

Order Backlog

10,492 million yen

EBITDA ^{*2}

-2,044 million yen

Cash and Cash Equivalents

10,922 million yen

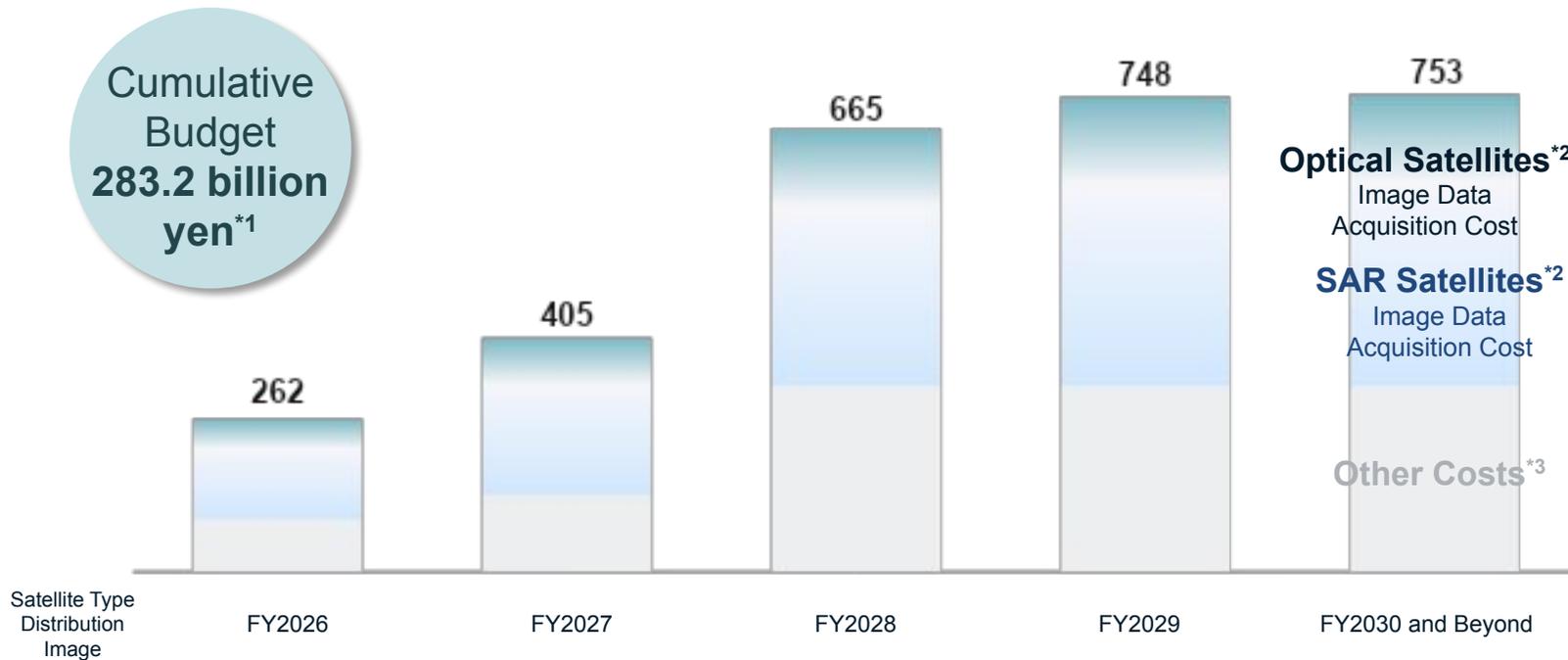
*1: Includes content announced from the end of the Q2 of FY Ending May 2026 (November 30, 2025) to the announcement date (January 14, 2026).

*2: EBITDA is calculated from profit before tax, interest expense, depreciation, and amortization of intangible assets.

Project Highlights: 2Q of FY Ending May 2026 and Beyond

Selected as a Successful Bidder by JMOD for “Satellite Constellation Project” together with six companies. Axelspace participates in this project as the **sole provider of optical imagery**.

JMOD Budget for "Satellite Constellation Project"*1



Client	Ministry of Defense (Japan)
Project Name	Satellite Constellation Project
Bidding Method	Open Competitive Tender (Comprehensive Evaluation Approach)
Project Content	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Acquisition of image data from satellite constellation Operation of dedicated ground facilities General management and related tasks
Project Period	From contract signing until March 31, 2031 (approximately 5 years)
Successful Bidders	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mitsubishi Electric Corporation SKY Perfect JSAT Corporation Mitsui & Co., Ltd. Synspective Inc. Institute for Q-shu Pioneers of Space, Inc. Axelspace Corporation Mitsui Bussan Aerospace Co., Ltd.

*1: The figures for each fiscal year are calculated by multiplying the cumulative budget of 283.2 billion yen disclosed in "Progress and Budget in Fundamental Reinforcement of Defense Capabilities (April 2025)" by the budget allocation ratio for each fiscal year disclosed in "Calculation and Payment Method (Draft) for Service Consideration for Satellite Constellation Development and Operation Project (April 2025)." The breakdown of "Image Data Acquisition Cost" and "Other Costs" has not been disclosed, and this was prepared by the company with reference to the "Payment Image Diagram" included in the materials.

*2: The breakdown between optical and SAR satellites within "Image Data Acquisition Cost" has not been disclosed. The figure is for illustrative purposes only, and the actual allocation may differ materially.

*3: The breakdown of "Other Costs" includes dedicated ground station operation and maintenance costs, dedicated ground station development costs, integrated operation system operation and maintenance costs, integrated operation system development costs, and general management business costs.

Business Overview

Developing two businesses centered on microsatellite development and manufacturing technology cultivated since the company's founding.



AxelLiner

(Service started: 2022~)

Provides **Customers' Satellite Projects**
from **Development to In-orbit Operations.**

Microsatellite Technology
(Development &
Manufacturing)



Service provision scope to customers

Development



Manufacturing



Launch



Mission

(Earth observation, etc.)



Operations



Data acquisition
and analysis



AxelGlobe

(Service started: 2019~)

Provides **Satellite Imagery and Related Services**
with **Our Operating Satellites**

Note: Images represent the concept of each process.

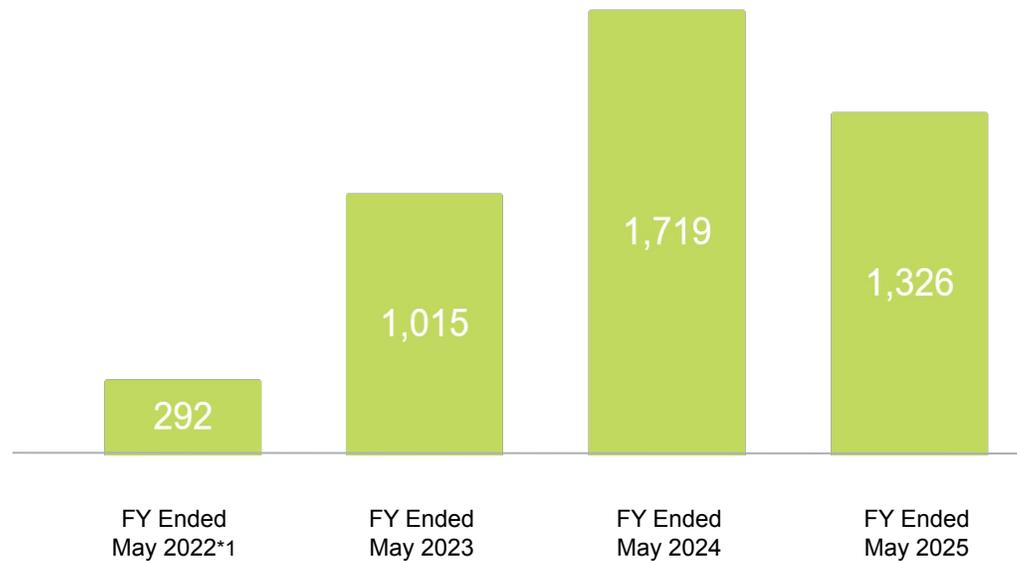
AxelLiner Business Performance

Provides development, manufacturing, launch arrangement, and in-orbit operation of microsatellite projects for customers. Current customers are primarily domestic government agencies.

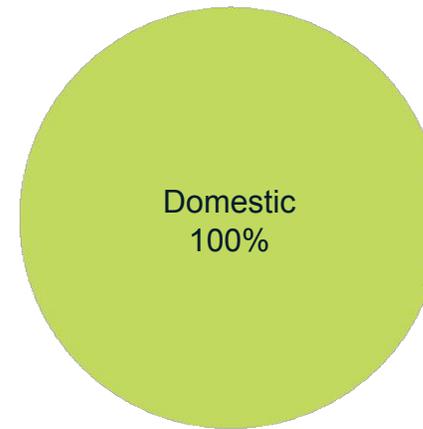
Revenue (Full year)

Major Customers of AxelLiner Business (Q2 FY Ended May 2026)

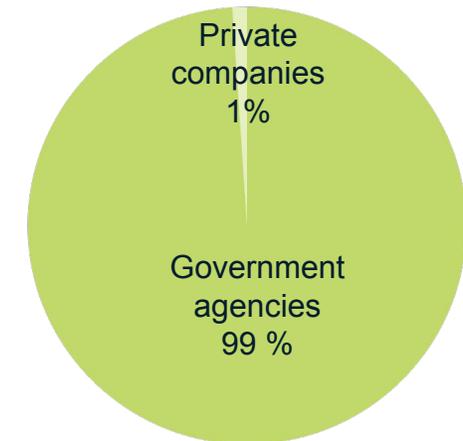
(Unit: million yen)



By Region



By Customer



*1: For FY Ended May 2022, Axelspace has not received audit certification under Article 193-2, Paragraph 1 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act or equivalent.

Source: Company websites and public materials. This page contains forward-looking information. Please refer to page 59 for assumptions, limitations, constraints, and risks regarding forward-looking information.

AxelLiner Business Progress: Major Projects

Recording revenue primarily from the current major project “K Program.”

NEDO / Key and Advanced Technology R&D through Cross Community Collaboration Program (K Program)

Project Overview	Development and demonstration of inter-satellite optical communication network systems
Project Budget	Maximum 60 billion yen*1
Implementing Organizations	Axelspace Corporation , Space Compass Corporation, NICT, NEC Corporation
Objective	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Establish satellite optical communication network technology for building global space communication infrastructure ahead of the world. Gain technological superiority in the global market and take a leading position in rule-making, etc.
Axelspace's Role	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Development of small LEO satellites, Earth observation satellites, and optical communication network control systems.

[Project Overview]

- A project aimed at research and development of technology that enables the provision of data communication and data processing services with high capacity and low latency. (See pages 10-11 for project details and project image)
- Accounted for 82.0 % of consolidated revenue in Q2 of FY Ending May 2026.
- Revenue is recorded using the percentage-of-completion method. (see page 32 for recording image)

[Order Backlog] (As of the end of Q2 of FY Ending May 2026) 9,060 million yen

- Order backlog for service provision contracts through March 2029 within the project period through NEDO's fiscal year 2031.

NEDO / Development and Demonstration of General-Purpose CubeSat and Microsatellite Buses

Project Overview	Demonstration of One-Stop Service of Small Satellite Constellation
Project Budget	Maximum 5.28 billion yen*1
Implementing Organizations	Axelspace Corporation , Synspective Inc.
Objective	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Securing domestic capability to build microsatellite constellations.
Axelspace's Role	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Versatile satellite bus development, in-orbit demonstration of 100kg-class satellites.

[Project Overview]

- A subsidy project for demonstration of design standardization, manufacturing efficiency, and operation autonomy and automation in anticipation of mass production of microsatellites.
- In Q2 of FY Ending May 2026, upon completion of FY 2024 inspection, 487 million yen was recorded as subsidy income in non-operating income.

[Order Backlog] (As of the end of Q2 of FY Ending May 2026) 1,296 million yen

- This project has been approved through FY2026 under a system in which the annual subsidy cap is announced each year.
- Subsidies from this project is recorded as non-operating income (subsidy income). The amount is calculated at a subsidy rate of two-thirds of the eligible expenses for this project.

*1: Represents the overall project scale and is not the order amount received by Axelspace.

Source: Company websites and public materials. This page contains forward-looking information. Please refer to page 59 for assumptions, limitations, constraints, and risks regarding forward-looking information.

Technology Developed Through the “K Program”

By acquiring optical communication technology, Axelspace aims to realize satellite constellation operations with fewer satellites and no data transmission time lag.

Background

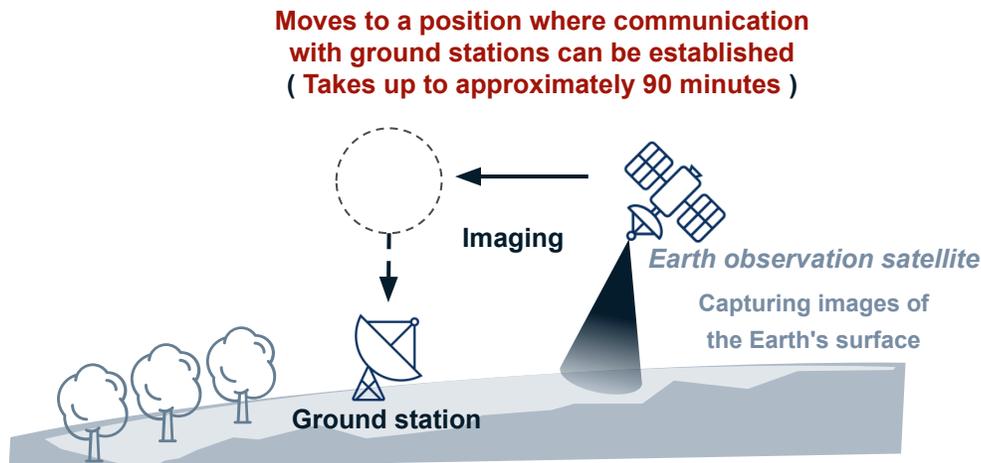
Advances in satellite technology have enabled the provision of high-quality satellite imagery at lower costs. The exchange of vast amounts of imaging data is essential to meet growing demand.

Objective

Enable near-real-time Earth observation through edge computing technology*¹ and an optical communication constellation (Earth observation by coordinating satellites with each other)

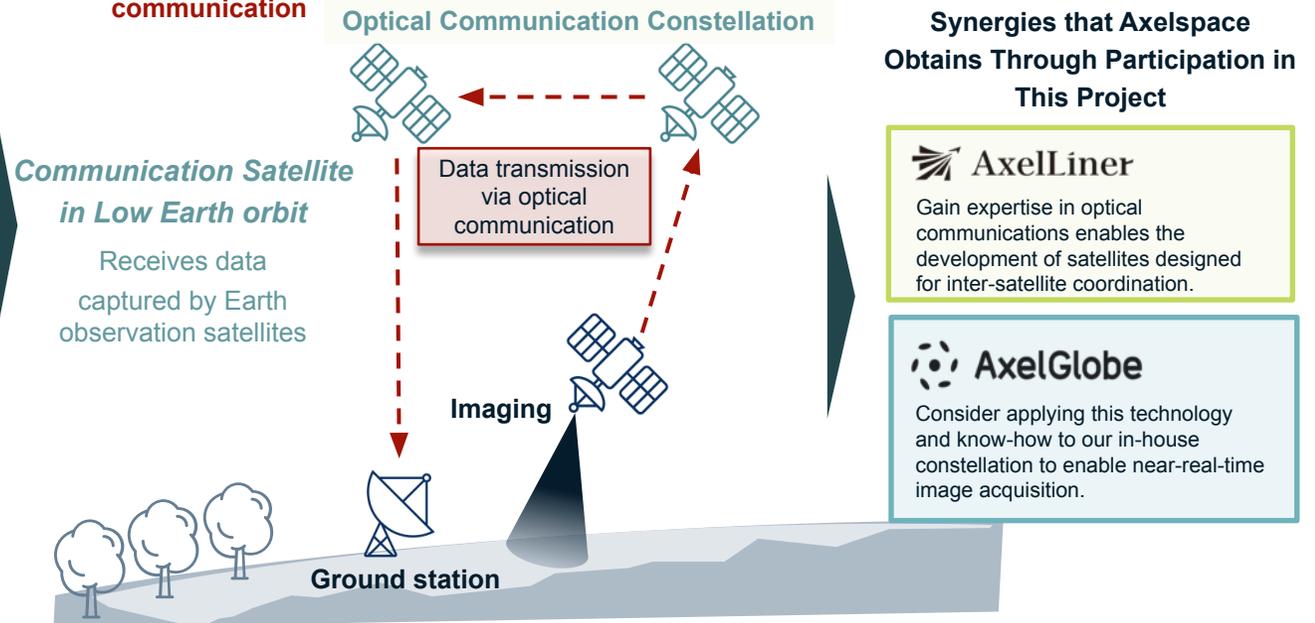
Conventional Earth Observation

- ▶ : Satellite movement
- - ▶ : Wireless communication



Near-Real-Time Earth Observation

- - ▶ : Optical communication or high-speed RF communication
- Transmit data in real time to satellites that can communicate with a ground station at that time.

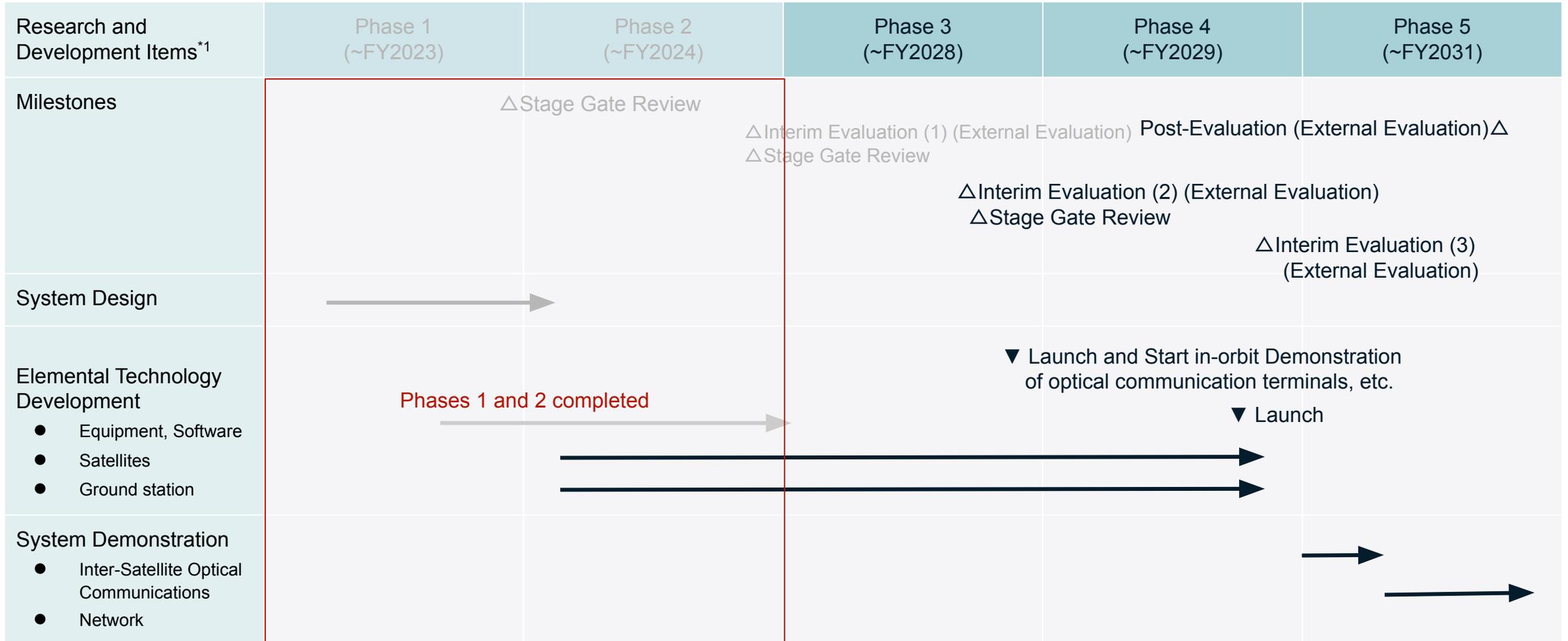


*1: Refers to technology that processes data in space and transmits compressed data to the ground.

Progress of “K Program”

Currently in the Phase 3 of research and development.

Development of elemental technologies such as satellites and ground stations is progressing toward in-orbit demonstration.



*1: The fiscal years shown in this section refer to NEDO's fiscal year (April 1 to March 31 of the following year).

Source: Prepared by the Company based on the Cabinet Office and Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry's "Research and Development Concept (Project Type) for Development and Demonstration of Satellite Constellation Infrastructure Technologies such as Optical Communications" (October 2022 (revised April 2025))

Progress of "AxelLiner Laboratory" (AL Lab)

New contract secured for in-orbit demonstration service "AL Lab" aimed at promoting space utilization including private enterprises.

Entered into a Service Provision Contract with Pale Blue, Inc., A Component Manufacturer for Microsatellites

Overview of This Project ^{*1}

Customer	Pale Blue, Inc. (Development, manufacturing, and sales of thrusters (engines) for small satellites)
Demonstration Target	<p>Fast-Start Hall Thruster "PBH-100"</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> · A thruster for 50-200kg class satellites that achieves both high thrust and high specific impulse. · Features significantly shortened startup time compared to conventional small satellite Hall thrusters, maximizing the operating time of satellite mission equipment.
Demonstration Period	2027
Contribution of Axelspace	In addition to providing demonstration opportunities through AL Lab, Axelspace will support this demonstration by leveraging knowledge gained from its position as a user of satellite components.



Jun Asakawa (left), Representative Director of Pale Blue, and Yuya Nakamura, President and CEO of the Company

*1: For project details, please refer to "[Notice of Signing a Service contract for In-Orbit Demonstration with Pale Blue Inc.](#)" released on December 16.

Distinctive Features in Axelspace's In-Orbit Demonstration Services

Axelspace provides shared-ride opportunities for in-orbit demonstration — an essential process for developing space-bound products — accelerating customers' path to commercialization.

Position and Overview of In-orbit Demonstration in the Development Process for Space Products

General Process

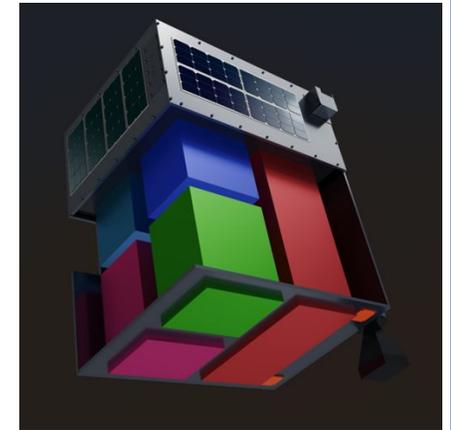


Overview of In-Orbit Demonstration

- Space components under development are mounted on satellites and verified by actual operation in orbit (space environment).
- Not merely launching, but conducting payload design, operation planning, and data acquisition to evaluate product practicality.

Key Features in Axelspace's In-orbit Demonstration Service

- By providing rideshare-type services using versatile buses, Axelspace reduces costs while shortening lead time to demonstration. This contributes to accelerating the process from technology verification to commercialization.
 - Single-company demonstrations tend to require extended preparation periods for satellite manufacturing, etc., with significant cost burdens.
- Opportunities to conduct rideshare-type in-orbit demonstrations domestically are limited, and globally, only a few companies provide similar services.



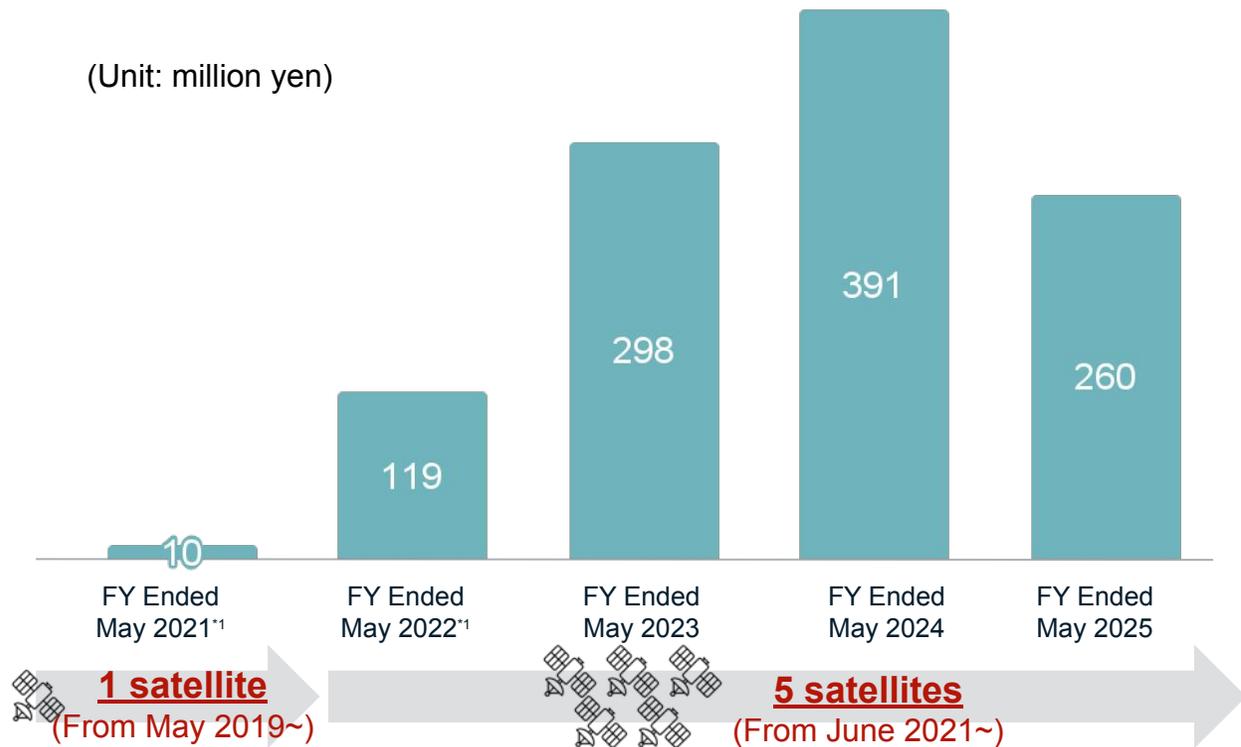
Service Provision Image
(Providing customers with only the necessary space, as shown in the lower compartment)

AxelGlobe Business Performance

Axelspace has expanded imaging frequency and capacity by increasing the number of operational medium-resolution optical satellites in its constellation. Revenue secured from government agencies as well as private enterprises and overseas customers.

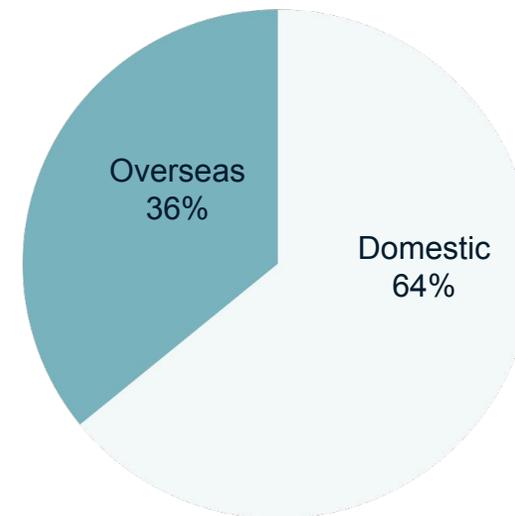
Revenue (Full year)

(Unit: million yen)

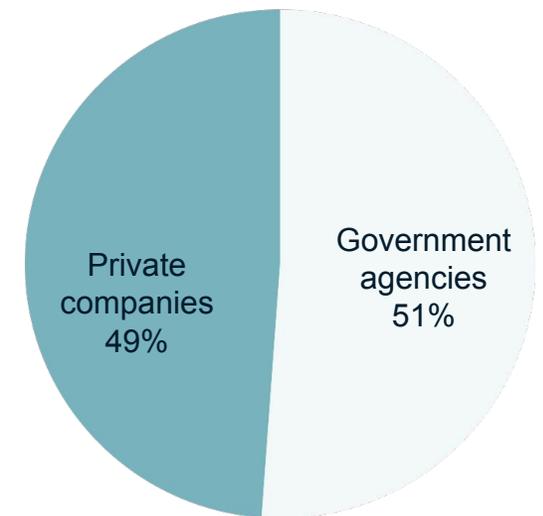


Major Customers of AxelGlobe Business (Q2 of FY Ending May 2026)

By Region



By Customer



*1: For FYs Ended May 2021 and May 2022, audit certification under Article 193-2, Paragraph 1 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act or equivalent has not been obtained.

AxelGlobe Business: Revenue Recognition Method

Revenue is recognized upon completion of image delivery to the customer, following the execution of an agreement and the capture of images requested by the customer.



Provides Satellite Imagery and Related Services with Our Operating Satellites



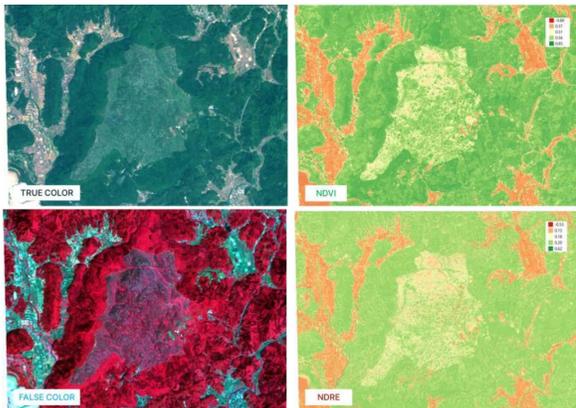
Customer

Agriculture and Forestry

SSA (Space Situational Awareness)

Security

Mapping



*1: Depending on the contract structure with customers, different service provisions may apply.

Business Domain of AxelGlobe Business

Among the many Earth observation satellites, Axelspace operates in the optical satellite field.

<What are optical satellites?>

Satellites that observe the Earth's surface from information of sunlight reflected off objects.

Satellites equipped with optical sensors that photograph the ground using the sun as a light source, similar to ordinary digital cameras.



Characteristics of Optical Satellites

- Low power consumption as they do not emit radio waves themselves and perform observation by reception.
- Due to low power consumption, it is possible to maintain a wide area captured per satellite per day and keep observation frequency high.
- Areas obscured by clouds cannot be observed.

Image captured by Axelspace's microsatellite "GRUS-1" - Suez Canal (Egypt)

Business Domain of AxelGlobe Business: Optical Satellites and SAR Satellites

Optical satellites handled in the AxelGlobe Business are characterized by high imaging frequency and wide imaging range.

	Optical Satellites	SAR Satellites
Data usability	<p>○</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Color images • Can be easily handled without specialized knowledge  <p>Image captured by the Company's satellite "GRUS-1" Tokyo (Japan)</p>	<p>△</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monochrome and difficult to interpret with the human eye • Specialized knowledge required for data handling  <p>Source: Copernicus Browser "Sentinel-1 IW, VH - linear gamma" (Copernicus Sentinel data 2025)</p>
Imaging Area ^{*1}	<p>Wide</p> <p>Axelspace's GRUS-1 imaging capacity per satellite per day: 150,000 km²</p>	<p>Narrow</p> <p>Domestic SAR satellite operator Company A's maximum salable area per day: 1,200 km² ^{*2}</p>
Manufacturing Cost ^{*3}	<p>Low</p>	<p>High</p>

*1: Area that can be imaged per satellite per day. This is a comparison assuming similar satellite sizes.

*2: Calculated by the company from disclosed materials of domestic SAR satellite operator Company A.

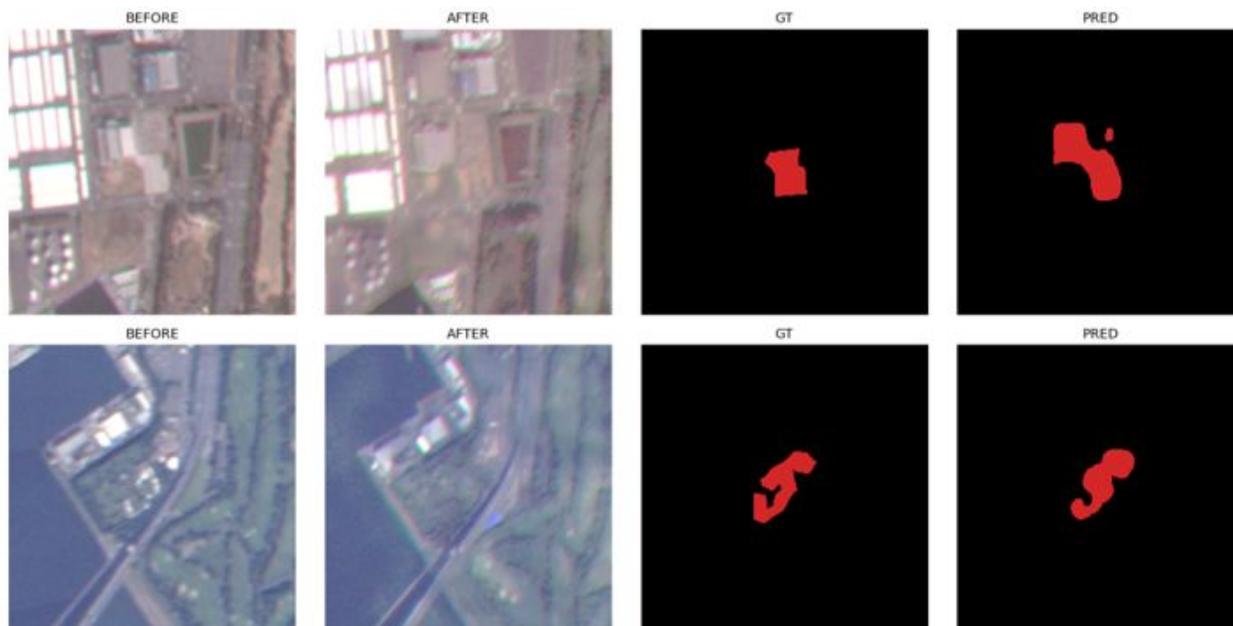
Calculation formula: 10 km (imaging range in high-resolution mode) × 3 km (imaging width in high-resolution mode) × 40 images (salable images per day).

*3: Comparison of microsatellite manufacturing costs between domestic SAR microsatellite operators and Axelspace. Axelspace's manufacturing costs are described on page 51.

Business Progress of AxelGlobe Business: Solution Development

Axelspace has commenced a PoC (Proof of Concept) jointly with WHERE Inc., which develops AI tools for real estate search with imagery data from Axelspace's optical Earth observation satellites "GRUS," to improve the efficiency of real estate registration information.

Axelspace aims to build a real estate solution that enables everyone to access the latest and accurate spatial information by three-dimensionally understanding the status of urban development and land use.



▲ Example of difference detection at the same location based on satellite images. The left two images (third row from the left) show data detected visually, while the right two (fourth row from the left) show data automatically detected by AI.

■ Social Issues to be Resolved

- In the real estate business, land procurement is an important process, but there are many cases where registration information and actual conditions do not match, causing delays in procurement decisions and price evaluation errors.
- Especially for real estate companies and local governments dealing with wide areas, on-site visual inspections and paper document verification are burdensome in terms of personnel and time.

■ Value Provided by Axelspace

- Axelspace has developed an AI model that extracts differences from multiple images of the same location regarding new construction or demolition of buildings and changes in land.
- Axelspace provides only the difference data extracted by AI, not the satellite images themselves, emphasizing provision in a form that is easy for customers to use.

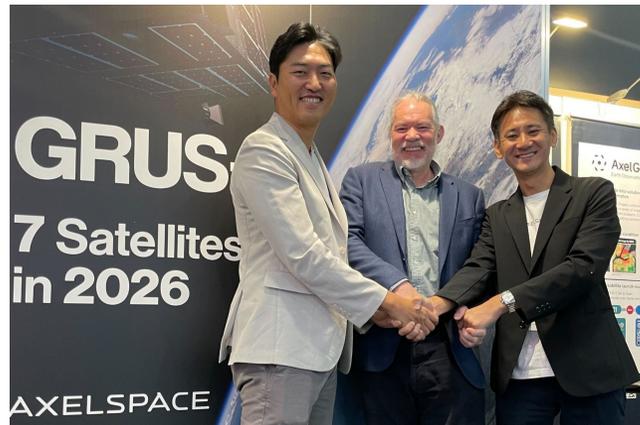
Business Progress of AxelGlobe Business

Implementing initiatives to acquire domestic government projects and expand space utilization in emerging markets aiming for long-term growth

Initiatives for Acquiring Overseas Projects

MOU with Geoimage and SI Analytics

Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) concluded regarding cooperation in Earth observation data development and service deployment for the Australian market.



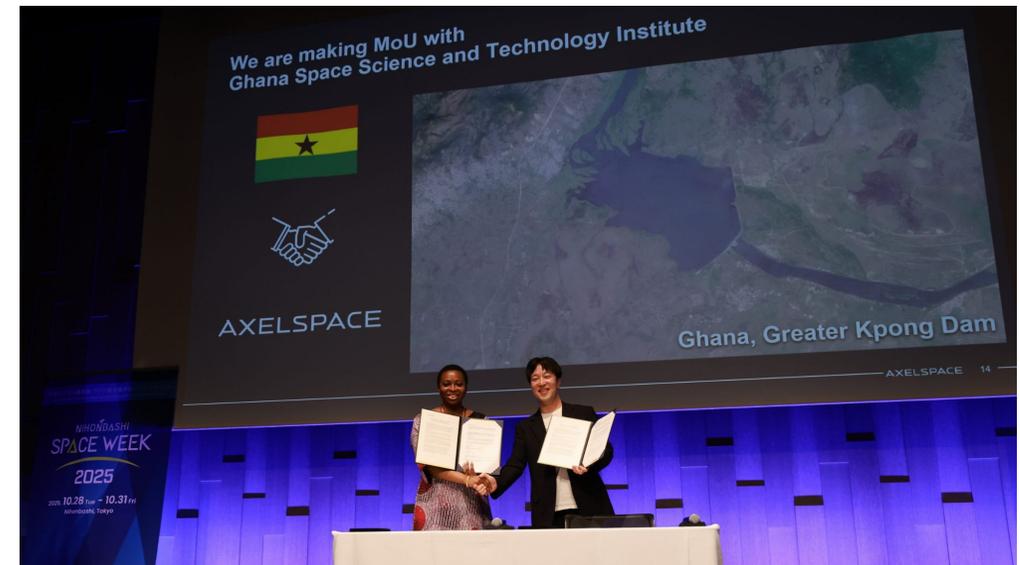
Partnership Agreement with Nara Space Technology Inc. of South Korea

Through the partnership, imaging data captured by the constellation of Earth observation microsatellites "GRUS-1" operated by Axelspace will be provided through "EarthPaper."

Initiatives for Expanding Space Utilization in Emerging Markets

MOU with Two African Institutions to Resolve Social Issues Using Satellite Data

MOU concluded with the Ghana Space Science and Technology Institute (Ghana) and the Regional Centre for Mapping of Resources for Development. Axelspace is collaborating with partners in emerging markets including African countries to advance solution development and implementation tailored to local needs.



Other Business Progress

Contracts for satellite launches and ground stations, essential for business expansion in both businesses, have been concluded.

Securing Launch Slots

[Multi-Launch Agreement with Exolaunch for Satellite Launches](#)

A total of 13 launch slots have been secured, including 7 launch slot arrangement contracts that have already been entered into with Exolaunch.

Ground Station Antenna Contract

[New Agreement with KSAT for Ground Station Antenna Service](#)

Exclusive usage contract for two satellite communication ground station antennas has been concluded. Planned for long-term utilization through the 2030s.

Initiatives for Sustainability

[Successful Launch of Axelspace's D-SAIL Equipped Demonstration Satellite "RAISE-4" under JAXA's Innovative Satellite Technology](#)

D-SAIL is the Axelspace's deployable deorbit mechanism to realize a sustainable space environment. It deploys a membrane to shorten the period that satellites remain in orbit after the end of operations.

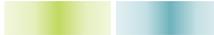
The first in-orbit demonstration is scheduled to be conducted at the end of 2026, approximately one year after launch.



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*1: Includes content announced from the end of the Q2 of FY Ending May 2026 (November 30, 2025) through the announcement date (January 14, 2026).

Future Satellite Development Plans and Secured Launch Slots

 : Launch record
  : Planned launch (launch slot secured)
  : Anticipated launch schedule for projects under discussion/projects to be pursued in the future

	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
	FY Ended May 2024	FY Ended May 2025	FY Ending May 2026	FY Ending May 2027	FY Ending May 2028
AxelLiner Business KPI: Number of Launches as Demo-Satellites (Cumulative 6 Satellites from FY Ending May 2025 to FY Ending May 2028)					
Government agency projects					<u>2 satellites</u> K Program <u>1 satellite</u> JAXA-STEPS *2 (AL Lab)
Private enterprise projects	 <u>1 satellite</u> March 2024: "PYXIS" (in-house demonstration)			<u>1 satellite</u> in-Orbit Demonstration (AL Lab)	<u>2 satellites</u> in-Orbit Demonstration (AL Lab)
AxelGlobe Business KPI: Number of Operating Satellites in Constellation (as of FY Ending May 2028, 14 Satellites)					
Medium resolution	 <u>5 satellites</u> GRUS-1A to E	<u>5 satellites</u>	  Launch of 1 satellite *3 GRUS-3α	<u>12 satellites</u> Launch of 7 "GRUS-3" satellites	<u>11 satellites</u> *4
High resolution					<u>3 satellites</u> Launch of 3 satellites <u>+2 satellites</u> *5 Launch timing undetermined

*1: For contracted projects, launches may not be conducted at the anticipated time due to circumstances such as project failure or cancellation. Additionally, for projects where only a portion is currently under contract, the plan includes the uncontracted portion of the remaining project. Furthermore, projects are typically renewed annually (although multi-year contracts may occur), and if the project itself is canceled, the contract may not be renewed. Moreover, if a project is suspended due to stage-gate reviews (interim evaluations) or other circumstances, launches from that point onward may not be conducted. Additionally, the planned launch schedule for uncontracted portions is based on current projections, and even if contracts are concluded, the actual timing of orders may differ significantly from the indicated period. This page also contains forward-looking information. Please refer to page 59 for assumptions, limitations, constraints, and risks regarding forward-looking information.

*2: As of the publication date of this material, the planned procurement of hosted payload services has been announced for providing demonstration opportunities for research and development/demonstration targets in this program. Therefore, Axelspace, which has a proven track record in microsatellite development in Japan, is listed as a project that can be reasonably targeted. At present, a request for information has been issued for this project, and there is no guarantee that an order will actually be received. This project is expected to launch in fiscal year 2028 or later according to the implementing agency's fiscal year.

*3: This satellite is a demonstration unit and is not included in the number of satellites in constellation operation.

*4: In consideration of the service life of GRUS-1, some units are expected to complete their operation as part of the constellation.

*5: The launch timing for this project is undetermined. For details, please refer to the "Announcement of the manufacturing of new satellites (Capital expenditures)" published on January 14, 2026.

Note: The above schedule is a plan assuming smooth business progress, and the actual launch schedule may differ significantly. Additionally, there is no guarantee that the above launch schedule will be realized in the future.

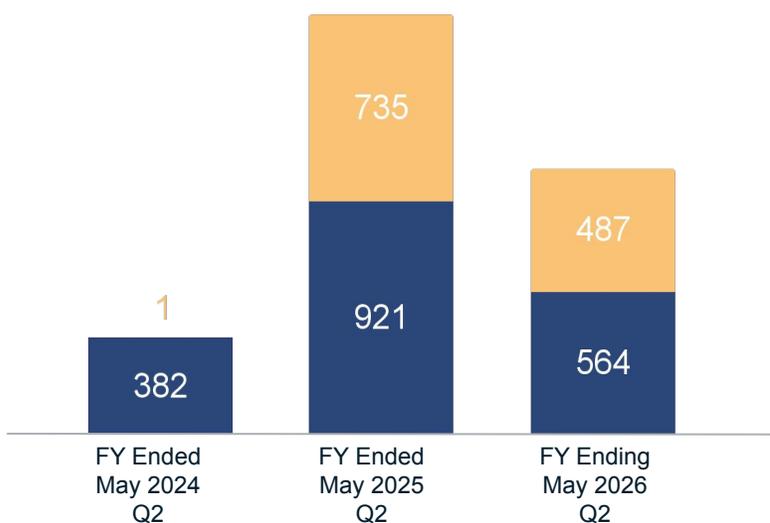
Consolidated Second Quarter Financial Results for the FY Ending May 2026

Financial Results Trends

In the Q2 of FY Ending May 2026, revenue decreased due to changes in the manufacturing phase of a government-related project in the AxelLiner Business.

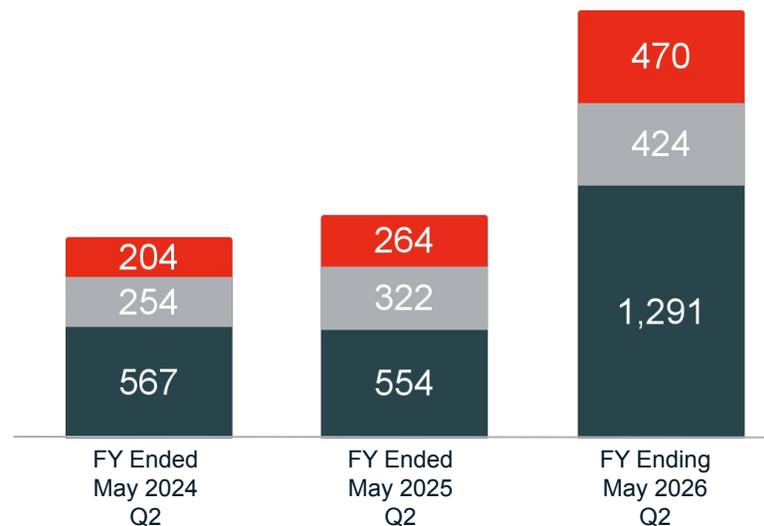
Total income

■ Revenue ■ Subsidies



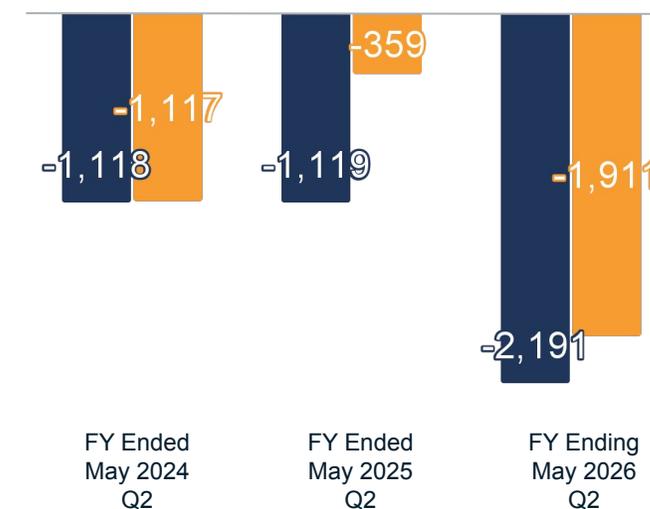
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

■ Other ■ Personnel costs ■ R&D expenses



Operating Profit/Loss (Unit: million yen)

■ Operating loss ■ Ordinary loss



- Revenue decreased due to changes in the manufacturing phase of a government-related project included in the AxelLiner Business. (details provided on page 27)

- R&D expenses increased due to the manufacturing of a ground test model for in-house satellites.
- Increase in personnel costs and recruitment costs.

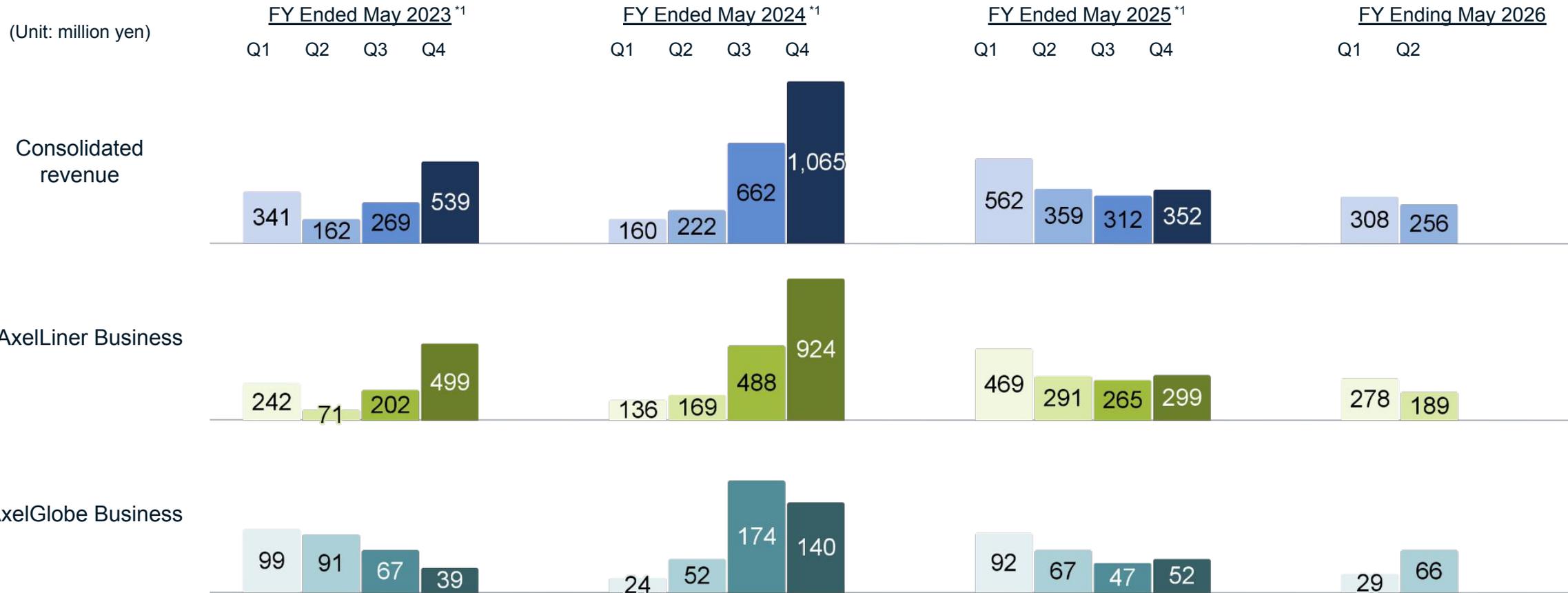
- Increase in operating loss due to the change in the total revenue and SG&A.
- Increase in non-operating expenses associated with listing.

Note: For Q2 of the fiscal year ended May 2024, reference values are provided as quarterly consolidated financial statements were not prepared.

Quarterly Financial Results Trends

Due to factors such as the timing of delivery and acceptance of contracted projects and project progress, quarterly results may fluctuate significantly, with a tendency for revenue to be substantial particularly in the Q4.

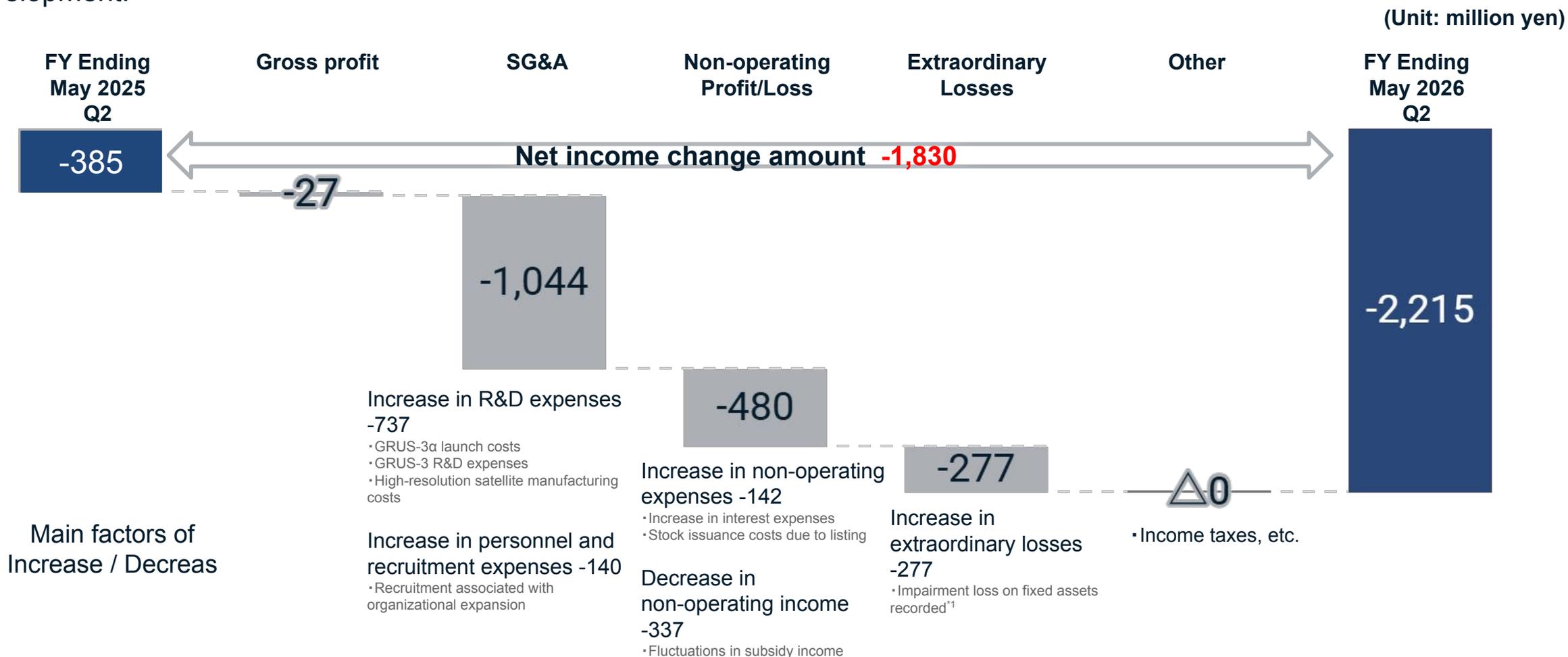
[Quarterly Revenue Trends by Segment]



*1: For FY Ended May 2023, FY Ended May 2024, and Q1 of FY Ended May 2025, reference values are provided as quarterly consolidated financial statements were not prepared.

Factors Behind the Change of Consolidated Quarterly Net Income (YoY Comparison)

Profit decreased mainly due to the impact of increased research and development expenses related to future satellite development.

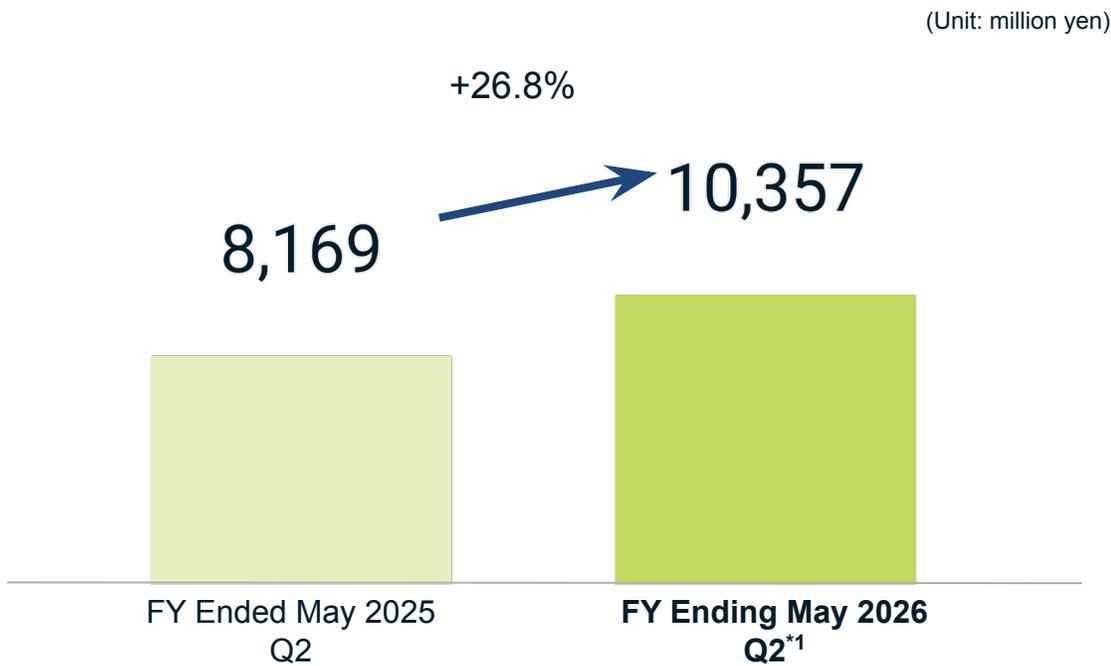


*1: Please refer to the "Notice Regarding Recording of Impairment Loss on Fixed Assets (Extraordinary Losses)" announced on January 14, 2026.

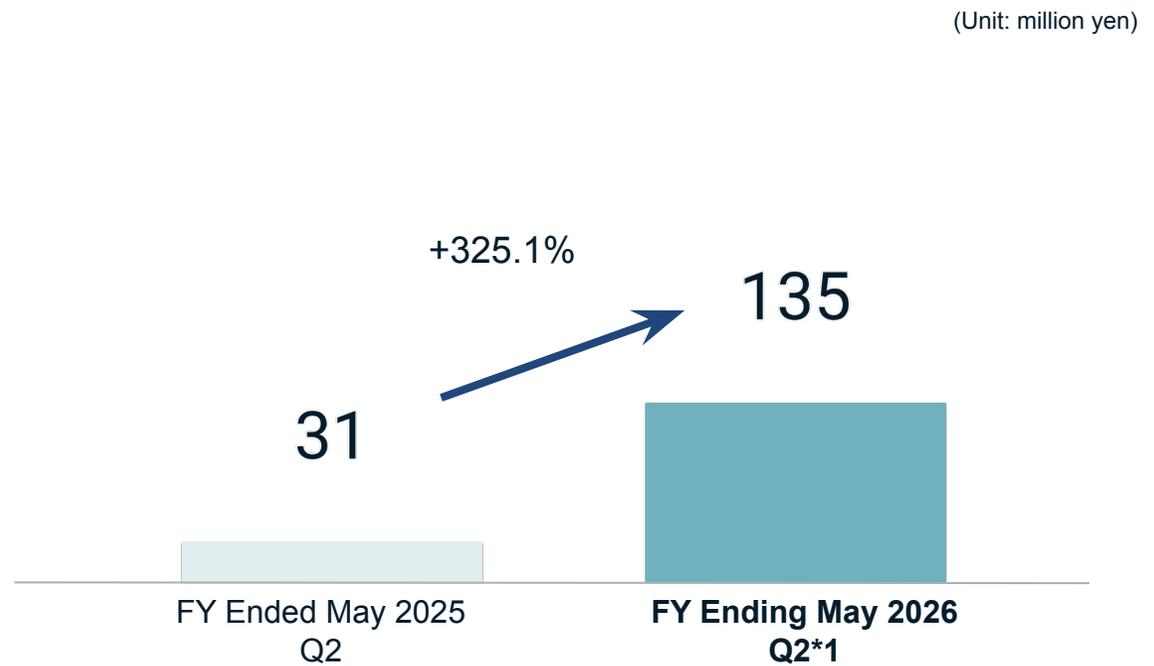
Order Backlog Trends by Segment

Order backlog increased in both business segments compared to the previous period. Order backlog refers to the portion of the total order value received through the end of the applicable period that has not yet been recognized as revenue.

AxelLiner Business



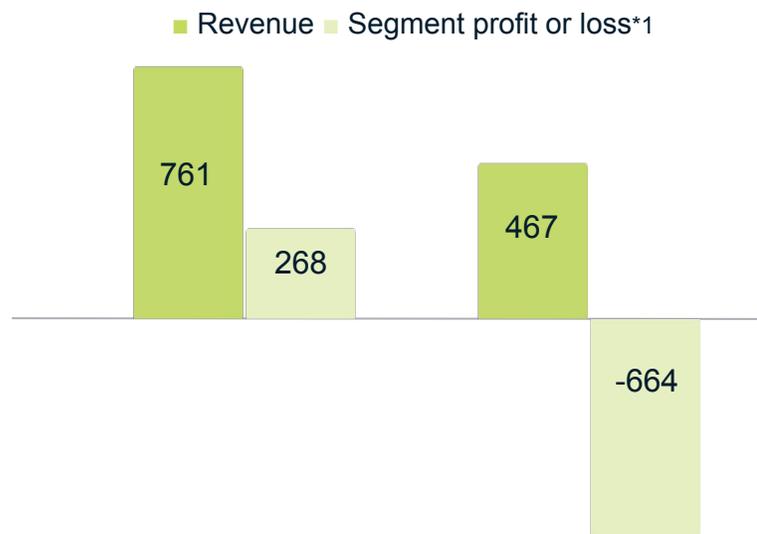
AxelGlobe Business



*1: Order backlog from projects received after the end of Q2 of FY Ending May 2026 is not included.

Note: This page contains forward-looking information. Please refer to page 59 for assumptions, limitations, constraints, and risks regarding forward-looking information.

Performance by Segment: AxelLiner Business



(Unit: million yen)	FY ended May 2025 Q2	FY ending May 2026 Q2	Year-on-year change
Revenue	761	467	-38.5%
Cost of sales	743	456	-38.5%
Gross profit	17	11	-37.3%
Segment profit(loss) *1	268	-664	-

【Year-on-year variance】

- **Revenue**
 - Revenue decreased as cost of sales decreased due to the manufacturing schedule under the K Program, where revenue is recognized based on cost of sales
 - In the previous period, personnel costs related to manufacturing and parts procurement were implemented. Currently, assembly of the demonstration unit using procured parts is being implemented
- **Cost of sales, Gross profit**
 - Cost of sales decreased due to the manufacturing schedule under the K Program
- **Segment loss* 1**
 - Increase in research and development expenses related to "GRUS-3α", "GRUS-3" and high-resolution satellites
 - Increase in personnel costs
 - Decrease in subsidy income recorded as non-operating income

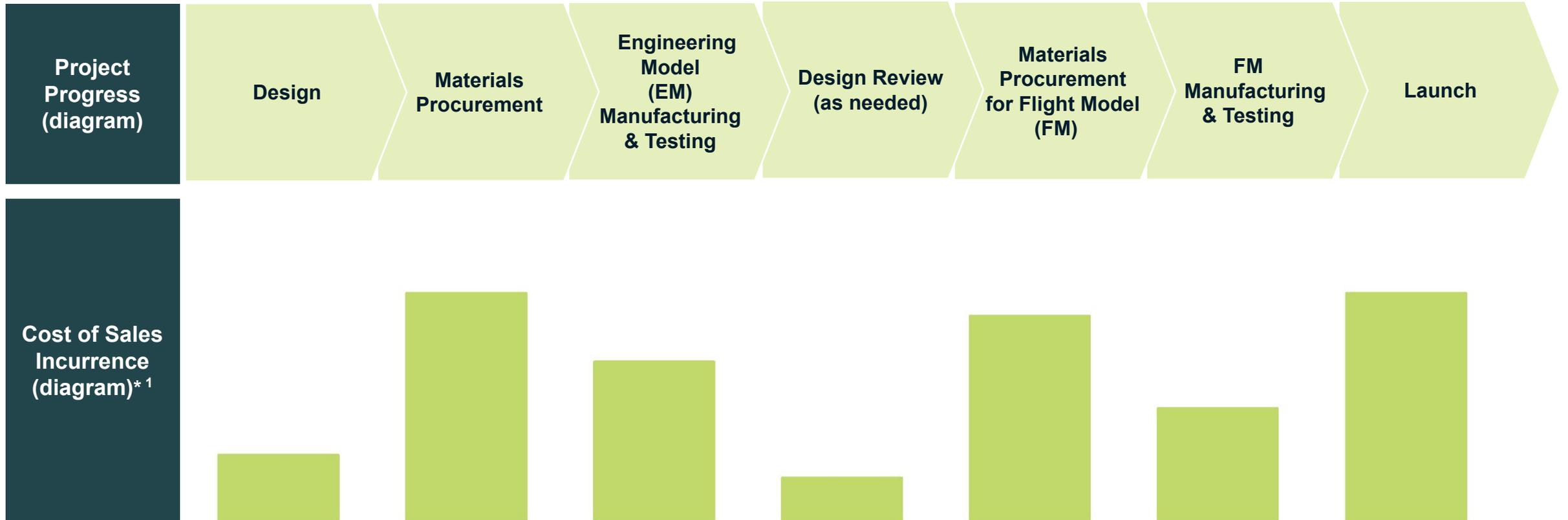
【Performance Analysis】

- **Progress Against KPI**
 - Number of demonstration satellites launched is the KPI
 - Cumulative 6 units from the FY ending May 2025 to the fiscal year ending May 2028
 - Current progress: Cumulative 1 satellite
Launch of 1 satellite, GRUS-3α, in the FY ending May 2026

*1: Segment profit or loss is based on ordinary loss.

Illustration of Cost Incurred by Project Progress (K Program)

Cost of sales tends to increase during the material procurement phase and decrease during the design, manufacturing, and testing phases.



*1: This is an image of the costs recognized in each phase of project progress, and may differ from the actual amounts incurred in actual projects.

Performance by Segment: AxelGlobe Business



(Unit: million yen)	Fiscal year ended May 2025 Q2	Fiscal year ending May 2026 Q2	Year-on-year change
Revenue	160	96	-39.9%
Of which, government agencies	113	49	-56.5%
Of which, private companies	46	47	+0.3%
Cost of sales	155	112	-27.8%
Gross profit (loss)	4	-15	-
Segment loss* ¹	-267	-404	-

【Year-on-year variance】

- **Revenue**
 - Private sector projects increased slightly
 - Revenue decrease due to change in revenue recognition period for government projects
- **Cost of sales, Gross profit**
 - Cost of sales decrease due to revenue decrease resulting from change in revenue recognition period for government projects
- **Segment loss*¹**
 - Increase in R&D expenses related to "GRUS-3" and high-resolution satellites
 - Increase in personnel costs

【Performance Analysis】

- **Progress Against KPI**
 - Number of constellation operational units is the KPI
 - 14 satellites by the FY ending May 2028
 - Current progress: 5 operational satellites as of Q2 of the FY ending May 2026

*1; Segment profit or loss is based on ordinary loss.

Consolidated Statement of Income

(Unit: million yen)	Fiscal year ending May 2025 Q2	Fiscal year ending May 2026 Q2	
	Actual	Actual	Year-on-year change
Revenue	921	564	-38.8%
Cost of Sales	899	569	-36.7%
Gross profit (loss)	22	-4	-
Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,141	2,186	+91.5 %
Operating loss	-1,119	-2,191	-
Non-operating income	838	500	-40.3%
Non-operating expenses	78	221	+180.8 %
Ordinary profit (loss)	-359	-1,911	-
Extraordinary income	-	-	-
Extraordinary loss	23	301	+1176.0 %
Income(Loss) before income taxes	-383	-2,213	-
Income taxes - current	1	2	+19.5 %
Income taxes - deferred	-	-	-
Net Loss Attributable to Owners of Parent (Quarterly)	-385	-2,215	-
Total Revenue (Non-GAAP)* ¹	1,657	1,051	-36.5%

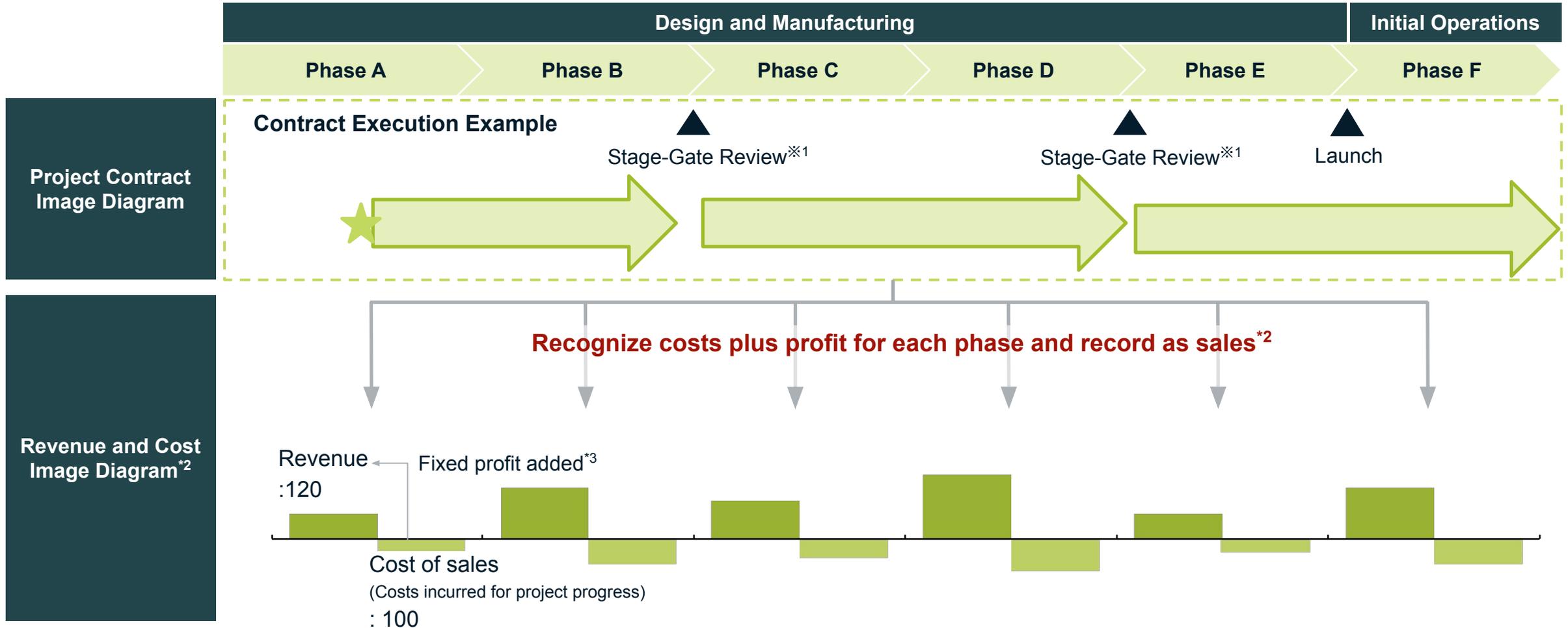
*1: Total revenue is a Non-GAAP measure and is a financial indicator that the Company considers useful for investors in evaluating the performance of the Group. It is calculated by adding subsidy income from government agencies and other sources to revenue.

Consolidated Balance Sheet

(Unit: million yen)	End of May 2025	May 2026 Q2 Period-End	Main Factors for Increase/Decrease
	Actual	Actual	
Assets	9,523	16,238	
Current Assets	9,396	14,969	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5,006	10,922	Increase due to fundraising associated with listing and long-term borrowings
Other Current Assets	4,389	4,047	Decrease in raw materials related to satellite manufacturing
Non-Current Assets	126	1,269	Increase due to assets related to GRUS-3
Liabilities	6,495	7,491	
Current Liabilities	1,545	3,506	
Short-term Borrowings	388	1,633	Increase due to reclassification of repayments due within one year from non-current liabilities
Other Current Liabilities	1,157	1,873	Increase in advances received due to receipt of provisional subsidy payments
Non-Current Liabilities	4,949	3,984	
Long-term Borrowings	4,949	3,984	Decrease mainly due to reclassification of repayments due within one year to current liabilities
Equity	3,027	8,747	Increase in capital stock and capital surplus associated with listing
Total Liabilities and Equity	9,523	16,238	

AxelLiner Business: Revenue Recognition Method (Progress Image)

For government-related projects with long project periods, revenue is recognized based on the progress toward satisfaction of performance obligations



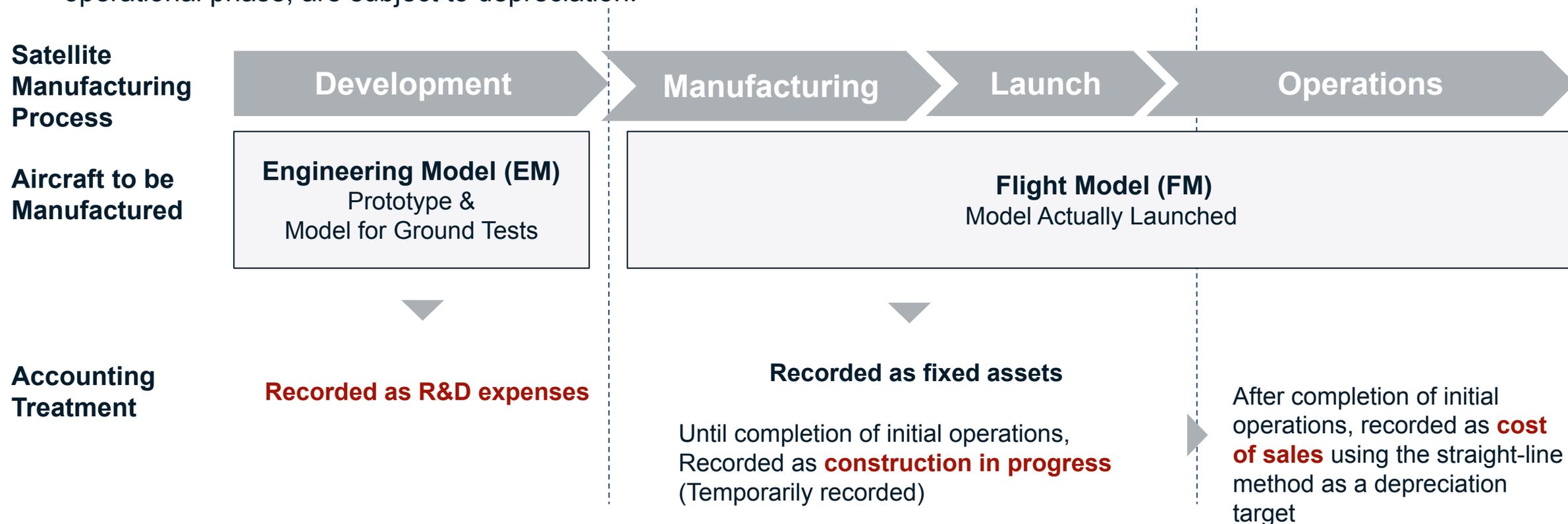
*1: In government-related development projects, if a project is suspended due to interim evaluations or stage-gate reviews, which are common, there is a possibility that the remaining revenue from that point onward will not be recognized.

*2: For simplification purposes in this image diagram, the graph is created without considering the profit that is actually added to costs, and the cash flow and revenue amounts recognized in each phase may differ from actual projects.

*3: The profit margin varies by project and is shown as an image.

AxelGlobe Business: Accounting Treatment of Company-owned Satellites

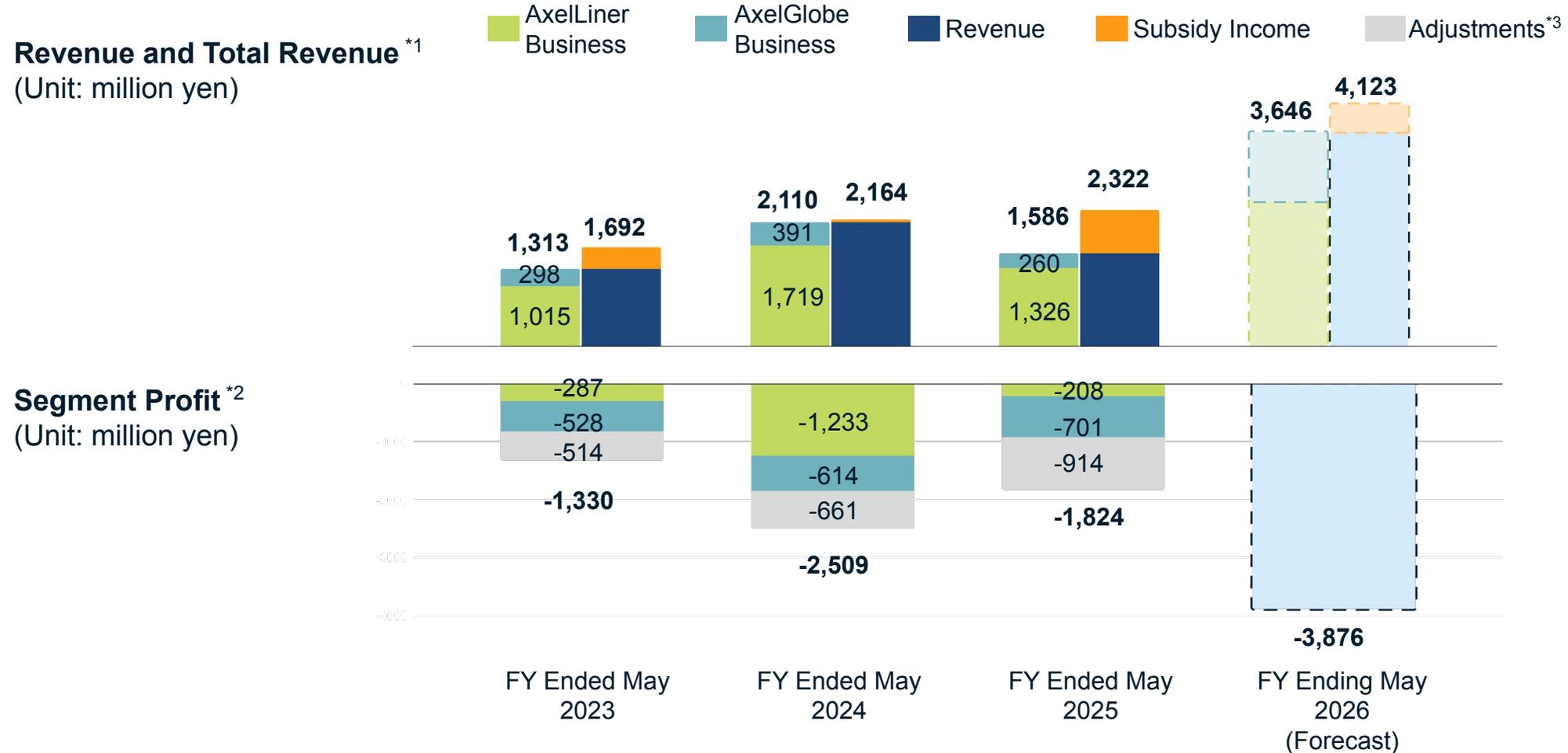
- For company-owned satellites primarily used for the AxelGlobe business, the method of expense recognition varies depending on the progress of the development and operational phases.
- The cost of EM manufacturing is recorded as R&D expenses.
- Costs incurred for the manufacturing of FM are capitalized as construction in progress and, after completion of the initial operational phase, are subject to depreciation.



Consolidated Financial Forecast for the FY Ending May 2026

Business Performance Outlook

The full-year earnings forecast remains unchanged from the figures announced on August 13, 2025.



*1: Total Revenue is a Non-GAAP measure and is a financial metric that the Company considers useful for investors in evaluating the performance of the Group. It is calculated by adding subsidy income from government agencies and other sources to revenue.

*2: Segment profit or loss is based on ordinary loss.

*3: Adjustments are company-wide expenses not allocated to each reportable segment (mainly company-wide common administrative expenses not attributable to reportable segments).

Financial Forecast (Consolidated)

The impact of the JMOD's "Satellite Constellation Project" on the full-year Financial Forecast for FY Ending May 2026 (announced on August 13, 2025) and on earnings for FY Ending May 2027 and beyond is currently under review.

The execution of this project contract is expected around February 2026.

(Unit: million yen)	FY Ended May 2025 (Actual)	FY Ending May 2026 (Forecast)	Year-on-Year Change
Revenue	1,586	3,646	+129.9%
Operating profit(loss)	-2,495	-3,999	-
Ordinary profit(loss)	-1,824	-3,876	-
Net loss attributable to owners of parent	-1,950	-3,879	-
Total Revenue (Non-GAAP)* ¹	2,322	4,123	+77.6%

*1: Total Revenue is a Non-GAAP measure and is a financial metric that the Company considers useful for investors in evaluating the performance of the Group. It is calculated by adding subsidy income from government agencies and other sources to revenue.

Note: For details on the earnings forecast, please refer to "[Notice Regarding Disclosure of Financial Results in Connection with Listing on Tokyo Stock Exchange Growth Market](#)" (Japanese only) announced on August 13, 2025.

Financial Forecast by Segment: AxelLiner Business

For FY Ending May 2026, “K Program” will progress and AxelLiner Laboratory projects will advance.



(Unit: million yen)	FY Ended May 2025 (Actual)	FY Ending May 2026 (Forecast)	Year-on-Year Change
Revenue	1,326	2,467	+86.0%
Cost of sales	1,206	2,247	+86.3%
Gross profit	120	220	+83.3%
Gross profit margin	9.1%	8.9%	-0.1pt

【 Main Assumptions for Financial Forecast 】^{*1}

Revenue

- There are contracts that recognize revenue over the service provision period stipulated in the contract and contracts that recognize revenue at the time of customer acceptance completion for the service
- Revenue forecast is primarily composed of revenue from NEDO's K Program and private companies planning to use AL Lab
- The K Program is calculated by multiplying the cost of sales, such as material costs/ expenses incurred according to progress, by a fixed margin rate stipulated in the contract

Cost of sales, Gross profit

- Cost of sales primarily includes material costs/expenses and personnel costs for NEDO projects
- Personnel costs are calculated based on the personnel plan for each project, using the number of Headcount × average personnel cost per person
- Material costs/expenses are estimated and calculated based on the development schedule by estimating the quantity of necessary materials/services and purchase unit prices

【Note: Non-operating income】

- Adopted for NEDO "Development and Demonstration of General-Purpose CubeSat and Microsatellite Buses (NEDO Fiscal Years 2023–2026)"
The expected subsidy amount is calculated based on the planned expenditure amount for the project and reflected in the Financial Forecast after considering the settlement and inspection period

^{*1}: For details on the process of formulating the earnings forecast, please refer to "[Notice Regarding the Company's Financial Information in Connection with Listing on the Tokyo Stock Exchange Growth Market](#)" (Japanese only) published on August 13, 2025.

AxelLiner Business Pipeline

Order backlog for AxelLiner Business (as of the end of Q2 of the fiscal year ending May 2026): 10,357 million yen.

Business	Customer		Project ^{*1*2*3}	Project Expected Period ^{*1*2*3}
AxelLiner Business	Government agency	New Energy and Industrial Technology Development Organization (NEDO)	Key and Advanced Technology R&D through Cross Community Collaboration Program (K Program) ^{*4}	Through fiscal year ending May 2032
AxelLiner Business	Government agency	New Energy and Industrial Technology Development Organization (NEDO)	Development and Demonstration of General-Purpose CubeSat and Microsatellite Buses ^{*5}	Through fiscal year ending May 2027

New projects acquired after Q2 end^{*6}

Business	Customer		Project ^{*1*2*3}	Project Expected Period ^{*1*2*3}
AxelLiner Business (AL Lab)	Private company	Pale Blue Inc.	In-orbit demonstration service for Hall thruster ^{*7}	Multiple years from December 16, 2025

*1: For contracted projects, revenue may not be recorded at the anticipated time due to circumstances such as project failure or cancellation. In addition, projects are normally renewed on an annual basis (although multi-year contracts may occur), and if the project itself is canceled, the contract may not be renewed. Furthermore, if a project is suspended due to stage-gate review (interim evaluation) or other circumstances, revenue for the uncontracted portion from that point onward may not be recorded. Additionally, for uncontracted portions, even if a contract is concluded, the actual timing of orders may differ significantly. This page also contains forward-looking information. Please refer to page 59 for assumptions, limitations, constraints, and risks regarding forward-looking information.

*2: If a project is suspended due to stage-gate review (interim evaluation) or other circumstances, revenue for the uncontracted portion from that point onward may not be recorded. Additionally, for uncontracted portions, since this is the current estimate of the project timing, even if a contract is concluded, the timing may differ significantly from the actual order timing. This page also contains forward-looking information. Please refer to page 59 for assumptions, limitations, constraints, and risks regarding forward-looking information.

*3: For contracted projects, revenue may not be recorded at the anticipated time due to circumstances such as stage-gate review (interim evaluation), project failure, or cancellation. In addition, this is a project with annual contract renewals, and if the program itself is canceled, the contract may not be renewed.

*4: Please refer to page 9 for project overview, and pages 10-11 for project details and project image.

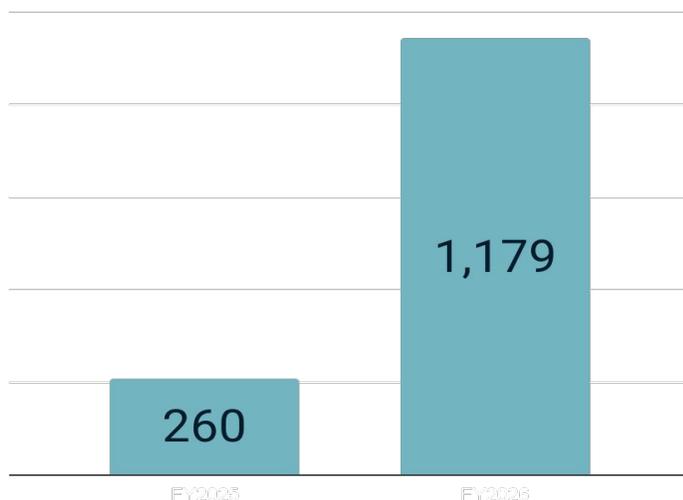
*5: Please refer to page 9 and "[Notice Regarding Recording of Non-operating Income \(Subsidy Income\)](#)" published on November 7, 2025. This project was implemented by the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry in FY2021-2022, and was transferred to NEDO from FY2023-2026. The subsidy ceiling is notified annually, and disbursement has been decided up to NEDO's fiscal year 2026. Income from this project is recorded as non-operating income (income from subsidies).

*6: Projects under this item are not included in the order backlog as of the end of Q2.

*7: Please refer to page 12 and "[Notice Regarding Contract Execution for Provision of In-orbit Demonstration Services with Pale Blue Inc.](#)" published on December 16, 2025. This matter is scheduled to be included in the order backlog at the end of the third quarter of the fiscal year ending May 2026 (to be announced in mid-April 2026).

Financial Forecast by Segment: AxelGlobe Business

In FY Ending May 2026, the Company will steadily execute government projects and promote the manufacturing of "GRUS-3" scheduled for launch in FY Ending May 2027.



(Unit: million yen)	FY Ended May 2025 (Actual)	FY Ending May 2026 (Forecast)	Year-on-Year Change
Revenue	260	1,179	+353.5%
Cost of sales	272	733	+169.5%
Gross profit (loss)	-12	446	-
Gross profit margin	-4.8%	37.8%	+42.6pt

【Main Assumptions for Financial Forecast】^{*1}

Revenue

- Revenue is recorded primarily by concluding contracts for image capture services, performing the requested image capture and providing data to customers.
- Revenue forecast is calculated by multiplying the order amount for each project in the order plan by customer and by month by a weighting factor according to the order probability.
- The order amount for each project is estimated by multiplying the expected imaging area by the sales unit price. The weighting factor is set according to the sales progress of each project.

Cost of Sales, Gross Profit

- Cost of sales primarily includes expenses related to image data acquisition, data processing, and personnel costs.
- Expenses primarily include server costs for storing captured image data, communication costs between satellites and ground stations, and outsourcing costs.

*1: For details on the process of formulating the earnings forecast, please refer to "[Notice Regarding the Company's Financial Information in Connection with Listing on the Tokyo Stock Exchange Growth Market](#)" (Japanese only) published on August 13, 2025.

AxelGlobe Business Pipeline

Order backlog for AxelGlobe Business (as of the end of Q2 of the fiscal year ending May 2026): 135 million yen

Business	Customer		Major Projects ^{*1*2*3}	Project Expected Period ^{*1*2*3}
AxelGlobe Business	Government agency	Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry	Research and development of on-demand tasking for multiple satellites and data production/distribution technology	Through fiscal year ending May 2027
AxelGlobe Business	Government agency	Ministry of Defense	Image data acquisition (No. 11-2) ^{*4}	Through fiscal year ending May 2026
AxelGlobe Business	Government agency	Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries	FY2025 Survey and development work for streamlining field polygon update methods using administrative record information, etc. ^{*5}	Through fiscal year ending May 2026
AxelGlobe Business	Private company	SSA Project ^{*6}	Space Situational Awareness (SSA)	-

New projects acquired after Q2 end (awarded/pre-contract projects) ^{*7}

Business	Customer		Project ^{*1*2*3}	Project Expected Period ^{*1*2*3}
AxelGlobe Business	Government agency	Ministry of Defense	Satellite constellation project ^{*8}	Through fiscal year ending May 2031

*1: For contracted projects, revenue may not be recorded at the anticipated time due to circumstances such as project failure or cancellation. In addition, projects are normally renewed on an annual basis (although multi-year contracts may occur), and if the project itself is canceled, the contract may not be renewed. Furthermore, if a project is suspended due to stage-gate review (interim evaluation) or other circumstances, revenue for the uncontracted portion from that point onward may not be recorded. Additionally, for uncontracted portions, even if a contract is concluded, the actual timing of orders may differ significantly. This page also contains forward-looking information. Please refer to page 59 for assumptions, limitations, constraints, and risks regarding forward-looking information.

*2: If a project is suspended due to stage-gate review (interim evaluation) or other circumstances, revenue for the uncontracted portion from that point onward may not be recorded. Additionally, for uncontracted portions, since this is the current estimate of the project timing, even if a contract is concluded, the timing may differ significantly from the actual order timing. This page also contains forward-looking information. Please refer to page 59 for assumptions, limitations, constraints, and risks regarding forward-looking information.

*3: For contracted projects, revenue may not be recorded at the anticipated time due to circumstances such as stage-gate review (interim evaluation), project failure, or cancellation. In addition, this is a project with annual contract renewals, and if the program itself is canceled, the contract may not be renewed.

*4: Ministry of Defense Intelligence Headquarters "FY2024 Contract Bidding Information No. 256 Image Data Acquisition (No. 11-2)".

*5: Please refer to "[Notice Regarding Successful Bid in General Competitive Bidding \(Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries\)](#)" published on September 19, 2025.

*6: The company for this project is not disclosed. In addition, although the total project amount and expected period have not been determined, continuous service provision is expected in the future based on the contract with the company.

*7: Projects under this item are not included in the order backlog as of the end of Q2.

*8: Please refer to page 6 and "[Successful Bid for Ministry of Defense's "Satellite Constellation Development and Operation Project"](#)" published on December 25, 2025. The impact of this matter on the full-year Financial Forecast for the fiscal year ending May 2026 (announced on August 13, 2025) and on earnings for the fiscal year ending May 2027 and beyond is currently under review. Specific details are not disclosed due to the need for confidentiality protection by the ordering agency as the contract has not yet been concluded. The conclusion of this business contract is expected around February 2026. In addition, if any matters requiring disclosure arise in the future, The Company will promptly disclose information.

Projects We Aim to Acquire Going Forward

As projects to be pursued, there are projects that will significantly contribute to the Our growth

Business	Customer		Project ^{*1*2*3}	Project Expected Period ^{*1*2*3}
AxelLiner Business (AL Lab)	Private companies	Selected companies	Space Strategy Fund "Development/verification of parts/components for establishing satellites supply chain." ^{*2}	Up to 6 years
AxelLiner Business (AL Lab)	Government agency	JAXA	JAXA Space Technologies rapid Evaluation Program on Small satellite (JAXA-STEPS) ^{*3}	Before announcement
AxelLiner Business	Government agency	JAXA	Space Strategy Fund 2nd phase Technology Development Theme ^{*4}	Varies by theme
AxelGlobe Business	Government agency	JAXA	Space Strategy Fund 2nd phase Technology Development Theme ^{*4}	Varies by theme

*1: If a project is suspended due to stage-gate review (interim evaluation) or other circumstances, revenue for the uncontracted portion from that point onward may not be recorded. This page also contains forward-looking information. Please refer to page 59 for assumptions, limitations, constraints, and risks regarding forward-looking information.

*2: This theme is not one for which the Company itself is selected, but is recognized as a project that the Company aims to secure from the perspective that the demonstration needs of selected companies can become customer targets for AL Lab. Although discussions regarding In-orbit demonstration support have already begun with multiple customer targets, at this point these are verbal discussions in the initial stage and contracts have not been concluded, and there is no guarantee that orders will actually be received. Even if a contract can be concluded, the timing in the table is calculated based on the Company's current project plan, so revenue may not be recorded at the timing the Company anticipates. Please refer to page 45 for project details.

*3: As of the publication date of this material, since the planned procurement of hosted payload services has been announced to provide demonstration opportunities for research and development/demonstration targets in this program, this is listed as a project that the Company, which has a track record in microsatellite development in Japan, can sufficiently pursue. At this point, a request for information has been made for this project, and there is no guarantee that an order will actually be received.

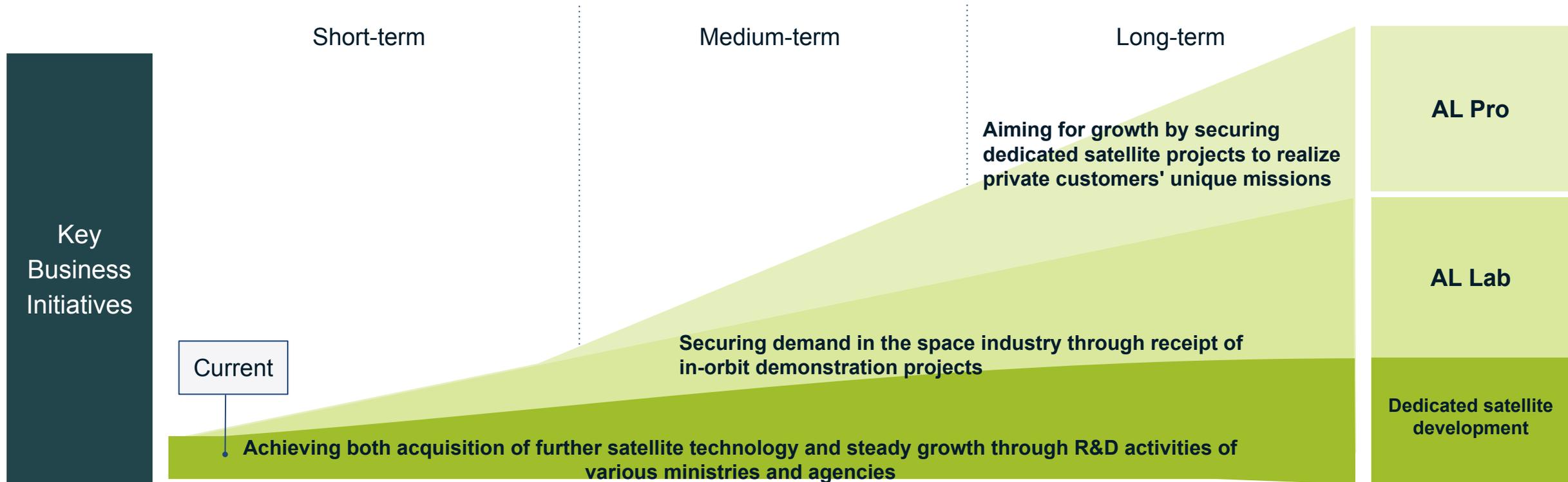
*4: Details of this project are not disclosed. At this point, the review is in progress, and there is no guarantee that an order will actually be received. Even if a contract can be concluded, the timing in the table is calculated based on the Company's current project plan, so revenue may not be recorded at the timing the Company anticipates. Details regarding application status and examination content for individual public offering projects (including the Space Strategy Fund) are not disclosed at this time.

Source: JAXA website "JAXA Space Strategy Fund", "JAXA Space Technologies rapid Evaluation Program on Small satellite"

Business Plan

Medium to Long-term Growth Vision of AxelLiner Business^{*1}

Aiming for technology development through R&D activities of various ministries and agencies and demand acquisition from private companies

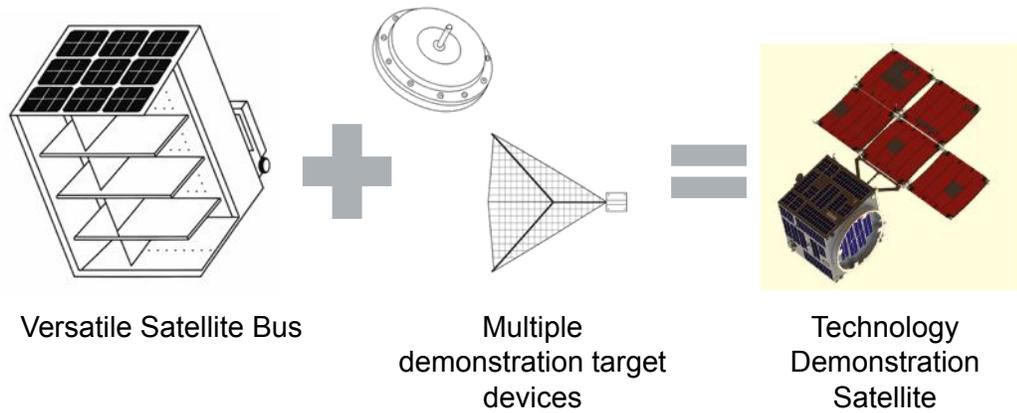


*1: This is a medium- to long-term growth image of the AxelLiner Business and may differ from actual results.

Future Growth of AxelLiner Business : Expanding Services Utilizing Versatile Microsatellite Bus

By utilizing the versatile microsatellite bus, the Company aims to achieve launches in as short as one year, promoting the entry of private companies into the space business

AxelLiner Laboratory ("AL Lab")



Supporting in-orbit demonstration of space components

AxelLiner Professional ("AL Pro")



Realizing customers' unique missions Supporting the development of dedicated satellites

Future Growth of AxelLiner Business: AxelLiner Laboratory (AL Lab)

We utilize the technology developed through government-related projects in private sector projects. We provide new services for customers who want to conduct operational verification (in-orbit demonstration) in space.

Needs for In-Orbit Demonstrations in Private Sector

The space industry is expected to grow significantly, but there is **a shortage of services for in-orbit demonstration of space components**. Japanese companies are also involved in this problem.

Government Support for In-Orbit Demonstration Needs by Private Sector

Rapid expansion of the needs for in-orbit demonstrations is predicted in global.

Japan

In April 2024, "Development and validation of components for satellite supply chain construction"*1 was selected as one of the themes for the Space Strategy Fund*1. 22 companies applied for 7-12 slots*3. Total Budget: JPY 18.0Bn

Overseas

In 2018 and 2022, over 50 companies and organizations applied for funding under the IOD/IOV*4 grant framework for the in-orbit demonstration services provided by the European Space Agency (ESA).



Space Components Development Companies

Desire to quickly connect newly developed space components to sales

However, without a track record of operation in space, customers will not purchase

Companies want to conduct operational experiments in space, but there are almost no opportunities



Service Content	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Providing in-orbit demonstration opportunities for space components
Value Proposition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provide mission payload sections of our unique versatile satellite bus. Enable ridesharing by carrying multiple missions, providing customers with more demonstration opportunities. Customers can also choose to occupy a whole versatile satellite bus depending on the components they wish to demonstrate.

In 2026, we plans to conduct in-orbit demonstration with attitude control equipment (reaction wheel) jointly developed with Shinano Kenshi



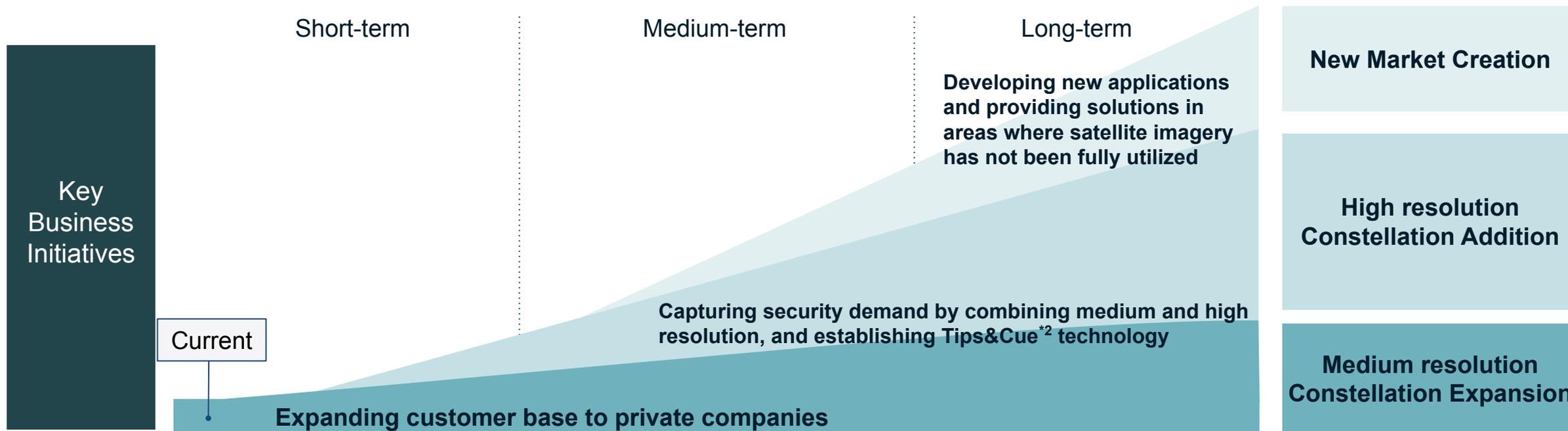
*1: This fund was established by the government at JAXA for the purpose of commercializing the space sector by private businesses.

*2: This theme does not involve the Company itself being selected; rather, the Company recognizes this as a related theme from the perspective that the demonstration needs of selected companies could become customer targets for AL Lab.

Source: Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry and Cabinet Office "Space Strategy Fund Implementation Policy (METI Budget Allocation)" (April 26, 2024), JAXA "Progress Report on Space Strategy Fund Phase 1 (FY2023 Supplementary Budget Allocation)" (January 27, 2025) European Union HP "IOD / IOV In-Orbit Demonstration / In-Orbit Validation"

Medium- to Long-Term Growth Vision of AxelGlobe Business*¹

Deploying 7 medium-resolution satellites and 3 high-resolution satellites. Aiming to create new markets utilizing these satellites.



*1: This is a medium- to long-term growth image of the AxelGlobe Business and may differ from actual results.

*2: Tips&Cue refers to the coordinated operation of medium-resolution satellites and high-resolution satellites, where points of interest are identified and extracted from wide-area, high-frequency observation data, and detailed observations of those points are conducted using high-resolution observation data.

Future Growth of AxelGlobe Business: Expansion of Proprietary Satellite Constellation

For the 7 medium-resolution optical satellites "GRUS-3" scheduled for launch in the fiscal year ending May 2027, flight models are currently under manufacturing. In addition to the 3 high-resolution satellites scheduled for launch in the fiscal year ending May 2028, we have decided to manufacture 2 additional high-resolution satellites.

<Value Proposition of GRUS-3>

GRUS-1
5 satellites



GRUS-3
7 satellites



Timing

- Useful for fixed-point observation of daily changes in crop growth conditions, urban land changes, etc.
- Flexible response to emergency imaging such as during disasters

Observation frequency of the same location

Imaging possible once every 2-3 days

**At approx. the same time
Daily imaging possible*1**

Data Volume

- Increased options for data used in analysis
- Wide-area observation data can be acquired in a shorter period

Imageable Area

750,000 km² per day

2.3 million km² per day

Ease of Use

- Improved image quality and additional observation bands meet more diverse analysis needs

Observation Bands

Blue, Green, Red, Red Edge, Near-Infrared

Blue, Green, Red, Red Edge, Near-Infrared, **Coastal Blue**

*1: For locations at latitude 25 degrees north or higher

Note: The development and demonstration of the versatile satellite bus system carrying the missions of GRUS-3 and GRUS-3α are supported by the following grant program of the New Energy and Industrial Technology Development Organization (NEDO). "Space Industry Technology and Information Infrastructure Development R&D Project Development/verification of parts/components for establishing satellites supply chain." (FY2023-2026) *FY2021-2022 were implemented as direct execution projects by the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry.

Features of Next-Generation Earth Observation Satellite "GRUS-3"

Ground resolution is planned to be 2.2m.

<Simulation of 2.2m Ground Resolution Image>*1



Zoom, True Color, 2.2m/px



Zoom, True Color, 2.2m/px



Zoom, True Color, 2.2m/px



*1: This is a simulation image created by the Company.

Features of Next-Generation Earth Observation Satellite "GRUS-3"

Coastal Blue, which enables underwater observation, has been added to the light wavelengths that GRUS-3 can observe.



Observation Bands

The Coastal Blue wavelength band is less attenuated underwater, making it effective for coastal area observation.

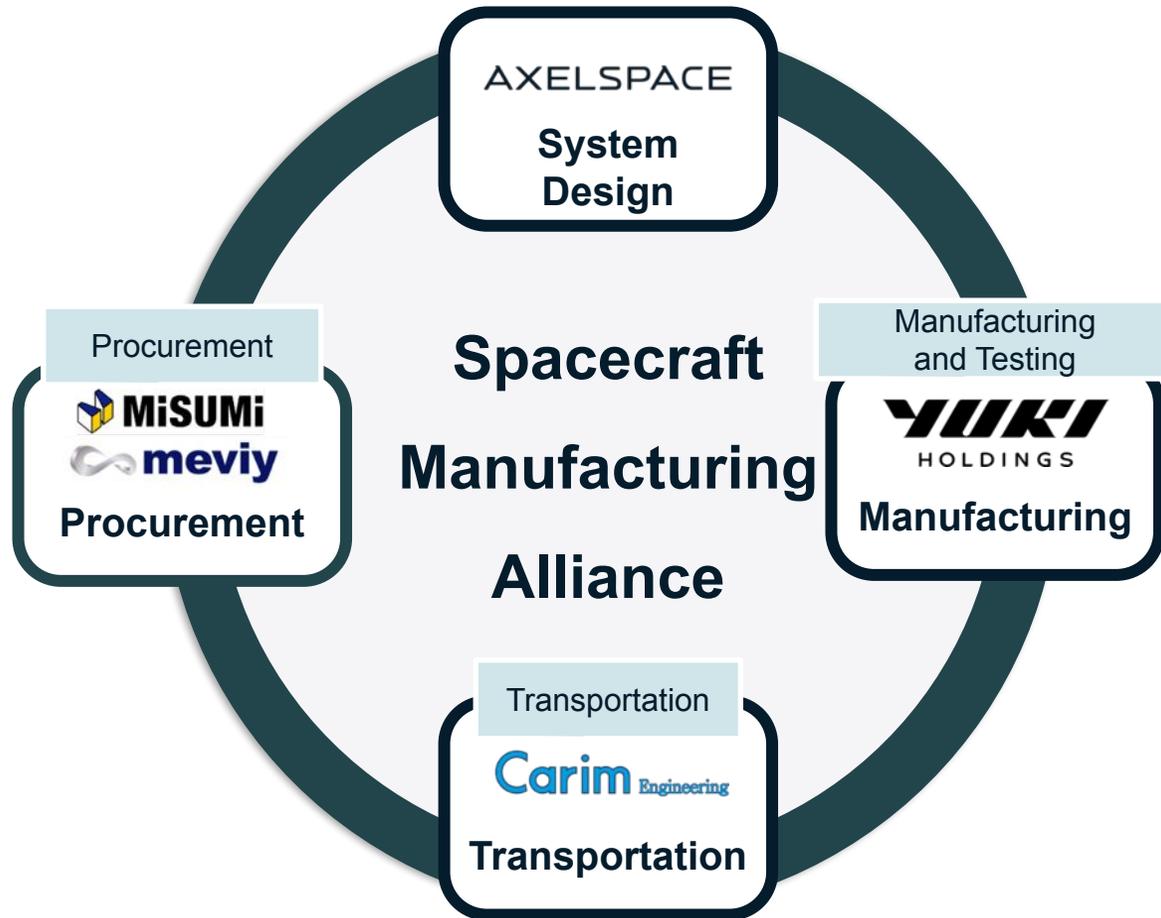
It is expected to enable the identification of seagrass beds that fix CO2 underwater and the topography of shallow coastal seabeds.



Color composite: Coastal Blue (B1) + Blue + Green + Red

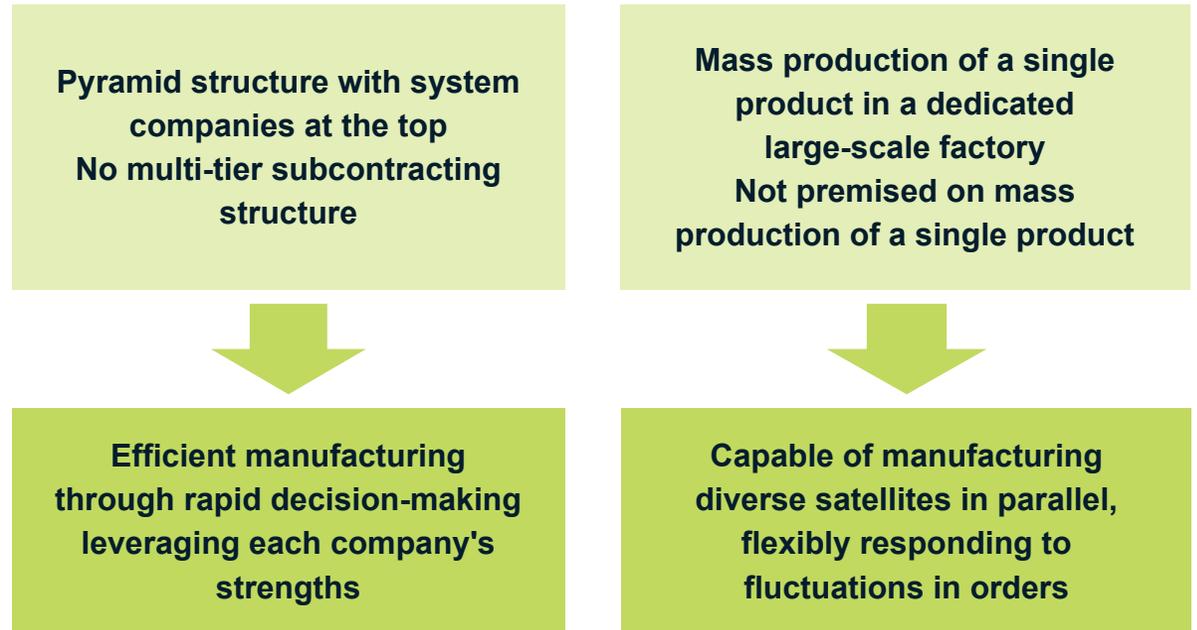
Satellite Manufacturing Structure

In order to compete with the world with a sense of speed, we have established the “Spacecraft Manufacturing Alliance” to realize innovative mass production of satellites. We are currently working on mass production of the GRUS-3 next-generation satellite (7 medium resolution satellites).



Spacecraft Manufacturing Alliance

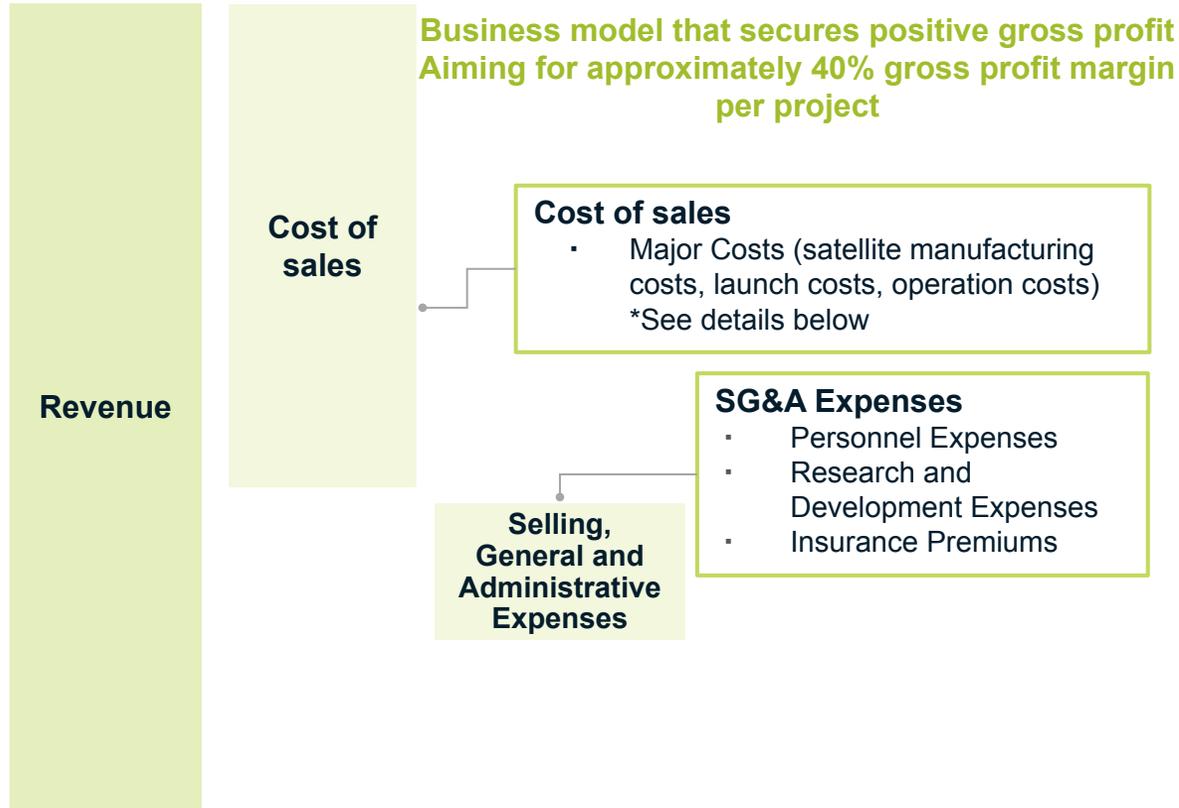
A partnership in which Axelspace and manufacturing companies leverage their respective strengths to quickly manufacture satellites. They also collaborate on reducing the environmental impact on Earth.



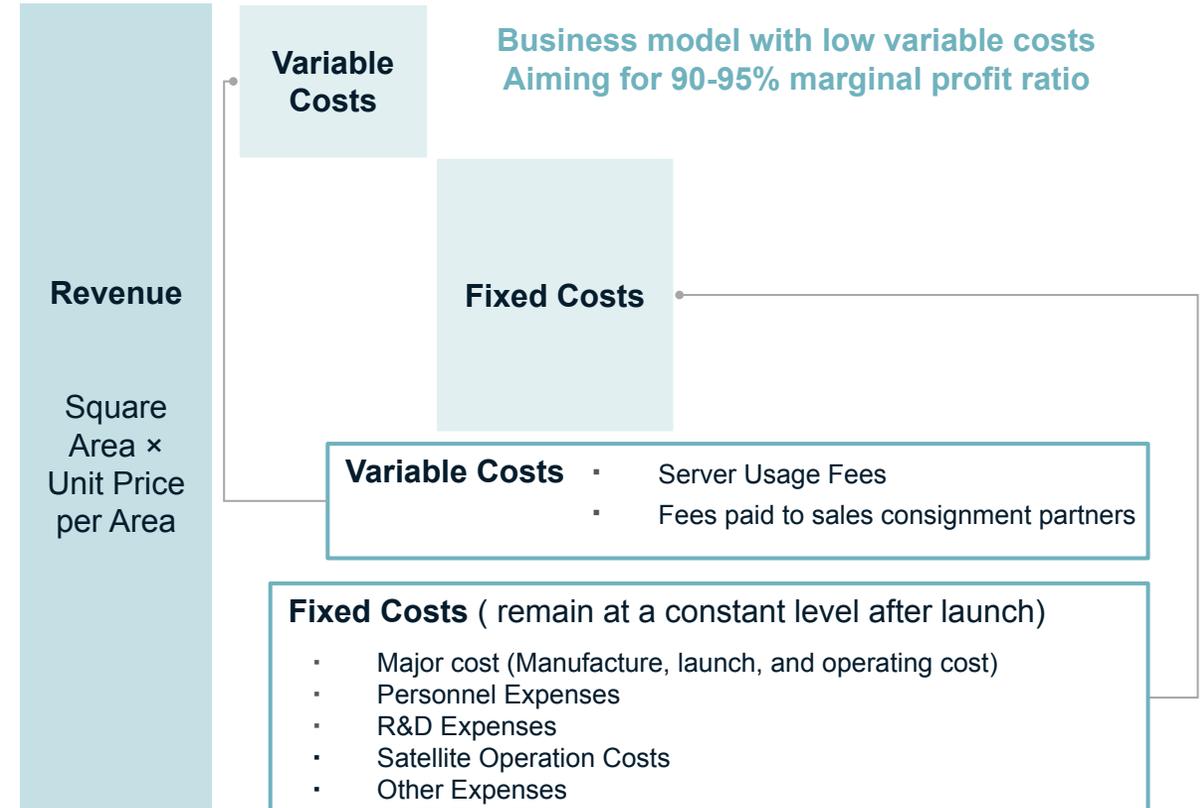
Illustrative Long Term Cost Structure*1

This is an image and is subject to change

AxelLiner Business



AxelGlobe Business



Reference: Current cost per satellite Manufacturing Cost (approximate) *2



Satellite Manufacturing Cost *2
350 million yen



Launch Cost *2
350 million yen



Approximately 700 million yen

(Reference) Satellite Operation Cost *3
50 million yen/year

*1: The above shows the long-term revenue and cost structure in the event that the business continues smoothly, and may differ significantly from actual sales and costs, and does not represent forecasts or estimates regarding future performance. In addition, there is no guarantee that the breakdown, revenue, and cost structure of the above examples will be realized in the future.

*2: The level of medium-resolution satellites currently in operation by the Company. Commercial satellites are assumed to be depreciated on a straight-line basis over 5 years.

*3: Composed of ground station usage fees, data storage costs, operational personnel expenses, etc.

Major Risk: Launch Service Provider (LSP) and Launch Failure Risk

Technological innovation led by the private sector is progressing. Rocket launch technology has matured, showing a very high success rate of launch at present. In addition, space insurance covers risks associated with missions.

LSP Selection Policy

- Regardless of whether the missions are of customers or our own, we estimate the development process and required period, and determine the desired launch schedule from a relatively early stage
- Through LSP agents and other means, we promptly identify providers who can offer launch services on the desired schedule
 - If the launch schedule can be secured, we quickly book the slot
- We are quite familiar with estimating the period required for development and operating the development, and as a result, we have never failed to book the schedule as desired
- Considering its launch frequency and reliability, currently we prioritize SpaceX as LSP
- As of now, the Company has secured a total of 13 satellite launch slots

Important LSP's Launch Records

- Given the track record, we plan to use SpaceX's Falcon 9
- At this point^{*1}, Falcon 9 has an extremely high success rate of 99.32%
- In addition, space insurance usually covers risks associated with missions of both customers and our own
- Even if the satellite is lost due to a launch failure, the insurance will cover the majority of the development and launch costs

Falcon 9 Launch Record



^{*1}: As of March 4, 2025
Source: SpaceXNow

Major Risk: Satellite Malfunction in Orbit

When a satellite in orbit malfunctions, we will work on recovery by leveraging our expertise in handling the entire process from satellite development to operation. Therefore, a malfunction does not necessarily lead directly to unavailability. Our recovery know-how will be reflected in the automatic operation system and will be used to resolve the issue in the future.

Past response to malfunction (GRUS-1E)

- [Occurrence of malfunction]
The GRUS-1E, one of the five microsattellites in the AxelGlobe constellation, encountered an issue with its three-axis attitude control system, resulting in an increase in angular momentum (power to spin)
- [Examination of the impact on customers]
We have confirmed that the remaining four microsattellites continue to operate normally and we can provide imagery data using these operational satellites
- [Recovery work]
We reduced angular momentum by applying other attitude control method
- [Recovery validation]
As a result of the check, we have confirmed that we are able to take imagery, communicate, and generate the imagery normally
- [Resumption of Commercial Operation]
Through the above measures, completed recovery work to enable operation with the automated operation system, the same as the other four in-house satellites

Reflect GRUS-1E recovery know-how in the automatic operation system

Developed a function that enables image data acquisition with the automated operation system.

Announced the resumption of commercial operation on January 13, 2026 ^{*1}

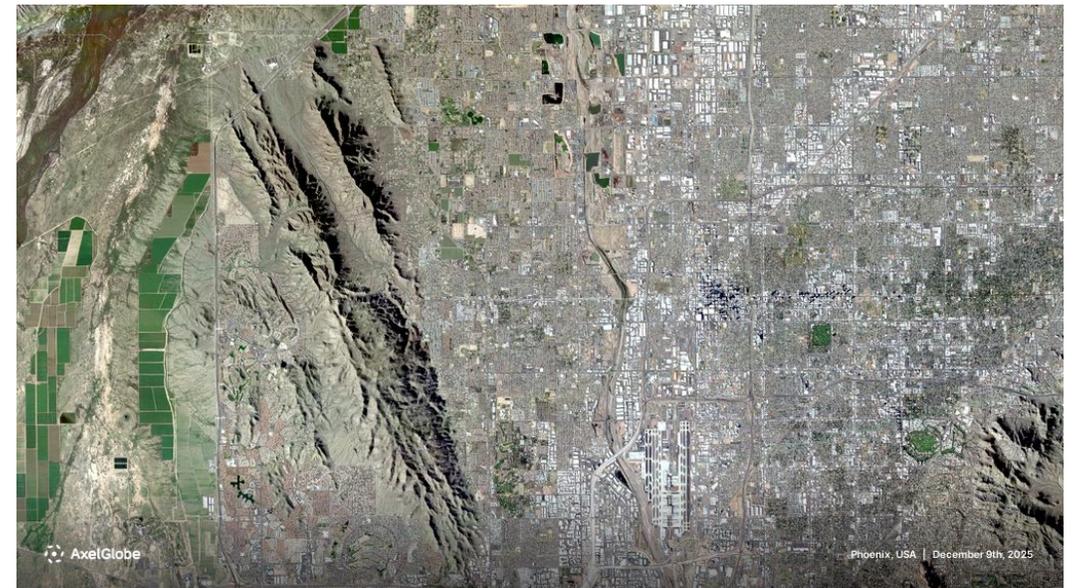


Image captured by GRUS-1E (Phoenix, Arizona, United States of America)

*1: For details, please refer to "[Notice of Resumption of Commercial Operation of AxelGlobe Business Microsatellite "GRUS-1E"](#)" released on January 13, 2026.

Sustainability Initiatives



Initiatives for sustainability throughout the entire satellite lifecycle, from satellite development to In-orbit operation and disposal.

- Sustainability for Earth: Reducing environmental impact on Earth in satellite manufacturing
- Sustainability for Space: Sustainability of the In-orbit environment, including space debris

Design

Design to ensure no remnants remain upon re-entry when selecting materials and determining shapes



Manufacturing

Establish common guidelines within the Alliance for procurement and manufacturing processes



Operation

Conduct active collision avoidance operations in orbit and actively disclose information



Disposal

Dispose of satellites out of orbit with the highest possible success rate and in the shortest period after end of operation



Appendix

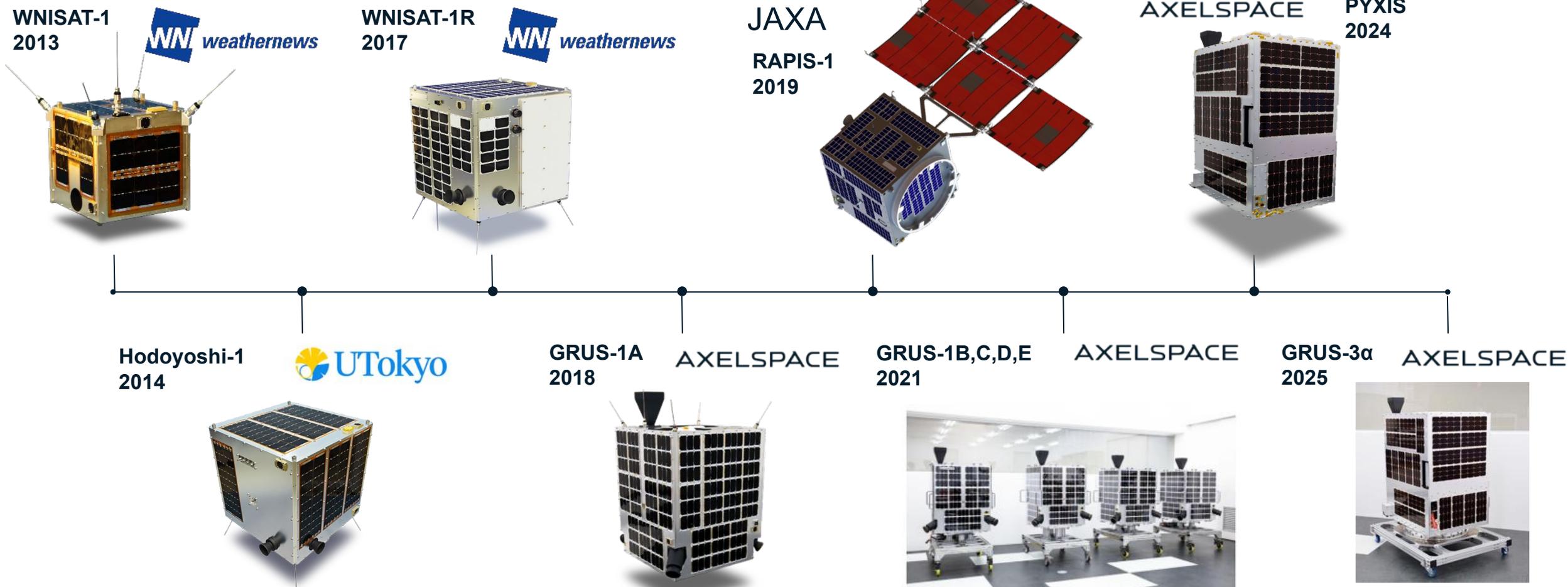
Company Overview

Company Name	Axelspace Holdings Corporation
Location	3-3-3 Nihonbashi Honcho, Chuo-ku, Tokyo
Establishment	Established in March 2020 *Predecessor company, Axelspace Corporation, was established on August 8, 2008
Capital	Consolidated 4,067 million yen (as of September 10, 2025)
Total Number of Issued Shares	66,390,000 shares (as of September 10, 2025)
Number of Employees	Group Total: 182 (as of end of May 2025)
Directors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • President and CEO, Yuya Nakamura • Director, General Manager of Business Administration Department (CFO), Daigo Orihara • Director, General Manager of Communication Promotion Department (CHRO), Makiko Hamada • Outside Director, Tomihisa Kamada • Outside Director, Chiaki Mukai • Outside Director, Masanori Sugiyama



History

As the first Japanese startup to receive a contract from JAXA for satellite development, the Company has a track record of designing, manufacturing, and operating 11 microsattellites since its founding. Steadily expanding business in line with technology accumulation and changes in social needs.



Glossary ^{*1}

Term	Description
Bus (Satellite bus)	A generic term for the equipment (bus equipment) necessary for basic satellite functions (communications, power supply, attitude control, etc.) and the satellite's main structure.
Mission	The purpose of the satellite. In the case of an optical earth observation satellite, optical earth observation is the mission, and the telescope and imagery system correspond to mission equipment.
Component	Various types of equipment, such as computers and communication equipment, that make up the satellite.
Payload	Payloads on board satellites. Mission equipment such as scientific instruments and experimental devices are loaded.
MicroSat	Small satellites that weigh from approx. 100kg to several millions kg. Small satellites that weigh several kg are called "CubeSat".
JAXA	Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency.
NASA	National Aeronautics and Space Administration.
ESA	European Space Agency.
Feasibility Study (FS)	Preliminary investigation and study of project feasibility.
LEO	Low Earth Orbit.
LSP	Launch Service Provider that provides rocket launch service business, such as SpaceX.
Ground resolution	Ability to measure or identify objects with observation equipment such as earth observation satellites. The distance that one side of a pixel, the smallest unit that makes up an image, corresponds to on the ground.
Medium resolution	A ground resolution of $> 1\text{m}$, \leq approx. 10m.
High resolution	A ground resolution of $\leq 1\text{m}$.
SAR	Synthetic Aperture Radar.
Tips & Cue	A system that uses trigger information (Tips) obtained from imagery from medium resolution satellites as hints to send signals (Cues) to high resolution satellites to observe a specific, narrow area at high resolution.
SSA	Observation and identification of objects in satellite orbits, including artificial satellites and space debris (Space Situational Awareness).

*1: In this material, these are definitions of terms used in explaining the Company's business, and do not necessarily indicate objective definitions, and also include terms for which there is not necessarily a common understanding of strict definitions.

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AXELSPACE